ESTATE SALES.
DSMITH,
BROAD STREET.
e (3) story house, on large, sha
line; central property; rental
d interest. Space for othe
pay handsomely to improv
3-r house, nice home, near
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Peachtree lot, shady and large
ory building. We will lea
od party at $65 per month
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utiful lots near electric car lin
only 10 minutes ride. If
will please you.
an Park if sold in next fe
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is the best bargain bef
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ISAAC LIEBMAN.
& LIEBMAN
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E CHANCES.
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ouse, two 4-room and 2-room
on Plum, running through to
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ouse, lot 80x230, to alley, on
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per month.
ouse, lot 50x142, on Kelly st.,
line.
house, all modern improve
on Forest avenue, very near
of the most complete houses
third cash, balance easy.
-room house, lot 52x137, to
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d must sell. A bargain is
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y. This can be bought cheap.
have some gilt-edge prop
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, corner lot on Simpson st.,
for $1,450, easy terms.
AWRENCE HARRISON.
DRIX & CO.
e de Leon avenue; large
cheap.
near Forest avenue.
never will be cheaper.
n Peachtree and Calhoun
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call to see
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price, $2,000. ¼ cash,
ouse, lot 64x125, $5,000.
ad and Belt Line rail
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surrounded by streets,
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Georgia, only ¼ mile
miles from Atlanta.
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TE EXCHANGE,
street, Atlanta, Ga.
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J. W. MAYSON.
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50x175.
ar street lots, cheap.
Copenhill and West
on all the leading
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and would like Real
Conveyances also
ew property.


# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXIII. ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 13, 1891.—TEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS


## TWO GREAT MEN

*PASS OVER THE OTHER SIDE OF THE RIVER.*

### JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL, HISTORIAN,

**And Mr. George Jones, of The New York Times—The Parts They Played in Life, and the Records They Leave.**

BOSTON, August 12.—Hon. James Russell Lowell died at his home in Cambridge at 2:10 o'clock this morning. Mr. Lowell himself never inquired as to the nature of his malady. From inquiries it was ascertained that gout has afflicted him alomst constantly of late, and that sciatica, hemorrhages and latterly a severe type of liver disease, have in turn affected him. Mr. Lowell's health has been impaired ever since his return to this country in 1885, after concluding his diplomatic services of eight years, three years at Madrid and five years at the court of St. James. The death of his wife in the midst of his social and



JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.

diplomatic success in London as the representative of this country had an untoward effect upon his health, which was even then becoming broken.

**Sketch of Mr. Lowell.**

James Russell Lowell was born in Cambridge, Mass., February 22, 1819.

He graduated from Harvard college in 1838 and shortly afterwards from the law school, and was admitted to the bar in 1840.

Being of a strong literary turn of mind, he never actively engaged in the practice of law, but devoted his time and talents to literary pursuits.

Mr. Lowell won quite a reputation as a poet and critic, and his scholarly essays made for him a great name in literary circles.

He was the author of the famous "Biglow Papers" in yankee dialect, which is his greatest literary production.

He was appointed by President Hayes as minister to Spain, and remained there until 1880, when he was appointed minister to England. He remained at the court of St. James, where he was regarded as a scholar and a genius, until 1885, when he was recalled by President Cleveland.

Since his return from England Mr. Lowell has never held public office, but has lived quietly at Southboro, Mass., with his daughter, Mrs. Edward Burrett.

In politics he was a republican, and was a strong anti-slavery man, but, like most of his contemporaries, he has gone to the silent shore. One by one they go.

### DEATH OF GEORGE JONES.

**An Old Journalist Breathes His Last at Poland Springs.**

POLAND SPRINGS, Me., August 12.—Editor George Jones, of The New York Times, died at 4 o'clock this morning. Mr. Jones and family arrived at Poland Springs on the 16th of July. They came from Massachusetts, where Mr. Jones's daughter had been sick. Anxiety for her had exhausted Mr. Jones. He summoned Dr. Wedgewood, the hotel physician, on the 24th ultimo, when he was found to be suffering from dysentery, complicated with other troubles.

The doctor did not at first consider the disease serious, but the disease lingered, Mr. Jones



GEORGE JONES.

growing weaker. He had a bad day Sunday, but seemed so comfortable Monday that the family had slight hopes. Tuesday he failed constantly and died at 4:40 o'clock this morning. Mr. Jones's family has been with him, and the hotel people have been unremitting in kind attention. The party left Poland Springs with the body at 9:30 o'clock this morning. They will arrive in New York at 11 o'clock tonight.

The funeral services will be held Friday morning at 10 o'clock at Dr. Heber Newton's church, Madison avenue and 166th street.

**Editor George Jones.**

Editor George Jones, of The New York Times, made a remarkable record as an editor.

He was for a long time associated with that brilliant editor, Henry J. Raymond.

At the time of his death he was proprietor of The New York Times and was also one of the founders of that paper.

Through his paper he made the famous expose of the Tweed ring in New York. His was the only paper in the metropolis that was brave enough to attack the ring and expose its infamy.

He was a man who always cared for his employes when sick, and was very tender hearted. At the time of his death he was about eighty years of age.

In politics he was an independent.

### SETTING KOLB ASIDE.

**Governor Jones Will Appoint Hon. Hector D. Lane.**

MONTGOMERY, Ala., August 12.—[Special.] For some days it has been rumored that Hon. Hector D. Lane, of Limestone county, had been appointed commissioner of agriculture for the term between the expiration of the present incumbent's commission and the time that the commissioner will be elected by the people. The rumor has been denied, but it revived new life tody, and it is stated positively that the governor will make the appointment of Mr. Lane public on the 31st, when the commission of the present incumbent expires. The friends of Commissioner Kolb claim that the act making the office elective repealed all former law on the subject, and that he continues in office. They hold that the governor's appointive power has been curtailed by the passage of the new act, and to support this position they have opinions of three or four prominent attorneys from different portions of the state. It is not known yet whether Kolb will contest or not, should an appointment be made, but the case is being watched with particular interest.

### FLOWER FOR GOVERNOR

**Is the Way the Democrats of New York Think.**

NEW YORK, August 12.—The democratic state committee met at 10 o'clock this morning at the Hoffman house. It was decided that the state convention shall be held in Saratoga, September 15th.

Except among the Brooklyn people, the general sentiment of the committeemen present was that the ticket selected would be: For governor, Roswell P. Flower, of Watertown; for lieutenant governor, William F. Sheehan, of Buffalo; for secretary of state, Frank Rice, of Canandaigua; for comptroller, John B. Riley, of Plattsburg; for treasurer, Elliott Danforth, of Bainbridge; for attorney general, Simon Weisendale, of Albany; for state engineer, E. Sweet.

The county democracy committeemen were by turns enthusiastic for Flower, and several of them expressed the opinion that Chapin would be a much more available candidate.

### THE AMENDMENTS WERE CARRIED

**Result of the Election in Texas Last Tuesday.**

SAN ANTONIO, August 12.—The amendments to the constitution upon which the people voted yesterday were five in number. The first provides for the registration of voters in cities of 10,000 inhabitants and over, and empowers the legislature to make changes in the ballot laws. The Australian ballot system is at the bottom of it. The second authorizes the legislature to take 1 per cent of the permanent school fund and place it to the credit of the school fund. The fact that the public schools of Texas are not kept open more than four months in the year, and the teachers are forced to wait for their pay, is at the bottom of this amendment.

The third provides that the legal rate of interest shall not be more than 10 per cent per annum, and in contracts, where the rate is not stated, it shall be 6 per cent. The Farmers' Alliance is at the bottom of this. The fourth gives more extended facilities for adopting and enforcing local prohibition. The fifth provides for the creation of additional courts and criminal appeals. The polls closed at 6 o'clock p. m., and advices from all parts of the state show that all the amendments were carried.

### THE NEGRO AS A LABORER.

**Is He Increasing in Efficiency and Does Education Help Him?**

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., August 12.—The Tradesman will publish in its issue of August 15th a very complete and thoroughly reliable resume of the status of negro labor in the south. The article is the result of facts and statements obtained from about two hundred labor employers, and every southern state is represented. These employers give work to nearly 7,500 colored persons. The highest wages reported as paid to skilled negro workers is $3,00 per day, the lowest $1.10, and the average wages $1.75, and 987 skilled negro laborers are reported as under employment.

The highest wages reported as paid to 831 unskilled negro laborers was $1.50 per day; the lowest 60 cents and the average $1.10 per day.

Being asked if colored labor is as good as white, twenty-seven employers of the 1,379 colored laborers say they see no difference; thirty-five, hiring 1,447, prefer white labor, and forty-nine, employing 3,214, prefer them to white labor. The question, "Is the negro increasing in efficiency as a laborer?" was answered in the affirmative by sixty-seven employers of 2,413; in the negative by forty-three, who employ 2,279, and fifteen who give work to 1,300, say they see no change.

Another question was, "Do you intend to continue the employment of colored labor?" Two thousand one hundred and nine, employing 6,670, answer "yes," two each employing 1,000 say "no" and sixteen hiring 411, are in doubt.

The most interesting part of the article relates to the effect which education has had on the younger generation of the colored race as to their efficiency as laborers and also as to what effect education has had on the race generally as laboring men. To these questions 139 replies were received, and every southern state is represented. Thirty employers, having 2,860 colored workmen, say the education the younger generation has received has been beneficial to them as laborers, and that education has been of aid to the laborers of the race in general; thirteen employing 392 are in doubt on the subject, and ninety-six who employ 3,829 say that such education as the younger of the colored race have received has not been of benefit to them as laborers, and that generally speaking it detracts from a negro's efficiency as a laborer to educate him.

### THE PEABODY INSTITUTE.

**The Summer Session of the Peabody Institute in Alabama.**

FLORENCE, Ala., August 12.—[Special.]—The summer session of the Peabody State Normal institute commenced in this city yesterday. Thirty teachers from different parts of the state are in attendance. The exercises are being conducted by President James K. Powers, of the state normal college. A feature of the institute will be semi-weekly lectures by noted educational men of the south. Rev. G. W. Briggs delivered a lecture last night on "The Athletic Young Man." On next Friday night, Rev. L. D. Bass, president of the Southern Female university, will deliver a lecture on "Monica, the Mother of Augustin." The competitive examination for a scholarship at the Peabody Normal institute in Nashville will be held Friday, August 14th. A number of contestants are entered for this examination.

**By the Czar's Orders.**

BERLIN, August 12.—The ukase forbidding the export from Russia of rye and rye meal of every kind, and brandy, which was published in an official journal at St. Petersburg yesterday, has created an enormous sensation in this city. The ukase came as a complete surprise to dealers in grain here. There is no doubt, however, that the Russian government has forbidden the export of rye and rye meal. The principal merchants here have received special telegrams confirming the first published dispatches announcing the prohibition. The only point of difference in private and public dispatches is in regard to the date on which the prohibition will go into effect.

**Agricultural Colleges.**

WASHINGTON, August 12.—The fifth annual convention of the association of American agricultural colleges and experiment stations began its sessions here today. The time was devoted to hearing reports of officers and committees and the discussion of the question, "What Co-operation Is Desirable Between Colleges and Stations and the Weather Bureau of the Department of Agriculture?" There was much diversity of opinion, several delegates holding radical views against such co-operation.

**Bruce Against the Movement.**

WASHINGTON, August 12.—The Star publishes an interview with ex-Senator Bruce, of Mississippi, relative to the movement now on foot to induce the colored people of the south to emigrate to Liberia. Bruce condemns the movement utterly, and predicts its failure just as four previous attempts of the same kind have failed.

## THE ALLIANCE COUNCILS.

*GOVERNOR BUCHANAN IN THE TENNESSEE ALLIANCE.*

### MINORITY SHOULD BEND TO THE MAJORITY,

**Which Is Taken to Mean that the Governor Is Now on the Ocala Platform—His Administration Endorsed.**

NASHVILLE, Tenn., August 12.—[Special.]—The state alliance was in session nine hours today, being called to order promptly at 7 o'clock this morning. The most important feature of the session was the declaration by Governor Buchanan that there should be no differences in the order; that the minority should acquiese in any decision of the majority. All during the canvass of the state last fall the governor maintained a stubborn silence as to his position on the subtreasury plan, saying he stood upon the democratic platform, and did not propose to discuss the subtreasury. His declaration today is taken to mean that he will support the Ocala platform, which has been endorsed by every county union in the state. He is quoted as follows by the press committee, giving out the proceedings, which are in secret:

WHAT HE SAID.

Governor Buchanan referred to his past affiliation with the order as the most pleasant work of his life. He had been present at every state meeting, and was glad to again meet with the delegates. He referred in confidence to the results of the order. He felt it the duty of this body, as well as all other assemblies of the order, to demand such railroad legislation as will be effectual against the forming of combinations to control the prices of the products of the soil. The great trouble today was with the financial policy of the government. "Our every aim should be to work for more money and cheaper money. We should stand by the majority of our order. When it thinks a proposition best for the public the minority should always acquiesce. If we differ about what we want we should settle the questions on this floor and then abide by the result. No differences should be carried on outside of this body. We should abide by the combined wisdom of our order, state and national."

WHAT IT MEANS.

These remarks were made while the alliance was awaiting committee reports.

A resolution declaring in favor of prohibition was unanimously laid on the table.

A resolution was adopted favoring taxing railroads and railroad property according to their cash value like other property. Resolutions were adopted advocating the raising of a higher class of live stock, the free use of fertilizers and liberal patronage of public schools. Farmers throughout the state were urged to buy no harness, but that bearing the union label. This is aimed at convict-made goods being turned out here. The administration of Governor Buchanan was endorsed, and he was congratulated on the successful adjustment of the recent outbreak in East Tennessee.

Unshaken confidence was expressed in the personal and official integrity of President McDowell, and his assailant condemned and denounced. Resolutions were adopted favoring the working of short term convicts on county roads, and public works, and the working of long term men on tools and clothing for county convicts, and material and goods needed by the state. Ben Terrell delivered an address tonight.

### ALABAMA'S ALLIANCEMEN.

**Warren Reese Renews His War on Tom Jones.**

WOOLFOLK, Ala., August 12.—[Special.]—The state alliance held one brief session today, the time being occupied by public speaking and a barbacue, which would have been grand but for a rain of two hours that spoiled the dinner.

The first speaker was Warren Reese, Jr., of the law firm of Richardson & Reese, in Montgomery. He defined the Ocala platform and denounced the last democratic convention as a fraud and the governor as an accident. He called on the alliance to adopt that as their slogan, and to repudiate the wrong by electing Kolb next time.

In his speech Senator Adams went for Senator Morgan, who called the subtreasury a fraud, and yet advocated an appropriation of $100,000,000 for the Nicaragua canal. He declared that he would put his right arm in the fire and keep it there until it bured off to the shoulder before he would vote for Morgan.

The alliance will be in session tomorrow, when President Adams, it is thought, will be unanimously re-election.

A flat-footed resolution, endorsing the third party, was introduced yesterday by some delegate as a test of sentiment. It was unanimously voted down.

The procession of the thousands of alliancemen this morning was led by President Adams riding in a two-wheeled cart drawn by a spotted ox, with a flag over the ox inscribed "My First Plow Horse."

This was done in honor of the start Mr. Adams made in life—plowing an ox in Bibb county.

### MARYLAND FARMERS.

**They Refuse to Endorse Frank Brown, but Many Will Vote for Him.**

BALTIMORE, Md., August 12.—The state convention of the Farmers' Alliance of Maryland concluded a two days' session today by the adoption of a series of resolutions.

A resolution was offered commending the candidacy of Frank Brown, democratic nominee for governor, to the farmers of Maryland. A motion to lay the resolution on the table was defeated by the vote of the chairman which made the vote a tie. The resolution was then rejected.

"But Frank Brown will get our votes," declared a delegate.

State Lecturer Bradley is known to be for Brown, and Chairman Mitchell, while he may be more for the alliance than for Brown, nevertheless is for Frank Brown for governor.

**The North Carolina Alliance.**

ATLANTIC HOTEL, MOREHEAD CITY, N. C., August 12.—[Special.]—The North Carolina Farmers' Alliance elected as president of the state alliance on the second ballot, Mr. Marion Butler. Tomorrow will be the most important legislative day.

**The Sun's Cotton Review.**

NEW YORK, August 12.—Futures advanced two to four points, owing to a rise in Liverpool, where spot sales were over twelve thousand bales, but at higher prices. Local selling orders were encountered and these increased when telegrams from New Orleans reported that Galveston newspapers had published a crop statement making the condition in Texas 20 per cent better than a year ago. Another version of it was that the condition in Texas was 15 per cent better and the acreage 10 per cent larger; still another that the acreage and condition were both 10 per cent in advance of last year. The result was that the advance was lost and a decline of two to four points was established, near months, especially August showing the most weakness. Crop advices from the Carolinas were more favorable than recently, and indeed from most parts of the cotton belt reports were favorable. Selling was mostly of "long" cotton. The price is so low that the bears are looking on awaiting further developments.

## HE WAS A TOUGH.

*THE LATE CHIEF OF POLICE OF MIDDLESBOROUGH.*

### HE PLAYED THE SUNDAY SCHOOL RACKET

**And at the Same Time Was the "Stake" for All the Gamblers and Thugs of the County.**

MIDDLESBOROUGH, Ky., August 12.—[Special.]—The report that reached this city early this morning that ex-Chief of Police V. M. Hill had been arrested in Cincinnati for swindling Italian laborers, caused considerable surprise and excitement.

Hill was popular in every sense, for as an officer he was brave, bold and daring, but as a citizen he possessed the strong passions of a man of his type, and was said to be susceptible to bribes and corruption.

HE WAS A DANDY CONDUCTOR.

Before coming to Middlesborough in May, 1890, he was for a long period freight conductor on the Louisville and Nashville railroad. His run was between Louisville and Rowland, and Lebanon and Greensburg. He was also employed by the same company as a private detective, and is said to have rendered valuable services. He was elected first chief of police of Middlesborough in June, 1890, and served in that capacity until April last, when he was removed upon serious charges. It is claimed that he accepted bribes from gamblers and low women, appropriated money and property from parties he would arrest, then release them without trial. He also permitted gambling in its worst form to be indulged in for monetary considerations.

HE WAS VERY PIOUS.

During his sojourn he professed a high degree of piety, was a teacher in the Sunday schools, and in church circles was considered a member in high standing.

After his dismissal from the police force, he joined issues with the lawbreakers, and opened a gambling saloon in the eastern part of the city, which was frequented by many of the worst characters in town.

THE ROLES HE PLAYED.

It is further claimed that in the furtherance of his schemes he played the role of private detective, frequently shadowing persons, and then threatening to expose them unless the cash money was forthcoming.

At the time of the Gum Spring excitement in this city, early in July, Captain Hill did all in his power to thwart the efforts of the police in their endeavor to catch the toughs, who had succeeded in drawing the officers in an ambush, which resulted in the wounding of two constables and the subsequent lynching of one of the rioters. It is even claimed that Hill was the instigator of that unfortunate affair.

A GRUDGE AGAINST THE TOWN.

Since his dismissal from the force he has nursed a terrible grudge against the mayor, the council and the better class of citizens generally.

His plan of operations has been to secure for small wages Italian laborers who were unable to speak English and then have some contractor to employ them at regular rates, and he would make the differences. As he had hundreds working under him he was enabled to make considerable money weekly. Another scheme was to induce Italians to pay him a fee in consideration of his obtaining work for them and as these fees were paid in advance, Hill would then disappear leaving the poor fellows to shift for themselves.

HE WAS VERY IMPORTANT.

At other times in his roll as private detective, he would impress the Italians with the importance and magnitude of his office, and after gaining their confidence would induce them to deposit their money and wages with him for safe keeping. It is useless to state that these sums were seldom seen again by the poor sons of Italy. While chief officer he allowed many criminals to escape from the lockup, and then plead that the building was not secure enough to hold them. A few months ago he was married to a young lady from southwestern Missouri and the two have been living here since.

### THE GUARD REPULSED THEM.

**A Mob Attempts to Lynch a Prisoner in Maryland.**

PORT TOBACCO, Md., August 12.—Early yesterday morning an attempt was made by a body of armed men to force an entrance into the county jail for the supposed purpose of lynching Rye, who shot young Wheeler, a school teacher, about a week ago. The party tried to force an entrance through the front door and succeeding in breaking out one of the outside panels they found the door was lined with heavy sheet iron. The guard on the inside opened fire on the crowd as soon as the attack was made and fired twenty-one shots in quick succession.

The mob withdrew and left town. It is not known that any one was hurt.

It is supposed the lynching party came from Nanjemoy, where the homicide was committed and included about thirty well-armed and disguised men. It is not thought that another attempt will be made by the lynchers to get into the jail, but that the law will be allowed to take its course.

### THE WRONG MAN SHOT.

**The Work of a Jealous and Rejected Lover.**

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 12.—[Special.]—James Carter and John Edwards had quarreled several times as to which one of them should marry Amanda Crocket. Edwards was the lucky man, and, after marrying the woman, moved to the house of Thomas Sanders to live.

Carter became greatly enraged, and this morning went to Sanders's house for the purpose of killing Edwards. He crept up to the window of a bedroom and shot at a sleeping couple whom he thought to be Edwards and his wife.

He had made a mistake, however, and fatally wounded Sanders in the back. Carter has been arrested. Sanders died this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

### SHOT AT TWICE.

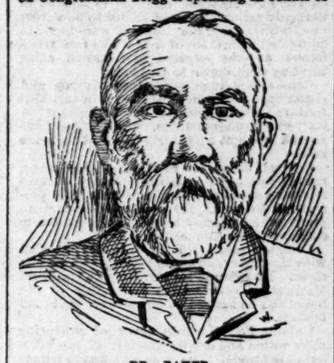
**A York County Farmer the Victim of an Assassin.**

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 12.—[Special.]—About two weeks ago J. S. Wright, a prominent farmer of York county, while returning to his home from Rock Hill, where he had collected several hundred dollars, was shot and severely wounded by an unknown assassin, concealed in the bushes on the roadside. Yesterday a similar attempt was made to assassinate him. He was just recovering from his wounds, and was visiting Mr. Setzer, a neighbor. The two were in a field looking at some calves, when suddenly a shot was heard at a point about fifty yards away, from a clump of bushes, the bullet passing through the front of Mr. Wright's loose shirt. The men advanced upon the bushes and saw a negro running through the woods, but were unable to identify him. A Columbia detective has been employed to ferret out the would-be assassin.

### THE BAKER-GILMER TRIAL.

**The Argument Proceeding—The Trial Nearing Its End.**

ABINGDON, Va., August 12.—Argument was concluded today in the Baker murder trial, ex-Congressman Trigg is speaking in behalf of



DR. BAKER.

the prosecution while his brother, Hon. Connelly N. Trigg argued for the defense until adjournment.

The latter will conclude his remarks tomor-



MRS. GILMER.

row, when Congressman Buchanan will follow for the defense.

Interest in the trial does not abate in the least, and every word of the argument will be caught by the crowds that visit the courthouse.

### HE CLAIMED TO BE A LAWYER.

**The Killing of an Atlanta Negro in Augusta.**

AUGUSTA, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—In self-defense, Policeman Tim McArdle shot and killed Shepherd Smith, a negro, last night.

Policeman Hatcher saw Smith in Mr. Sam Lupo's yard, and when ordered to halt Smith commenced running, followed by Hatcher, hallowing, "Catch him!" Policeman McArdle hearing the cries of Hatcher, attempted to stop Smith as he ran.

Smith grabbed hold of McArdle's club and was beating the officer with a stick, when McArdle pulled his pistol and shot Smith in the back of the head, killing him instantly. Smith was a big negro. He weighed fully 200 pounds, and could easily have whipped McArdle in a fight.

He professed to be a lawyer, and came here a few months ago from Atlanta. The coroner's jury's verdict was that the killing was justifiable.

### ARRESTED FOR BIGAMY.

**Mr. Gilligan Will Have to Make Some Explanations.**

AUGUSTA, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—Detective Hunt, of Wilmington, N. C., arrived here today and arrested Mr. G. A. Gilligan, an operative in the King mills, who has been here only afew weeks, under a warrant charging him with bigamy It is alleged that Gilligan about last Christmas married Geneva Lander, a sixteen-year-old girl of Wilmington, and it is charged that he was then married and had a wife and two children in Danville, Va. Gilligan stoutly denies the charges and has agreed to return to Wilmington without a requisition.

### COULD NOT DRESS IN STYLE.

**The Reason Why Miss Bettie Mitchell Attempted Suicide.**

CONCORD, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—Today at 10 o'clock, Miss Bettie Mitchell, a young lady of this place, attempted suicide by cutting her throat with her father's razor. When found she was unconscious, but after being stimulated and reacted, begged those present to cut the gash deeper, or cut the other side and let her die. She gave as her reason that she was not able to dress as she liked, and said that God directed her to take her life. She is still living, and may recover.

### THE CONVICTS SEEK LIBERTY.

**Seven Briceville Prisoners Get Away in One Day.**

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., August 12.—[Special.]—The convicts at Briceville mine seem to be in luck, if it can be said that they are lucky to escape. Seven of them at the Tennessee Coal and Mining Company's mine made their escape today, making fourteen this week. One took French leave about noon and six about 3 or 4 o'clock. It is charged here that they will be aided in getting away after they get out of the stockade, and provided with clothes if necessary. It is not likely that the miners have anything to do with their escape. It is probably due to the fact that so many are crowded in inadequate quarters that escape is effected

**Whilden Is in Jail.**

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., August 12.—[Special.] B. D. Whilden, arrested in Oregon for attempted insurance frauds, and for obtaining money under false pretenses, was brought here today and lodged in jail. Whilden disappeared from here eighteen months ago, and his wife brought suit for the $40,000 insurance on his life.

**Shot at the Burglar.**

EUFAULA, Ala., August 12.—[Special.]—Mr. Jacob Ramser's house was entered last night by a burglar and several dollars taken from his pocket. A man who was boarding in the house, awoke and shot at him several times, but none of the shots took effect.

### THE DALTON REUNION.

**Judge Brooker Makes Some Startling Statements.**

DALTON, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—At a reunion of ex-confederates today, Judge Brooker, of San Antonia, Tex., speaking to his old brigade, said the war was not fought to preserve the union.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., August 12.—[Special.] The largest reunion ever held by Phillips's legion was that one here today.

There were over five thousand people, and a splendid barbecue sufficient to supply the entire crowd was served.

## CRUSHED TO DEATH.

*ACCIDENT TO A PARTY OF PICKNICKERS.*

### THE UPPER DECK OF A BARGE GIVES WAY.

**Fourteen of the Excursionists Below Are Crushed to Death and Many Others Injured.**

MINEOLA, LONG ISLAND, N. Y., August 12.—[Special.]—The employes of Theodore Kaiser of Graham avenue, Brooklyn, went on an excursion to Laurelton Grove, Cold Water harbor, Long Island today on the steamer Crystal Stream, and the Barge Republic. There were 800 persons crowded together. The upper deck of the barge suddenly, in a heavy squall, struck the barge and the upper deck gave way, pinioning about fifty persons. Fourteen persons were instantly killed and thirty wounded. The injured were taken to Oyster Bay for treatment.

The excursion barge was just clearing the dock on the return to Brooklyn, when the vessel was struck by a heavy squall and was dashed with great force against the dock. It was in the midst of a terrible thunderstorm and the waves ran high. Some persons think that the mast of the barge on which the people were killed, was struck by lightning, but this is not known.

All was excitement and confusion and the women and children became panic-stricken and were running about the boat screaming wildly. The sky was dark and threatening. The sea was fearfully wild. Before the unfortunate people could realize their great danger, the upper deck of the barge came down with a frightful crash upon the surging crowd beneath. When the rescuers set to work and the wreckage was cleared away, a terrible sight met the gaze of those who were laboring with desperate energy to save the unfortunate people. Fourteen persons lay dead on the lower deck, and upward of thirty were more or less severely injured, and their heartrending moans and calls for assistance lent additional horror to the terrible scene.

Some of those on the barge are supposed to have fallen into the water, but up to 9 o'clock tonight no bodies had been washed ashore or recovered.

The names of the killed and injured have not been learned. Most of them were strangers to each other, and had no friends with them by whom they could be at once identified.

The excursion was sent out by the large dry-goods house of Kaiser, of Brooklyn, for the benefit of its employes, but many other persons took advantage of the excursion to go along. Nearly all are residents of Brooklyn and Williamsburg. There were two barges, and they were towed by a large tug called Crystal Spring. They left Brooklyn early this morning and arrived at Cold Spring harbor at about noon. The barges were moored to Dennison's dock, and the excursionists had a picnic at Cold Spring grove. The boats had barely left the dock when the accident took place.

Among those killed was the pilot of the barge. When the confusion had somewhat subsided the superintendent of Kaiser's large establishment made arrangements for sending the killed and injured to their homes in Brooklyn. He telegraphed for a special train of the Long Island railroad, and it left Cold Spring harbor at 7:30 o'clock p. m.

### BIBB'S BOARD OF EDUCATION

**Holds a Meeting and Elects Teachers and Transacts Other Business.**

MACON, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—The board of education of Bibb county held its regular monthly meeting last night, at which a number of matters of importance were transacted, among them the following:

It was decided to withdraw the salary from the office of secretary and treasurer. The funds of the board will be deposited in the Exchange bank and all checks hereafter will be made on the bank instead of the treasurer. The assistant superintendent will attend to nearly all the duties of the secretary.

A new school building is to be erected in Newberry and Messrs. Burke, Wiley and Gugel were appointed to look after its erection.

The committee on sites was instructed to begin the erection of a school building on Pleasant hill and to select a lot and place for a building on Tattnall square.

The board adopted a resolution that no applicants for teachers' places under eighteen years of age should be elected.

A report was made by a committee favoring a normal school for Bibb for training teachers, but the report was referred back for a more detailed report.

The following were the teachers elected: Miss Sallie Taylor, East Macon; Mrs. J. B. Pond, Principal Union High school; Miss Lena Hollaway, Warrior High school; Miss Belle Massey, Newcastle school; W. J. Heard, Mount Pleasant school; Emily Womack, Newbery school; Miss Lucy Scoot, Waldey High school.

Rev. J. W. Burke and J. H. Heitz were re-elected to the positions of treasurer and secretary of the board.

The contracts awarded for the coming year were:

Printing, J. W. Burke & Co.; supplies, Charles C. Holt; coal, Holmes Johnson, A. G. Butt, T. P. Bunkley; janitor supplies, Dunlap's Hardware Company.

### MRS. LEASE IN WAYNESBORO.

**A Large Audience and a Big Barbecue.**

WAYNESBORO, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—This has been a gala day for the alliance of Burke and adjoining counties. There were about three thousand people here today to hear Hon. Thomas E. Watson by appointment, and Mrs. Mary A. Lease, of Kansas. A grand barbecue was served and cooked. It did not take long for the crowd to dispatch the sixty-five carcasses that were here for their dinner. Mr. Watson spoke first.

Mrs. M. A. Lease spoke a short while before dinner, and about one and a half hours after dinner. She arraigned the leaders of both parties for their failure to aid the farmers; said she was ready to go into the people's party, and that they were going to have what they demanded in the Ocala platform. Her speech was replete with forcible illustrations of the farmer's slavery to class legislation.

**'Twas all About a Woman.**

ALBANY, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—On the Boyd place, in the western portion of this county today, another difficulty occurred, at the bottom of which was a woman. Joe Peck and Will Anderson, two colored citizens, fell out in consequence of the platonic affections which Peck lavished upon Anderson's household queen, with the result that Anderson emptied two loads of squirrel shot in Peck's anatomy. Peck returned the fire with a popgun pistol, without effect. Peck is not fatally injured, but badly perforated.

### *TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.*

Thirteen deaths from the heat in Philadelphia yesterday.

Enormous forest fires are raging in the vicinity of Toulon, France.

Tobacco farmers of Pennsylvania say their crop has been nearly ruined by hail.

Tons of wool and tallow and thousands of hides were destroyed by fire in the big warehouse of George O'Berne, in Chicago.

M. Hatenotre, present French minister to Morocco, has been appointed to succeed M. Rousian as minister to United States.

Secretary Tracy is arranging to have squadron visit the gulf states this fall as soon and, if possible, send the vessels up the Mississippi as far as Vicksburg.

# THE FARMERS IN COUNCIL.

## THE BACKBONE OF GEORGIA

### Discussing Matters of Import to the Public.

### PRESIDENT WADDELL'S ADDRESS.

### A Lively Tilt Over Some Alliance Matters.

### THE STATE FAIR DECLARED OFF.

### Dr. Sam Hape, of Atlanta, Elected Secretary.

ATHENS, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—The farmers have taken the city by storm and the agricultural society has settled down to business.

This morning at 9 o'clock the old college bell rang out, announcing the time of meeting, and the delegates began to fill the seats in the college chapel.

When President Waddell called the society to order at half-past 9 o'clock, fully 200 delegates were in their places ready to get down to work.

Dr. C. W. Lane, pastor of the Presbyterian church of this city, opened the exercises with a short and fervid prayer.

City Attorney Andrew J. Cobb, in the absence of Mayor Brown, welcomed the farmers and the society in behalf of the city of Athens n a brief but eloquent speech, which was applauded heartily by the convention.

Colonel E. K. Lumpkin, secretary of the Farmers' Club of Clarke county, delivered a hearty welcome to the society in behalf of his club. He said he had been of the opinion that one speech was enough, just as one good wife was enough for any man. But he was present to say that the Farmers' Club of Clarke county was heartily in sympathy with the work of the agricultural society and joined in the welcome to them.

Professor H. C. White, president of the State College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts, was greeted with applause as he rose to welcome the convention. He welcomed the society because he was glad to have it meet here, but more so because in times past and present the society has so firmly stood by the college in all its needs. Dr. White spoke of what the state college was doing in the way of agricultural education and made clear the workings of the college that is laboring for the good of the agricultural interests of Georgia.

Chancellor William E. Boggs, in behalf of the University of Georgia, in whose chapel the convention had assembled, delivered a short speech of welcome to the distinguished guests. He spoke of what the university was doing in the cause of education, and how it recognized in the State Agricultural Society a most potent factor in that cause. He said that the farmers were most interested in the higher education of the state, since over half of the boys who attend the university are farmers' boys. The farmer has given to the state its three typical statesmen, Toombs, Hill and Stephens. Dr. Boggs paid a glowing tribute to the farmers and to the work the agricultural society was doing in the cause of agricultural education. In the course of his remarks Dr. Boggs asked the delegates to look carefuily at the work the college is doing and if they saw that it was doing good to go home determined to ask their representatives to aid it in every respect, not for the sake of its professors, but for the sake of the farmers' boys of the state. This brought out great applause from the delegates. The convention was then entertained with a song: "Help to the Farmer," by a quartet composed of Messrs. C. H. Herty, M. K. Layton, H. H. Hale and W. A. Reaves.

THE RESPONSES MADE.

In response to the address of welcome, Hon. A. O. Barry, of Cuthbert, spoke in behalf of the agricultural society. He said he was charmed at the reception and the warm welcome extended the delegates of the society, and if the speakers would come at him one at a time he would try to measure sentiments with them. Said Mr. Barry:

"We knew that when we came into your midst we would find your doors opened to us and written across each door in shining letters, 'Welcome, thrice welcome.' We are proud of our Athens, and if the glory of the former Athens was her Athenaeum, ours is the grand old University of Georgia. If the former gave to the world her Demosthenes, we point with pride to our Hill, our Toombs, our Grady. This convention is not here to talk of politics, third party or subtreasury, but they are here to talk about 'something better.' We are here to discuss the great subject of agriculture, and the greater question of education. Our farmers need education. The cry comes up from all sides for help for common schools. Let us furnish them competent teachers from our own ranks, educated at our own university. While here let us gather a new inspiration that will lead us to give our sons and daughters a three-story education. We will go hand in hand together in the great work of causing these old fields to bloom and blossom as the rose."

The mayor and council of Athens, officers and members of the Farmers' Club and members of the press were invited to seats on the stage. Hon. L. F. Livingston, president of the state alliance, Commissioner Nesbitt, Major G. M. Ryals, Colonel A. H. Cox and Colonel Whatley were also invited. The ladies were given an enthusiastic invitation to be present at the meetings of the convention.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

President John O. Waddell arose and delivered his semi-annual address. He spoke of the pleasures arising from the visit to Athens, where he had spent many years of his youth, and called up memories of cherished companions now gone.

"In the past," said Colonel Waddell, "many learned essays have been read before this body, and many by men who could not be called practical farmers. The late David W. Lewis, who could not be called a practical farmer, over twenty years ago advocated a plan for an experiment station such as we now have in Georgia. He also suggested that this place would be suitable for holding our conventions, and I am prepared to endorse his views."

Colonel Waddell spoke of many farmers who were not strictly practical, and yet who had done much good. Two classes do all the work for the farmer. One thinks and writes; the other acts and carries out their thoughts and suggestions.

He spoke of the aid that governments had given the cause of agriculture and arraigned the republican party for not giving the people relief.

"We have had to combat difficulties and have gained knowledge through misfortune. The issues that confront us are filled with momentous importance. The entire county is vitally interested. The people of other callings are giving us their sympathy in our work. The past few years have marked an era in our agriculture. They used to leave all legislation to the learned classes. They used to be content with an occasional suggestion to congress. But now they are different. The results of last November demonstrated that the people are aroused. If congress reads the signs of the times all will be well. This body cannot [illegible] We must have legislation, but we must supplement these by an increased effort [illegible] our crops and better our condition. We must retain the money annually sent out of this state for home supplies. We have made mistakes but they have been magnified. That congress is responsible that has added to the coffers of the rich from the pockets of the poor. The democratic party is the party of the people. It has achieved the late victories, and shall we lose all by dissension and discord? I see nothing but defeat in separation from that party. It is the work of the people's hopes and Georgia is the Gibraltar of that party. Let it be an effort to continue it so. The present delegation from Georgia are all democrats and I have no fear of their loyalty, and an earnest effort to secure legislation at the hands of congress may result in great good to the public."

Colonel Waddell's address was greeted with great applause.

After Colonel Waddell's address the delegates were enrolled, but a complete list was not made out, as delegates were still arriving.

COLONEL REDDING TALKS.

Colonel R. J. Redding, director of the Georgia experimental station, made an address upon "The Cow Pea; Its Relation to Southern Agriculture." It was directed to the advantages to be gained from the cultivation of the crop and the different methods to be used in that cultivation. It was shown to be a very fine fertilizer, and the farmers were urged to cultivate larger crops of peas. The results attained at the experimental station along this line were shown to be good.

Colonel Redding discussed the oat crop and showed the results of experiments in oats that fertilized ground brought out forty-eight to sixty-two bushels per acre, while unfertilized ground brought only thirty-five bushels to the acre.

Colonel James H. Fannin, of LaGrange, made a talk on the growing necessity of raising home supplies, and diversifying the products of the farm. He urged the farmers to plant less cotton, and begged the members to consider well that question.

Colonel Fannin said he was not satisfied with the report concerning the oats experiment. He referred to Mr. Hope Tignor, of Meriwether, who was on the floor of the house and had raised on one acre of land 152 bushels.

Captain Powell was in favor of producing more cotton and driving the rest of the world out of the trade. The true way was to reduce the cost of producing cotton.

Mr. James Barrett, of Augusta, asked Mr. Powell how this could be done, and a hearty round of applause greeted it.

Captain Powell did not answer fully, but yielded to Dr. E. D. Newton, who spoke concerning the state having an exhibit at the world's fair.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

A letter from Hon. Charlton Way to Dr. E. D. Newton, concerning the state exhibit at the world's fair at Chicago, was read. He suggested the formation of a company, such as is in Texas, to take charge of the matter. The manufacturing interests and railroads would aid, and the State Agricultural Society is urged to take action in the matter.

Congressman Livingston, as chairman of the committee appointed at Savannah to consider this question, reported that the call for the committee meeting in Atlanta was withdrawn until Governor Northen's convention had been held. Had it not been for that convention, this committee would have met long since.

Mr. Mell Branch, of Columbia county, asked Mr. Livingston if he wasn't invited to that convention. Mr. Livingston replied that he was not.

Mr. Livingston said he was in favor of a committee from this body meeting with a committee from the state alliance that meets in Atlanta, and there with the farmers of Georgia all together they can settle the matter.

He was of the opinion that the exhibit would not be of any special benefit to the farmers, and he did not believe the state would be disgraced without an exhibit. However he was in favor of an exhibit.

On motion of Mr. J. J. Lampton, of Cedartown, the same committee, consisting of J. C. Dell, J. O. Davis, first district; R. I. Denmark, T. M. Howard, second district; W. L. Glessner, J. F. Murphy, third district; H. H. Cary, Roderick Leonard, fourth district; W. L. Peek, Samuel Hape, fifth district; Eden Taylor, Rev. Jemison, sixth district; Pearce Horne, R. T. Poole, seventh district; G. E. Heard, J. T. DeJarnette, eighth district; G. H. Jones, W. H. Perkins, ninth district; James Barnett, J. S. Johnson, tenth district, was continued as a committee to meet the alliance in Atlanta.

Mr. Lampton reported that the committee appointed to ask the legislature for an appropriation of $2,500 to the society was ready to report that the legislature could not constitutionally grant the sum. The motion was received and the committee discharged.

Mr. Sligh, manager of the Augusta exposition, was invited to a seat on the stage.

The convention then adjourned for dinner.

The Afternoon Session.

The convention reassembled after dinner, and listened to an able address from the commissioner of agriculture, Hon. R. T. Nesbitt, on the subject, "The Agricultural Depression of Our Country." His remarks were full of instruction.

Congressman Livingston spoke on this subject, and laid great stress on the need of more money of a legal tender nature. He also had something to say about the negro question, and the importance of settling it.

A gentleman asked him how he was going to settle it, and Mr. Livingston replied: "We alliance folks have a little plan that will settle it."

But he didn't say what the plan was. He strongly advised the decrease in acreage, and urged each farmer to tend only so much of his land as he could well look after.

MR. MOORE TALKS.

Mr. Moore, of Hancock, brought a smile to the features of the delegates as he arose, and soon had them storming with applause. He said he couldn't talk like a scientist, but he knew that the phosphates of Georgia were good things, and should be utilized.

Then he jumped on Mr. Livingston.

"I'll tell the gentleman," said Mr. Moore, "what we need more than money. We need more children."

This was tumultuously applauded.

Mr. Livingston come back at Mr. Moore, and said:

"It is a fact that illiteracy is increasing at the rate of 17 per cent per annum in Georgia. What are you going to do about educating them?"

"Well," said Mr. Moore, "I am the father of twelve children, and they are all pretty well educated, but I have this to say, that I don't have to go all the way to Kansas to import a woman down here to tell Georgia farmers what they should do."

The very roof of the chapel was lifted at this, and Mr. Livingston enjoyed the joke.

Mr. Moore sailed into the subtreasury in lively style, and rapped at it from all sides of the compass. Things commenced to get lively when he arraigned the alliance exchange for sending all its money to New York for supplies.

THE ATTACK REPELLED.

Mr. Branch, of Columbia, rose in his seat, and in an excited manner proclaimed that he was surprised to hear this attack upon such a grand organization, and said that such discussion was highly out of order. His remarks were pretty strong, and embodied a strong defense for the alliance.

The resignation of Mr. John W. Glenn, of Elberton, as a member of the executive committee, was read.

Mr. Branch, of Columbia, introduced the following resolution, which passed without discussion, and with only a few dissenting votes:

Resolved, That this society hopes the day will soon come when the children of school age, the school commissioners and county boards of education will be relieved of the book monopoly or trusts and their agents in Georgia, and endorses the report of the state school commissioner in regard to uniform books, and that the above resolution be remitted to the Georgia legislature.

THE ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At this juncture a motion was made by Hon. Tom Lyons, of Bartow, to hold the election of officers at once.

This was considered by many as a movement of the Waddell forces to bring on the election, but it was really in order to get the question of elections off the minds of the convention.

Mr. Moody, of Thomas, moved to amend by making the hour for holding the election 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Mr. Livingston spoke in support of Mr. Lyons's motion.

Several speeches were made, but on the vote the amendment of Mr. Moody was adopted, and the election will be held tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

The forces are getting in line, and it will be a lively, triangular fight.

Major G. M. Ryals, of Savannah, read a very instructive paper on "Book Farming in Georgia," and it was highly enjoyed by the convention.

COLONEL ALBERT COX TALKS.

Colonel Albert H. Cox, of Atlanta, delivered one of the best addresses of the convention. His subject was "Stock Raising in Georgia." He said he was well pleased with the agriculture of the state, and had great hopes in the future of the state. He paid his respects to the protective tariff, and traced the farmers' woes and disadvantages to these laws.

"If you get more money," said Colonel Cox, and the price of commodities is raised, you are in no better fix than now. It is the part of a wise husbandman to sell often and buy seldom."

He believed in diversified farming, and not putting all the eggs in one nest. Cotton is a great crop, but has the great state of Georgia but one blossom in her bough? He went into a discussion of the question of grasses, and especially bermuda, and showed how he had been very successful in the making of hay.

"I look out on the old campus," said Mr. Cox, "and I view the scenes of my youth, so dear to me, but more pleasant is it to look upon the greensward of the lovely grounds and see in it the hope of the future of my best-beloved state."

Colonel Cox gave a very interesting account of colt raising and general stock raising, which was highly enjoyed.

Captain R. E. Park, of Macon, introduced a resolution endorsing the efforts to secure deep water at Savannah and Brunswick, and urging the senators and representatives from Georgia and her sister states, to use all their efforts in the furtherance of this object. This was carried by a rising vote.

ENTERTAINED BY THE LADIES.

The ladies of Athens then gave a lunch, complimentary to the delegates, and at the prayer hall the young ladies served out to them cool and delicious cream, sherbets and other delicacies.

On motion of Captain R. E. Park there was a set of resolutions passed by a rising vote, expressing the thanks of the convention at their reception.

Tonight at 8 o'clock the convention held an experience meeting and discussed the subject of "the kitchen garden, on the farm."

Every crop on earth was discussed briefly, and many valuable suggestions made on many subjects.

The Night Trsion.

The executive committee meeting tonight was not so lengthy as last night's session, but all the business before it was transacted. It was a harmonious meeting throughout.

THE STATE FAIR DECLARED OFF.

The fair question was the first taken up. Mayor Price, of Macon, had been wired to come over, but he did not come. He telegraphed that Macon demanded the fair, and that she stood ready to fullfill all her contracts to the latter. The discussion commenced on a motion by Mr. Branch, of Columbia, to declare the fair off for at least one year. This motion was seconded by Captain Thomas J. Lyon, of Bartow. Both sides argued long and stvbbornly. In support of the motion Captain Lyon, Colonel Livingston and Messrs. George H. Jones and J. H. Nichols made stirring speeches, while Captain R. E. Park, in the main, held down the other side. After the question had been fully discussed, the vote was taken, the motion was carried and the fair was declared off for one year. The vote in the committee stood 18 to 12. This settled the question for the time being, but it is openly remarked that the city of Macon has no idea of giving up the fight, and will carry it into the courts. One member of the executive committee said tonight that the society might as well commence getting up its attorney's fee in this matter.

DR. HAPE ELECTED SECRETARY.

The election for secretaries was called, and Captain Lyon placed the name of Dr. Samuel Hape, of Fulton, in nomination. Captain R. E. Park nominated Mr. R. W. Jemison. The vote stood: Hape 18, Jemison, 11. Dr. Hape was declared elected. This was a hotly contested race.

The finance committee was appointed, onsisng of T. J. Lyon, James Bardett, and A. O. Barry. A committee consisting of Messrs. Jerry Black, of Americus, S. D. Bradwell, of Atlanta, and H. H. Cary, of LaGrange, were appointed to look into the final adjustment of differences between the society and the city of Macon.

There was a decided cut when it came to the matter of salaries, they being reduced about 50 per cent.

COLONEL LIVINGSTON'S PRESENCE.

Several of the executive committee didn't take to Colonel Livingston's presence in the meeting. He came in on the proxy of Colonel W. L. Peek, of Conyers, and was admitted by the body. Several members declare this to be without precedent to sustain it. Colonel Livingston's friends are of exactly the opposite opinion, and declare that he had a right to sit with the committee.

AS TO THE PRESIDENCY.

The all-absorbing topic now is, who will be the next president of the society? Another name enters into the possible calculations, and that is Colonel James H. Fannin, of Troup. The race is really a red-hot, triangular fight. Cobb, Waddell, and Moody each declare that they are in to stay. If that be true, a deadlock will result. The best opinion seems to be that on the first ballot these three candidates will show up about equal in strength. If Waddell should retire, it is more than likely Cobb would be elected. If Moody should retire there is no doubt but that Cobb would be elected. If Cobb should retire, it would probably elect Moody. The south Georgia vote is pretty solid against Waddell, but his friends claim that he will stick to it until he wins. The prevailing impression seems to be that it will be Cobb or Moody. It is true however, that there will be no combination between Cobb and Moody. This was mentioned to Captain Cobb, who refused to entertain the idea, but said he was going to stick in the race until some one was elected. On the other hand experienced members who have been in many an election predict the success of Colonel Waddell, and so it goes. No one can tell who is the winning man. They are heading down the homestretch neck and neck. Which one will cross the line first?

### Death of a Child.

Rita, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Loving died yesterday morning at their home, 149 West Hunter street. Her death will prove a severe affliction to the bereaved parents. The funeral services will be held this morning, after which the body will be sent to Clarkston and laid to rest at Indian Creek cemetery.

### A Child's Death.

Frank Miles, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence H. Cubbage, of Macon, died at the home of Captain Meyers, 432 South Pryor street, yesterday morning at 8 o'clock. In the loss of their child the parents have the sympathy of many friends. The funeral will occur this morning at 8 o'clock. The body will be sent to Macon for burial.

Biliousness, constipatin, torpid liver, piles, cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills, 50 doses 25c. Samples free at druggists, by mail, 25c. MILES MED. CO., ELKHART, IND.

# SHE WANTS ALIMONY.

### SHE IS SEVENTEEN AND HE FORTY-FIVE.

The Tybee Scandal Finally Reaches the Courts, and an Interesting Tale Will Be There Disclosed.

SAVANNAH, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—A bill for total divorce and alimony was filed in the superior court tonight, by Mrs. Nellie Deetsch Myers, against her husband, Herman Myers, president of the National bank of Savannah, chairman of the city council, president of the Savannah Grocery Company, and member of the firm of H. Myers & Brothers, which is heavily interested in the Backer failure in New York.

The divorce proceedings were not a surprise. It has been expected for some weeks that something of the kind would result. Mr. and Mrs. Myers were married last April. He is forty-five years old and she is seventeen. They separated July 9th.

It is the talk because of the scandal at Tybee beach. Mrs. Myers went north with her mother and has been staying in New York and at the New Jersey beaches. The bill for divorce alleges harsh conduct and language by Myers, charges of infidelity and unchastity, and that he has persecuted his wife by placing her under the surveillance of a detective and circulating base and false charges against her character. The trial of the alimony case will take place this week. Judge Falligant granted the order tonight requiring Myers to show cause instantly why alimony should not be granted. In the bill Mrs. Myers made oath before Judge O'Brien of the New York supreme court, that her husband is worth $258,000.

### COULD NOT SPEAK ENGLISH.

Morris Stein, a German, Pleads Guilty When He Is Not Guilty.

Governor Northen granted a pardon yesterday to Morris Stein, who three days ago plead guilty to peddling without licence, in the county court of Greene county.

Stein is a young German fresh from the fatherland, who can neither speak nor understand English.

A warrant was issued for Meyer Stein but Morris Stein was arrested. In the petition for pardon it is said that the officers told Morris Stein, through an interpreter, that the best thing he could do would be to plead guilty and $5 would pay him out. He did this but the judge gave him $25 or six months and Stein did not have the money.

There was abundant evidence before the governor that the wrong man had plead guilty and he issued the following order:

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, ATLANTA, Ga., August 11.—To the Sheriff of Greene County: Whereas, It has been officially represented to me that one Morris Stein was arraigned before the county court of Greene county on August the 8th, 1891, under charge of peddling without a license, and under a plea of guilty was sentenced to pay a fine of $25 or six months on the chain-gang, and

Whereas, It also appears that the warrant or accusation is for another person altogether, towit, Meyer Stein, and that when arraigned the said Morris Stein, being unable to speak English or to understand it when spoken to him, pleaded guilty and is now under said sentence, and

Whereas, The presiding judge and the attorney who prosecuted the case ask that this error be corrected by executive clemency: It is ordered that the said Morris Stein be and he is hereby pardoned of the offense to which he plead guilty and that he be immediately set free.

W. J. NORTHEN, Governor.

By the Governor,
W. H. HARRISON, Sec. Ex. Dept.

A telegram was sent to the sheriff to immediately release Stein.

—A Street Car Accident.

Henry Solomon, a little five-year-old boy, fell from a street car yesterday afternoon, and his head struck the hard pavement, a bad gash and bruse being made. He was taken into the honse of Mr. J. M. Alexander, where he and his mother are visiting, where medical attention was rendered. The injury was bad but not very serious. Mrs. Solomon and her son live in Savannah.

—The Police Had to Pay.

"Drop a cent in the slot, pull out the handle, get a piece of candy and hear the music.

That's the kind of a machine Patrolman Jordan arrested last night on Alabama street. He found it standing on the street, and while the case wasn't booked, he arrested it and carried it to the station house.

The charge will probably be "idling and loitering," but anyhow the machine amused the men around the station house for a long time last night, and it was one show they couldn't beat. All the spare cents in the crowd were spent, and the merry tinkle of the music box kept time to the jaws of the men as they worked on the chewing gum.

—He Sold Whisky.

United States Commissioner Will Haight yesterday heard the case of the government against Joe Harralson, colored, who was arraigned on the charge of selling whisky without a license. The defendant pleaded guilty and was committed to jail.

—The New Court of Appeals

The cases of Samuel W. Broome, Jackson & Sharp, and Jackson, Wood and May, recently heard in the United States district court in Atlanta, have been carried up to the newly established court of appeals in New Orleans. The papers in the cases were made out yesterday by Clerk Fuller. These are the first cases sent from Georgia to this tribunal.

—Another Burglar.

—Detective Looney has landed another of the gang of burglars behind the bars. This time it's a negro named Calvin Clay, and as some of the stolen goods were recovered from his mother's house, the officers feel sure of another conviction.

—For Bigamy.

Wade Walker went before Judge Landrum yesterday and swore out a warrant against B. D. Henderson, charging him with bigamy. Henderson married a sister of Walker, and Walker now says that his brother-in-law has another wife. Henderson has not yet been arrested.

—A Prominent Iron Man.

Mr. Alex T. Hamilton, one of the proprietors and managers of the Etna iron furnace, is in Atlanta for the purpose of having the town of Etna, Ga. incorporated. The furnace is surrounded by an almost inexhaustible store of exceedingly high grade ore and quite a settlement has sprung up.

PRESTON'S HED-AKE
cures any headache—nothing else.

## Nervous

Dyspepsia in severe form, tired and languid, no ambition, sleep irregular, no appetite—this was my condition when I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. From the very first it seemed to be just what I needed. The nervous dyspepsia has now entirely gone, my appetite is excellent, I can eat heartily without distress afterwards; I sleep well, and can now go about my work without having that tired feeling so frequent before I began taking the medicine. I have taken six bottles of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and recommend it as the King of Medicines." J. F. SCULLY, President Seaman's Union, 256 Catherine Street, Detroit, Mich.

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Special train to Manchester. Until further notice, the A. & W. P. R. R. will run a special train to Manchester on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, leaving union depot at 10 a. m., and returning at 1 p. m. Round trip 25 cents. Let all go and see an ideal home place.

### A CHILD'S DEATH.

Under Peculiarly Pathetic Circumstances—Where Is the Father?

There was a death at the Home for the Friendless yesterday—a little child passing quietly into another world after an illness of several weeks.

Left behind him is a sick mother at the King's Daughters' hospital, also a three-year-old brother at the Home for the Friendless, and a father—but where?

Several weeks ago the King's Daughters learned of the destitute condition of Mrs. Laura Mason and her two young children. They had no means of support, the husband and father having left suddenly, going no one knows where. The mother was sick and could do no work; the three were almost starving.

The two children were placed at the Home for the Friendless, and the mother was taken to the hospital. Thus things have remained until yesterday, when the baby was removed to another world.

The mother's grief may be partially imagined; her husband leaves her starving, and her children become objects of charity, and now her baby is dead.

The husband and father—where is he? Has he stay away knowing the condition of [illegible] whom he promised to love and cherish, and the children who call him father?

### TWENTY-ONE CHILDREN.

A Lady Only Thirty-Nine Years of Age the Mother of Twenty-One Children.

Mrs. John T. Hagan, wife of Mr. John T. Hagan, the grocer at 188½ Decatur street, yesterday gave birth to twins. They are two fine, healthy girl babes.

Mrs. Hagan is but thirty-nine years old, and including the twins she has twenty-one children, all of whom are living and unmarried.

This is a record that is hard to beat.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

STOCK IN THE
Manchester Land and Improvement Co
CAN BE OBTAINED FROM
J. A. SCOTT, 28 Peachtree Street,
RESPESS & CO., 5 North Broad Street,
BLALOCK & BERRY, 23½ Whitehall Street
These parties will furnish any information relative to Manchester and its enterprise.
aug1-dtu

What is
CASTORIA
Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.




THE MODEL HOUSEWIFE KNOWS THAT WHAT IMPROVES THE HOUSEHOLD FOOD IMPROVES BOTH BODY AND THE MIND, THAT IS WELL UNDERSTOOD.
THEN WIRE GAUZE OVEN DOORS MUST BE PRODUCTIVE OF GOOD MINDS.
THE BEST OF COOKS PREFER THEM TO ALL THE OLD-FASHIONED KINDS.
OAK
IF YOU WANT THE BEST.
CHARTER OAK STOVES
Buy the CHARTER OAK,
WITH THE
WIRE GAUZE OVEN DOORS.
Made only by Excelsior Manufacturing Co., St. Louis, Mo. Sold by
RUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH, Agents, - Atlanta, Ga.

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The Brown & King Supply Co.


Manufacturers and Dealers in
Mill Supplies, Machinery, Tools, Wrought Iron Pipe, Fittings and Brass Goods. Headquarters for Corrugated and Crimped Iron Roofing. Wood Split Pulleys.
Write for prices and discounts.
ATLANTA, GA.

esterday, when the bab
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TA, GA.

# A PENSION BILL

## INTRODUCED BY MR. FLEMING, OF RICHMOND.

### Liquor Legislation—To Permit Augusta to Incur a Public Debt—Bills Passed and Introduced.

Yesterday was quite an interesting day in house.

The early part of the session was devoted to introduction of new matter, and some interesting measures were placed before that dy.

Accounts of the resolution to investigate several charges against certain members, of Mr. Shoun's address and of the stay law will be found elsewhere.

**To Reduce the Pensions.**

On account of the limited amount of funds the state treasury, some measure looking to revision of the pension laws has been thought necessary, and has been recommended the pension committee.

Mr. Fleming introduced a bill, the object of which was to prescribe who shall be entitled the benefits of the pension laws of the state. The first section provides that no confederate soldier who owns or whose wife owns real or personal property over the value of two thousand dollars, or who has a salary or income of more than six hundred dollars per annum, shall be entitled to any benefit under the pension laws.

The second section provides that no widow of a confederate soldier who owns property worth over two thousand dollars shall be entitled to a pension under the pension laws.

It seemed necessary that some such action be taken on account of the deficit in the treasury and in order that means might be provided to pension the great number of needy widows of soldiers, according to the act passed at the winter session.

The committee has been looking around for some means to pay these pensions, and recommended this as a means of aiding in providing for the payment of these pensions.

**To Amend the Local Option Act.**

A bill has been introduced to limit the number of elections which can be held under this act, provided each of such elections be against the sale.

Mr. Oattes, of Muscogee, is the author of the bill which provides that after three elections have been held the results of which have been "against the sale," and another election shall be held with the same result, no other election can be held in such county at any time, if notice be given as provided by the act prior to such election, shall be final upon the subject.

Such an amendment is an important one, as much useless expense is incurred by a multiplicity of elections where the result is almost certain. But it may be doubted whether such law is necessary since local option is practically done away with by the three-mile bill which has now become a law.

**To Protect Augusta.**

Mr. Williams introduced a bill yesterday to amend the constitution so that Augusta might incur a debt not to exceed $600,000, for the purpose of protecting the city from the floods of the Savannah river.

The debt, may be incurred by a consent of two-thirds of the voters of that corporation. It is important for Augusta that such provision be made, as serious loss is often incurred by the destructive floods.

**Local Option Act Amended Again.**

Mr. Anderson, of Taliaferro, has introduced a bill to amend the local option act by adding a provision that no license shall be granted for the sale of liquor after application for the election, and an order for it has been issued, until the result of the election has been declared.

**No Fees for Ordinaries.**

Mr. Roberts's bill to regulate the compensation of ordinaries in counties which are not provided by law with boards of commissioners of roads and revenues, which was lost some time ago, and reconsidered, was read again this morning, and for the second time failed to pass.

The bill provides a fee of 50 cents for each warrant drawn on the county treasurer in such counties, and when it came up was the subject of some discussion.

Mr. Roberts, of Douglas, and Mr. Hill, of Meriwether, advocated the measure, but the sentiment of the house seemed against it, and failed to receive a constitutional majority.

**Bills Passed by the House.**

By Mr. Davis of Lumpkin—To establish a board of commissioners of road and revenues for Lumpkin county.

By Mr. Norman of Liberty—To increase the compensation of the county commissioners of roads and revenues in Liberty county.

By Mr. Sapp of Mitchell—To prohibit all persons from hunting on the enclosed lands of others in the county of Mitchell.

By Mr. Chappell of Laurens—To locate the office of tax collector of Laurens county.

By Mr. Norman of Liberty—To establish a registration law for the county of Liberty.

By Mr. Norman of Liberty—To repeal the act of March 20, 1874, which reduced the bond of the sheriff of Liberty county.

By Mr. Baldwin of Randolph—To incorporate the Bank of Southwest Georgia.

By Mr. Ivey of Thomas—To incorporate the Citizens' Banking and Trust Company, of Thomasville.

**House Bills Read One Time.**

By Mr. Mattox of Clinch—To submit to the legal voters of Clinch county the question of abolishing the board of commissioners for said county.

By Mr. Strickland of Bryan—To abolish the board of county commissioners of Bryan county.

By Mr. Smith of Butts—To authorize the state treasurer to pay Parham L. White, a maimed confederate soldier, the sum of $50, and to allow him to peddle without license.

By Mr. Martin of Fulton—To incorporate the grand lodge of the Independent Order of Good Samaritans and Daughters of Samaria of Georgia.

By Mr. Dunwoody of Glynn—To incorporate the Brunswick and Altamaha Canal Company.

By Mr. Holtzclaw of Houston—To amend section of the code, relative to the impeachment of judges.

By Mr. Odum of Colquitt—A resolution to furnish Colquitt county with a system of standard weights and measures, and to appropriate money therefor.

By Mr. Pearson of Tattnall—To amend an act entitled an act to encourage the propagation of fish in the waters of the state of Georgia, and for the protection of the same.

By Mr. Holbrook of DeKalb—To amend an act alter and fix the salary of the county treasurer of DeKalb county.

By Mr. Jackson of Heard—To incorporate the North Agricultural Fair Association.

By Mr. Traylor of Troup—To amend the charter of LaGrange so as to change the amount of tax fixed.

By Mr. Mann of Telfair—To repeal an act to prohibit any person from hunting or fishing on the land of another in the county of Telfair.

By Mr. Cason of Ware—To amend the act incorporating the South Georgia Bank of Waycross, relating to the transfer of stock.

By Mr. Edenfield of Screven—To provide a fee for bailiffs in summoning juries.

By Mr. Dennard of Wilcox—To create the office of solicitor of the county court of Wilcox and to provide for the appointment of said solicitor.

By Mr. Cason of Ware—To amend an act to incorporate the Waycross Air-Line Railroad Company.

By Mr. Cason of Ware—To amend section 943 of the code providing for the selection by the governor of banks in certain cities as state depositories, so as to add the city of Waycross, in Ware county, to the list of such counties.

By Mr. Williams of Richmond—To amend an act to create a board of police commissioners for the city of Augusta.

By Mr. McDuffie of Walker—A resolution to empower the governor to expend $1,500 to pay for systems of weights and measures in those counties which have no such systems.

**Senate Proceedings.**

The bill by Mr. Ryals, of Chatham, amending the laws relating to oyster beds was read second time and recommitted.

A resolution introduced by Senator Nunnally, reciting the continued illness of the attorney general, preventing him from attending to the duties of the office, and authorizing the governor to appoint an assistant at a salary not more than $2,000, was referred to the committee on judiciary.

Senator Vincent introduced a bill to incorporate the town of Nelson, in Pickens and Cherokee counties. Referred to the committee on corporations.

On motion of Senator Cabaniss the rules were suspended to take up the reading of house bills for the first time.

Among the bills read was the bill by Mr. Goodwin, of Fulton, amending the charter of the city of Atlanta so as to authorize the issuing of $500,000 of bonds.

The resolution of Mr. Oattes, of Muscogee, that a joint committee of five, three from the house and two from the senate, be appointed to investigate the charges that eight members of the general assembly had offered for sale, or permitted to be offered for sale, their votes during the pending election of a United States senator last fall was received from the house, and on motion of Senator Terrell was concurred in.

The bill by Mr. Harris, of Catoosa, amending the charter of the Cincinnati, Georgia and Florida railroad, as amended, was passed and transmitted immediately to the house.

The hour for the special order of the day having arrived, the bill by Mr. Baldwin, of Randolph, to prohibit physicians or prescription clerks in a drug establishment from pursuing their profession or calling, who may become intoxicated from the use of intoxicating liquor or opiates, and providing that upon conviction of violating the act, they shall be fined not less than $200 nor more than $500, was taken up.

Senator Maston O'Neal, of the eighth, thought the measure was too harsh, and offered several amendments modifying the bill.

Senator Callaway, of the seventeenth, agreed with the senator from the eighth, and thought the measure as it originally stood was too severe. He made a strong speech against the hardship the bill might impose on worthy men, who happened to make a misstep, in thus depriving them of their profession, the only means of a livelihood.

Senator Beck offered an amendment putting the punishment under 4310 of the code with other misdemeanors, also striking out that clause in the bill prohibiting the physician or clerk from again following his profession.

Senator Cabaniss offered an amendment to make the act apply only in cases where the intoxication occurred when the person offending was actually engaged performing the duties of his profession.

"I am opposed to the bill in toto," said the senator. "Drunkenness has for thousands of years been recognized as a vice but never as a crime. This bill seems to single out a particular class and make drunkenness alone a crime in them and in this respect it is class legislation."

Senator Lane—Does the senator know of any class where drinking or drunkenness may so vitally affect the lives of others?

Senator Cabaniss—Railroad engineers and many others have the lives of the people in their hands.

Senator Todd—I am preparing a bill for them.

Senator Cabaniss made a few more remarks on the merits of the bill when the president announced that the hour for the joint session had arrived and in a body the senate adjourned to the hall of the house of representatives to hear the speech of the Hon. Patrick Calhoun.

When the senate reconvened, Senator Todd took the floor in favor of the bill:

"I want this bill to pass," said he, "and I want it to pass just like it is. It will have a tendency to stop drinking among the doctors. So far as excluding them from the practice of their profession is concerned, if any are excluded, it will be of their own will and accord, because they do someing they know will prohibit them from practicing."

Senator Cabaniss—Doesn't the Bible say, Moses said unto you an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth, but I say unto you, if thy brother offend thee, forgive him?

"I don't think it does," replied Senator Todd.

From this the discussion took a Biblical turn. Senator Cabaniss had the Bible brought in and got his quotation correct.

"I recognize that," said Senator Todd, "and so far as Biblical precedent was concerned the bill was fully authorized. How is it that we find all the doctors in favor of the bill and some lawyers and farmers against it? It looks like it might be thought that the whisky question had something to do with it."

Senator Terrell said that at first he felt inclined to oppose the bill but that after talking with a number of physicians he had concluded that some legislation on this line was needed and had a substitute to offer; therefore he moved that the bill and the amendment be recommitted. The motion was carried and the bill is again in the hands of the committee on temperance.

The bill and the amendment by the house, granting a charter to the North Side Electric Railroad Company, of Augusta, were taken up. All the amendments were agreed to except one, which provided that the charter should be forfeited unless five miles were built in five years, Senator Warren stating that the line contemplated was not that long.

The bill by Mr. McDaniel, of Rockdale, amending the charter of the town of Conyers, passed.

Adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

**Senate Notes.**

By resolutions, Hon. H. H. Perry, of Burke, and Hon. Dudley Hughes, of Twiggs county, were granted the privileges of the senate.

Hon. J. J. McDonough, mayor of Savannah, and the delegation accompanying him, were invited to a seat on the floor during their stay in the city.

**WORK OF THE COMMITTEES.**

The house committee on temperance will report a substitute for the bill by Mr. Sinquefield prohibiting the sale or manufacture of cigarettes in the state.

The substitute provides that the judges of the superior court shall charge the grand jury on the present law making it penal to sell to minors.

Captain Seay's bill, rendering minors liable who procure intoxicating drinks by falsely representing their age or the consent of their parents, also making it a misdemeanor, will be adversely reported.

**General Judiciary of the House.**

The time of the general judiciary committee was taken up principally by a discussion of the bill by Mr. Berner, of Monroe, repealing all present exemptions from jury duty except age. Finally the bill was withdrawn that some amendment might be made.

The sentiment of the committee was against the bill as it stood but seemed in favor of repealing the military exemption, especially that of honorary members of the companies.

The following bills will be reported with a recommendation that they do pass:

A bill by Mr. Dodson, of Clayton, requiring the judges to charge the grand jury on certain sections of the code relating to the violations of the Sabbath day.

A bill by Mr. Fleming, of Richmond, to amend an act to declare councilmen and aldermen of towns entirely ineligible during their term of office for any other municipal office.

The following bills will receive an adverse report:

A bill by Mr. Sapp, of Chattahoochee, to amend section 4372 of the code.

A bill by Mr. Sears, of Webster, to make the present sheriffs and clerks of the different counties, where county courts have been established, ex-officio sheriff and clerk of the county court.

A bill by Mr. Munroe, of Calhoun, to authorize the transfer of certain true bills to the county court.

**Committee on Redistricting.**

The committee on redistricting the state held a meeting but nothing definite was done. The committee will meet again this afternoon.

**Committee on Pensions.**

The house committee on pensions met last night in the room of Colonel Cutts at the Kimball house. The best method of raising the revenue required and whether the pensions should be increased or diminished was discussed, but no action was taken.

Fred G. Wilhelm, of Columbus, accompanied by Miss Cricket Wilhelm, is in the city the guest of friends. Both Mr. and Miss Wilhelm are charming society people.

"I would like to proclaim the value of Hood's Sarsaparilla from the tops of the highest peaks with a voice strong enough for the whole earth to hear it." J. B. Hornbeck, Hapersville, N. Y.

**Special Train for Manchester.**

A special train will leave the Union Depot this morning at 10 o'clock for the new suburb, Manchester, and will return at 1 o'clock. A large crowd of capitalists and business men are going out to inspect the place. Special rates for everybody.





**YOUR MONEY, OR YOUR LIFE!**

This question is a "pert" one, but we *mean* it. Will you sacrifice a few paltry dollars, and save your life? or will you allow your blood to become tainted, and your system run-down, until, finally, you are laid away in the grave? Better *be in time*, and "hold up" your hands for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, a *guaranteed* remedy for all scrofulous and other blood-taints, from whatever cause arising. It cures all Skin and Scalp Diseases, Ulcers, Sores, Swellings and kindred ailments. It is powerfully tonic as well as alterative, or blood-cleansing, in its effects, hence it strengthens the system and restores vitality, thereby dispelling all those languid, "tired feelings" experienced by the debilitated. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing Tetter, Salt-rheum, Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Goitre, or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Makers, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Special train to Manchester. Until further notice, the A. & W. P. R. R. will run a special train to Manchester on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, leaving union depot at 10 a. m., and returning at 1 p. m. Round trip 25 cents. Let all go and see an ideal home place.

**The Original and Genuine (WORCESTERSHIRE)**

**LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE**

Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS' that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."




SOUPS, GRAVIES, FISH, HOT & COLD MEATS, GAME, WELSH RAREBITS, &c.

Beware of Imitations; see that you get Lea & Perrins'

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Signature on every bottle of the Original and Genuine.
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, NEW YORK.

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ATLANTA TO CHICAGO.

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**OPIUM** and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104½ Whitehall St.


## RECEIVER'S SALE.

L. & C. Wise, et al. vs. Stephen A. Ryan, et al } In Fulton Superior Court.

By virtue of an order passed in the above case on June 30th, 1891, I will, as receiver in said case, receive sealed bids until Tuesday, August 18, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office, Nos. 30 and 32 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga., for the entire stock of dry goods, shoes, carpets, clothing, hats and general stock of goods, wares and merchandise and fixtures situated in the storerooms formerly occupied by John Ryans' Sons, at No. 61 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., and according to inventory just taken, aggregating $411,783.94.

Parties desiring to submit bids will be given reasonable opportunity to inspect the goods, and the order under which this sale is made, by calling upon me. The highest and best bid will be submitted to the court for action, and the right to reject any and all bids is reserved; bidders to submit terms desired with their bids.

This August 8, 1891.

CHARLES S. KINGSBERY, Receiver.

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IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Our immense new fall stock of imported and domestic Carpets, Rugs, Mattings and Draperies is arriving daily. We must have more room, and offer the remainder of our summer stock at

## SPECIAL BARGAIN PRICES.

We offer also special bargains and extraordinary reductions in Furniture. Come early.

## SPECIAL BARGAINS THIS WEEK

in Black Goods, Silks, Woolens, Ginghams, Lawns, White Goods, Linens and ladies' and gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, the finest stock in the city.

Our Mr. D. Rich is still in New York, selecting the latest novelties and Parisian importation in Dress Goods.

## SPECIAL RUN IN SHIRT WAISTS

We must close out our Boy's Shirt Waist stock The "Mother's Friend" is the best waist in the world. We offer them this week at the following extraordinarily reduced prices: Our $.25 waists at 75c. All other grades, your choice, at 50c.

## HOTEL FURNISHINGS.

N. B.—We make the complete furnishing of hotels a specialty. Correspondence solicited. We guarantee satisfaction.

# M. Rich & Bros.,

54 and 56 Whitehall St.,

14, 16, 18, 20 and 22 E. Hunter St.

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## ONLY ONE MORE HOT AND DULL MONTH,

BIG BARGAINS IN

## All Grades of Furniture

STILL CONTINUE.

300 Sideboards and Hat Racks, with 1,000 Parlor and Chamber Suits and handsome Leather Goods, with 500 odd Chairs and Rockers, ready for this week's demand.

Chamber Suits from $12 to $600, in Mahogany, Oak, Malachiandte Walnut.

## THE BEST $18, $25, $30 SUITS IN ATLANTA.

100 Plush and Tapestry Parlor Suits, with
50 beautiful Extension Tables and 40 Gilt Dining Chairs.
25 Leather Lounges and Couches.
40 Brass and Metal Beds.
Book Cases, Wardrobes, Fancy Cabinets and Tables, with
100 Oak and Walnut Desks.
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Don't buy an article of Furniture before seeing our stock. New styles coming in daily. Chicago and Grand Rapids prices duplicated.

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Splendid buildings, elegantly equipped with physical and chemical apparatus. Steam heat. Water to be run through the building during the Fall. Splendid pianos. Conservatory teachers. Book-keeping. Telegraphy. Typewriting and other practical features. Healthiest location in the South. Home-like life. Altitude, 1,450 ft. No malaria. For catalogue address A. W. VanHoose, Pres., Gainesville, Ga.

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Location in the country, near Univ. of Va., healthful and beautiful. Christian and refined social influences. Boys prepared for University, U. S. Military and Naval Academies or business. Special attention to backward young men. Number of pupils so limited that each may be individually cared for. Testimonials of good moral and social standing required for entrance. Address J. M. PAGE, M. A., Ph. D., Sch. Principal, or T. W. PAGE, A. M., Jun. Principal, COBHAM, VA.




**SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE.**

Faculty of Twenty-five. Liberal, Fine, and Practical Arts. Library, Museum, Observatory, extensive modern equipment. 220 PRIVATE MUSIC PUPILS; 71 IN ART. 150 boarders from Canada, ten States, Cuba, I. T., and Mexico. Healthful, homelike. Early application necessary. Opens Sep. 16. Send for Illustrated Souvenir, History and Catalogue.

Mrs. L. F. COX, President, C'M'D. C. COX, Principal, LaGRANGE, GA.


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WANTED—Agent in every locality to represent a financial corporation, with fully paid up capito of $250,000, in the sale of our installment bonds, and to submit us first-class applications for loans on real estate. Liberal commissions. Address Mutual Investment Company, Minneapolis, Minn. aug 9 d-7t

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PARTIES VISITING New York city will find choice rooms, at low rates, in central location, house first-class, at 58 E. Eleventh street, near Broadway. aug9-sun tues thur

DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM with good board. 49 Church street. 7t

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### HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED—A good bookkeeper. Address "Bookkeeper," care Constitution. aug13-3t

WANTED—CLOTHING SALESMAN—We want an agent or firm in every county of the United States to handle our line of merchant tailoring. Hunter Manufacturing Company, Cincinnati, O. Pants to order, $3; suits, $15 and upward. Write for samples and rules for self-measurement. june 13 29, july aug sept

WANTED—A good man in every county in Georgia and adjoining states to represent a leading manufacturing company. Address for particulars, salary, etc., N. E. S. Co., box 737, Cincinnati, O. tue thu

### HELP WANTED—Female.

WE WANT LADIES to work for us on commission; state which you prefer, and send 4 cents in stamps for a free sample. E. L. Baldwin & Co., Detroit, Mich. aug13 d3t

### SITUATIONS, WANTED—Male.

A YOUNG MAN 25 years old, with good education and one year's experience in railroad work will go anywhere and work cheap, if addressed Drawer 4, Gainesville, Ga. aug11d7t

### SITUATIONS WANTED—Females.

SITUATION WANTED—A competent person desires a situation as housekeeper in a hotel or private family. Best of references. Address Mrs. R. C., 811 Walnut street, Macon, Ga.

A YOUNG LADY stenographer and typewriter desires situation in lawyer's or business office. Address "Miss L.," the Arlington, city.

### FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—8-room house; two minutes from post-office; servant's house, stable, carriage house, water, gas; will suit a physician. Inquire 26 Broad.

WAREHOUSE—A large warehouse, corner of Forsyth st. and W. & A. R. R. Well lighted, easily accessible and good sidetrack facilities. Apply Nelson, Morris & Co. july17-dim

### FOR RENT—Miscellaneous,

FOR RENT—A large storehouse and basement and several business offices, also warehouse. Call at 27½ W. Alabama street and see A. D. & G. B. Adair. aug 12 d 6t

### MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LEND on city or farm lands in or near Atlanta. S. Barnett, 15½ South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

C. P. N. BARKER negotiates real estate loans at low rates. Room 32. Traders' bank building.

### BUILDING MATERIAL.

DOBBS Lumber Company, manufacturers and dealers in sash, doors and blinds, mantels, interior and exterior finish, mouldings, ornaments, etc. Office and factory, corner Mitchell and Magnum streets, Atlanta, Ga. sun tues thur fri

### FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Etc

FOR SALE—Brand new, stylish buggy and harness for sale, cheap. No. 10 Gate City Bank building aug11 6t

### LOST.

LOST—And still losing money if you do not get our prices on paints and seeds. The Cash Paint and Seed Store, 64 South Broad street. aug7-7t

### FOUND,

FOUND—On Alabama street by The Constitution Janitor, a badge with letters O. T. R.; owner can get same by paying for ad and a small reward to Janitor.

FOUND—Cut prices on paints, oils, glass and garden seed at The Cash Paint and Seed Store, 64 S. Broad street. aug7-7t

### BUSINESS CHANCES.

SMALL drug store in one of the best locations in city, sales $15 to $20 per day, can be increased. Reasons for selling too much occupied in other jobbing business. Address Lock Box 677, Augusta, Ga. aug 5, 10t wed-fri-sun.

FOR SALE—Or will exchange for nicely situated Atlanta property, one-fourth interest in brick plant in first-class condition and doing fine business. Box 19, Atlanta, Ga. aug7-d7t

### PERSONAL

A. GOODRICH, Lawyer, 124 Dearborn street, Chicago, 27 years' successful practice; advice free no publicity re cilit ies in many states. ap28 thurs tues t

### FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Cheap; one almost new chamber suit, consisting of nine pieces; also, a gasoline stove, etc.; owner intends to leave the city. Address K, Constitution.

FOR SALE—Turnip seed at cut prices. Call and see us. The Cash Paint and Seed Store, 64 South Broad street. aug7-7t

FOR SALE—Soda water plant with bottles, shipping cases, four wagons and stock. Address or apply to W. H. Jordan, 32 Cedar. aug7-10t

### FOR SALE—Pet Stock, Chickens, Eggs, etc

FOR SALE—Pure bred English pug puppies, beautifully marked; males $10, females $7. 10 weeks old. Cedar Hill Pug Kennels, Box 147, Winchester, Tenn. aug12 2t

### FOR SALE—Real Estate.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, a beautiful home in West End; corner lot, east front; size, 117x212; splendid 6-room dwelling, barn and buggy and house; lots of nice front; located in the midst of the handsomest homes; on very easy terms. Address "Owner," care Constitution. thurs sun

### WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Two good counter show cases about three by five feet, and ten to fifteen inches deep. Address Cash, care Constitution.

### Notice, Architects and Builders.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR BUILDing a stone jail and brick residence attached, not exceeding in cost $5,000, in Douglasville, Douglas county, Ga., will be received at my office in said county until 12 o'clock of Tuesday, September 1, 1891.

Each plan filed must be accompanied with a guaranteed estimate of cost. And each builder bidding will be required to give bond with approved security that the building will be put up in strict accordance with the plans and specifications adopted, and that the building will be completed and turned over to the county complete and ready for use without any further cost to the county than that named in contract. And that the county will be held free from all patent fees and other extra charges that might arise.

Dated at my office, this August 11, 1891.

H. T. COOPER, Ordinary Douglas Co.

aug13 to sep1 thur sun tues.

### RAILROAD TIME-TABLES.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

| ARRIVE. | DEPART. |
|---|---|
| **CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.** | |
| *No. 3, from Savannah..... 7 45 am | *No. 2, to Savannah..... 7 10 am |
| *No. 11, from Macon..... 10 50 am | *No. 14, to Macon..12 30 pm |
| *No. 1, from Savannah..... 5 35 pm | *No. 12, to Macon.. 4 10 pm |
| *No. 13, from Macon..... 10 20 pm | *No. 4, to Savannah..... 7 10 pm |
| **WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.** | |
| From Nashville*.. 7 00 am | To Nashville*..... 8 10 am |
| From Marietta*.. 8 20 am | To Chattanooga*.. 1 35 pm |
| From Rome..... 10 55 am | To Rome..... 3 45 pm |
| From Chatt'ga*.. 1 45 pm | To Marietta*..... 6 05 pm |
| From Nashville*. 6 40 pm | To Nashville*..... 6 25 pm |
| **ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.** | |
| From West Point. 8 15 am | To Opelika*..... 7 00 am |
| From Mont'm'y*12 05 pm | To Selma*..... 9 15 pm |
| From Selma*..... 2 10 pm | To West Point..... 5 05 pm |
| From Opelika*.... 5 55 pm | To Montgomery*.11 50 pm |
| **GEORGIA RAILROAD.** | |
| From Augusta*.... 6 30 am | To Augusta*..... 8 00 am |
| From Covington.... 7 55 am | To Decatur..... 8 55 am |
| From Decatur..... 9 55 am | To Clarkston.....12 10 pm |
| From Augusta..... 1 00 pm | To Augusta*..... 2 45 pm |
| From Clarkston... 1 15 pm | To Carkston..... 3 15 pm |
| From Clarkston... 4 35 pm | To Covington..... 5 25 pm |
| From Augusta*.... 5 45 pm | To Augusta*..... 11 15 pm |
| **EAST TENN., VIRGINIA AN GEORGIA R'Y.** | |
| *No. 12, from Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville..... 11 15 am | o. 12, for Rome, N'w Y'k, Cincin'ti, Kn'xville and Memphis, and Ala. points. 12 15 pm |
| *No. 11, from New Y'k, Knox'le, Nash'le, and Cincinnati.. 6 50 pm | *No. 14, for Rome, Nashville, Cincin'ti, New York and Memphis..... 11 40 pm |
| *No. 15, from Cincinnati, Nashville and Knoxville..... 5 00 am | *No. 15, for Savannah, Brunsw'k and Jacksonville..... 5 00 am |
| *No. 14, from Savannah, Jacksonville, Brunswick and Macon..... 11 15 pm | *No. 11, for Savannah, Brunsw'k and Jacksonville..... 7 05 pm |
| No. 13, from Chattanooga, Gadsden, Anniston and Rome..... 3 00 pm | No. 13, for Rome, Anniston, Selma and Chattanooga..... 7 00 am |
| **PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.** | |
| **(RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD.)** | |
| From Lula..... 7 50 am | To Washington*.. 8 10 am |
| From Wash'gton*12 10 pm | To Washington*.. 12 25 pm |
| From Wash'gton* 4 00 pm | To Lula..... 4 20 pm |
| From Wash'gton* 11 20 pm | To Washington*.... 9 20 pm |
| **RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R.** | |
| **(GEORGIA PACIFIC DIVISION, AUG. 2, '91.)** | |
| From Greenville*. 8 20 am | To Lithia Springs. |
| From Tallapoosa* 2 40 am | Sunday only 9 10 am |
| From Birming'm*12 15 pm | To Birmingham* 4:05 pm |
| From Lithia Springs | To Tallapoosa*..... 6:00 pm |
| Sunday only 5:20 pm | To Greenville*..... 11:45 pm |
| **ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.** | |
| From Valley*10 35 am | To Fort [illegible] 4 00 pm |

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. Connects at [illegible]

# THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

| | |
|---|---|
| *The Daily, per year* | $ 6.00 |
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NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY,
Eastern Advertising Agents.

Address, CONSTITUTION BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga.

12 CENTS PER WEEK

For THE DAILY CONSTITUTION, or 50 cents per calendar month. Sixteen cents per week for THE DAILY and SUNDAY CONSTITUTION, or 67 cents per calendar month; delivered to any address by carrier in the city of Atlanta. Send in your name at once.

Rated by Rowell's Newspaper Directory for 1891, in a classification of 5,000 more circulation than any other Georgia daily newspaper, and recommended as follows: To the Publisher:—

Please observe the following true statement concerning your paper, THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION:

"The new book for advertisers, just issued by George P. Rowell & Co., specifies the best paper in each one of the states, territories, districts or provinces of the United States and Canada. This means the best paper for an advertiser to use if he will use but one in a state, and the one publication which is read by the largest number and best class of persons throughout the state. For Georgia the paper named in the list is THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION." [Signed,]

GEORGE P. ROWELL & Co., New York.

ATLANTA, GA., August 13, 1891.


### Menaced by McKinleyism.

The high McKinley tariff has decreased our imports from Europe to such an extent that certain foreign industries have been paralyzed, and many manufacturing centers in Germany and England are suffering an unprecedented depression.

It is admitted by the leading newspapers of Germany and England that the effect of McKinleyism in Europe will be an era of hard times, and that the measure is bound to react upon the United States. One result of this restriction of commerce will be to force thousands of unemployed workmen in Europe to go to America in search of employment.

When our workmen find themselves obliged to compete at home with legions of toilers from abroad who have come to this country willing to work for a bare living, they will realize how little McKinleyism protects them. They will be crowded out of their places to make room for strangers, or yield to a reduction of wages that will keep them at the point of starvation.

All this is the natural and inevitable effect of an unwise attempt to interfere with the trade relations existing between this country and Europe. Experience in the past has shown us that when imports from abroad are easy our surplus crops are more easily and profitably exported. When we block our imports it is only with the greatest difficulty that we succeed in getting rid of our surplus products.

We must come to this if we stick to a prohibitory tariff. It has put in its evil work already, but it will be possible for the people next year to give this vicious system its death blow. We must smash the robber tariff or suffer the consequences. How disastrous those consequences will be, our advices from the other side of the water have made plainly apparent.

### During the Heated Term.

Within the past few days a hot wave has spread over the country with the most disastrous results.

In New York and other large northern cities sunstroke numbers its victims by scores; the weak gasp and die, and strong men become raving maniacs.

Crime and disease now claim their own. Men lose all self-control and resort to brutal violence upon the slightest provocation. The slave of drink who fills himself with whisky in the winter because it is cold, now soaks himself because it is hot, and runs amuck with pistol, knife or razor.

Nature and inanimate things are out of joint. Volcanoes, earthquakes and storms shake and scourge the continent, while Death walks the waters and blocks our lines of travel.

An angry mob attempts to lynch the mayor and council of Kansas City; solid citizens skip with the money and the wives of their neighbors; demagogues spout sedition from the stump, and the mildest of Christian reformers, with a sudden rush of intemperate zeal, display a disposition to club the obdurate sinners who differ with them.

Everything that is evil boils and bubbles, and seethes and runs riot during these humid, heated days when the dog star is in the ascendant.

Happy is the man who is able to keep moderately cool. He will paint nothing red, and he will flee from the argumentative man as he would from a raging lion. He will neither air his own grievances nor listen to those of others. He will slacken his pace, relax his energies, and keep in the shade until the hot wave rolls by.

Fortunately, in this favored region, we may soon look for cool mornings and nights, and bracing mountain breezes. This little touch of torrid heat is nothing. Most of us are able to grin and bear it.

### Down in Lazy-Land.

The railroads have opened Mexico to American enterprise, but the American finds so much down there to make him stare and gasp that he hardly knows what to do.

Even in Mexico City the people take life as easily and lazily as they did before the days of railways and telegraphs. Twenty-nine daily papers are published there, and they are in every way typically Mexican. These morning papers are printed the afternoon before the date of publication. It is a common thing to hear the newsboys crying, "Here's your tomorrow's paper!" and the next morning they are still selling the same papers.

The writers and printers on these dailies cannot be induced to work at night. They do not appreciate the importance of news, and their readers are the same way. Telegrams are frequently laid over two or three days until they are well seasoned, but editorials, essays and literary miscellany appear without delay.

The Mexicans feel a contempt for what we call news. With them ideas are given the preference. Political news is well enough, but their newspapers are not going to bother about the counting up the facts of a [illegible] our crops are, they prefer to wait until [illegible] must retain the [illegible]

the murderer has time to call at the office and give his own version of the matter.

Lazy-land is a good name for Mexico. The people have about one hundred and fifty legal holidays, and they do not hurt themselves working the rest of the time. "Tomorrow" is a word that is on every man's lips. When will a debt be paid? Tomorrow. When will a work of necessity be looked after? Tomorrow. American contractors frequently find their laborers taking a holiday, and the only satisfaction they can get from them is the statement that they will resume work tomorrow.

And yet these people enjoy life, accumulate wealth, have a literature of their own, and equal or excel us in some of the arts and sciences. Perhaps they are the best judges of how they should live under their climatic and other conditions.

Mexico swarms with American investors, railroad men, traders, agents, laborers and adventurers. Already fifty newspapers there are printed in English. Yet this influx of our rushing, energetic countrymen has made scarcely any change. When our people stay there awhile they adopt the customs of the country. Lazy ways suit Lazy-land.

Will steam and electricity ever bring this strange country in touch with the age and the ideas of its northern neighbors? We doubt it. When nature does almost everything for men they are not going to do much for themselves. Doubtless much of our energy is due to the fact that the conditions here make us hustle for a living. We are industrious because idleness means starvation.

### Mr. Watson Again.

As the Patent-Letter-Writer of the Georgia delegation in congress commend us to the Hon. Tom Watson of the tenth district. He has written more cards in less time than there are colors or combination of colors in the rainbow. He writes long cards and short cards, good cards or bad cards, humorous or pathetic—anything to order, and all in a moment's notice. He breaks out today in Savannah, tomorrow in Augusta, this week in Atlanta, the next in Athens. This wonderfully versatile card-writer is out of his element in congress—he should patent his process and take to it as a business.

In a communication to The Athens Banner Congressman Watson undertakes to define his political position. It is a familiar theme and its chief interest lies in the fact that his political position needs a good deal of defining. This is, indeed, an industrious age and if all our statesmen were as busy as Congressman Watson, we should have the heated term twelve months in the year. We have observed that when Mr. Watson is not engaged in speaking he fills up the odd hours by explaining his speeches, defining his position and attacking THE CONSTITUTION.

In his letter to The Banner, he turns aside to make a few flings at the people's newspaper. He says that "THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, with its usual want of manliness and fairness put a construction on the speech which you would never have sanctioned had you first read the speech." As those who heard the speech and those who have read it well know, there was no possibility of misconstruing the statements which Mr. Watson made, and to which the democrats of the state have taken objection. We had supposed that in the heat and excitement of his oratory he had gone farther than he meant to go, that he had said more than he meant to say. But Mr. Watson denies this. He declares that he meant what he said, and that he has nothing to retract. He said in his Atlanta speech that the platforms of the democratic and republican parties were so much alike that it was hard to tell them apart, and it was on this declaration that THE CONSTITUTION called him to order.

Replying to our criticisms, Mr. Watson said that we ought to do him the justice to print his speech in full. As it happened, a stenographic report had been made, and this we laid before the public. This report showed more clearly than our synopsis had shown, that our criticisms were apt and timely. Mr. Watson undertook to review this stenographic report. He called attention to certain verbal inaccuracies of a trivial character, but he did not deny and he never has denied that he made the statement on which THE CONSTITUTION based its criticism. Where Mr. Watson stood when he made his speech he stands now. Instead of showing that the democratic party and the democratic alliancemen are working together with the same end in view, he labeled the democratic and the republican party with his disgust, and bundled them off to limbo together.

In his letter to The Banner Mr. Watson tries to justify himself by criticising certain prominent democrats. He is down on Cleveland, down on Hill, down on Brice, and down on Roswell P. Flower. He seems to regard these men as the democratic party, and wants everybody else to so regard them. His objection to Mr. Flower is particularly childish. He says the democratic party keeps at the head of the congressional campaign committee Mr. Roswell Flower, a national banker. Does Mr. Watson want the democratic party to make war on national bankers instead of on the inadequate and inefficient national bank system? Our remembrance is that Mr. Flower did some extraordinary work during the last congressional campaign. As chairman of the congressional committee he deserves large credit for the overwhelming democratic victory last November. It is to be feared that there are very few democrats who would suit Mr. Watson, and those who heard or read his Atlanta speech need not be told the reason.

Mr. Watson continues to flatter himself that THE CONSTITUTION is "angry" at him for "other things," and, not daring to attack him directly about these "other things," jumped on his speech. This is the basis of an attractive spectacle—Mr. Tom Watson dancing on the pinnacle of a tremendous mystery. In accounting for the "anger" of THE CONSTITUTION, however, Mr. Watson does not account for the "anger" of nine-tenths of his audience, and of all the democratic newspapers of the state. What "other things" are they angry about? If we are to have a mystery, let us have a large round one—one that can be blown up now and saved over as a Christmas gun.

Mr. Watson declares that THE CONSTITUTION is in favor of protection, and in saying this, he descends to willful and deliberate misrepresentation. With Mr. Randall and other democrats we questioned the expediency of pressing such a measure as the Mills bill at that time, as we were first in favor of having the democratic president succeed himself. Subsequent events justified our position, but when the party spoke at St. Louis, THE CONSTITUTION cheerfully surrendered to the combined wisdom there assembled.

Mr. Watson now says that he wants the democratic party to correct its errors. He does not point out the errors, although he says they are vital. They cannot be errors of legislation, for the party has never had legislative control of the country. If they are errors of organization, they are not important enough for Mr. Watson to worry with them.

IT IS SAID that Baby McKee cries every time the name of Mr. Blaine is mentioned. No doubt the child has been frightened by the pictures in the comic paper edited by his Uncle Russ.

EMPEROR WILLIAM is having a new crown made. According to all accounts, there ought to be a good deal of brass in it.

SECRETARY FOSTER is trying to cover up the deficiency in the treasury with memories of the surplus. As a financier, Mr. Foster graduated in an Ohio grocery store, where he was a complete success.

IF CLARKSON gets up sociables and picnics in favor of Harrison, Quay will have to follow with progressive whist parties in favor of Blaine.

THE BOSTON GLOBE wants "an efficient fog-lifter." What's the matter with Benjy Foraker?

THE MCKINLEY law has not only not opened any new markets, but it has not increased the wages of a single workingman.

THE SOUTH DAKOTA thermometers are running up to 100 and 110. Wouldn't it be well for the sweltering and blizzard-ridden population of that state to come to Georgia where they can cool off in the summer and warm up in winter?

MISS HULDAH ARNOLD, of Milford, Mass., celebrated her one hundreth birthday last Friday. But, for the fact that she has smoked every day since she was fourteen, she would probably have celebrated her one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary.

WHEN IS CLARKSON going to give his first republican campaign ball?

## EDITORIAL COMMENT.

A PARIS LETTER tells of a very simple way of reducing flesh. Thanks to this means, a colonel who was threatened to be obliged to retire from the army, as he was so heavy that it required two men to lift him into the saddle, became thin in a few weeks, and to such an extent that he had to take means to recover, in a measure, what he had lost. It was to his doctor that he was indebted for becoming a general. The means consisted simply in never eating more than one dish at each meal, no matter what that dish may be, and a person may consume as much as the stomach can bear, and satisfy the appetite without the least reserve. Nevertheless, nothing but the one dish should be taken: no condiments, or soups, or supplementary desserts should be allowed. This system was recommended to a lady who was slightly obese, and who put it into practice with the best results. The lady observed that she suffered no inconvenience whatever from this diet, and the result obtained by the medical officer may be well understood, as she found by her own experience that the partaking of only one dish, whether it be meat, fish or vegetables, brought on a sense of satiety much sooner than if she had partaken of a variety of dishes, whence the effect of relative abstinence.

THE HOMESTEAD law of Texas sometimes acts harshly for creditors. A letter from Austin says that a cattleman failed a short time ago and the creditors took possession of the property, subject to attachment. The man's family lives in a house for which they have been offered $50,000. The price asked is $75,000. This is made possible by the peculiar homestead exemption law of Texas. The homestead cannot be taken for debt. And the homestead is defined to be a piece of ground costing not more than $5,000 and whatever improvements there may be thereon. In this case the residence is the finest in the city where it is located. It is one of the finest in Texas. It cost more than $50,000, but it is entirely out of reach of the creditors of the estate. It is therefore easy for a man in Texas to tie up a fortune in his homestead.

JOHN LACID, a farmer of Bethel, N. Y., has been sent to the insane asylum under singular circumstances. Lacid's delusion is that some confederate soldiers are after him to take him back to Andersonville prison. A few days ago he hid in a swamp to escape from them. He was a prisoner at Andersonville during the war.

## JUDGE CRISP ABROAD.

### He Is Now on His Way for a Tour of the Northwest.

AMERICUS, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—Judge Crisp left today for Kansas City, where he will begin a series of speeches on the political questions of the day, and will make a tour of two weeks in the cities of Missouri.

### Crisp in Missouri.

From The Kansas City Times.

Missouri will enjoy a long visit from Judge Crisp this month—long for one of the most sought after public men in the country. He will begin at the Lone Jack meeting Saturday, and deliver a number of speeches.

There was a time when a belief was current that in politics southern men were fiery, impassioned and somewhat careless of consequences, while the northerners were cooler and more circumspect. If Judge Crisp chances to be speaker of the fifty-second congress the contrast between him and the leading republicans of the last house will indicate that the difference exists no longer. Kansas City people remember the logical, dispassionate address on taxation delivered here before the commercial congress and the readiness with which questions were answered and thrusts parried. They remember also at the banquet the patriotic speech in which everything that might in the least offend anybody present was dexterously avoided. The republican speakers who followed him, conspicuously Major Warner and Mr. Thatcher, by no means imitated his tact and provoked irritation which the city regretted.

It will be an item for history if the adversities of the south have created a generation of especially level-headed men. Senator Gorman, Judge Crisp and Senator Carlisle are the three contemporary leaders in American politics who are beyond others fair, wise, restrained and tactful. The insolence of ex-Speaker Reed, the ill-tempered querulousness of Senator Hoar, the former malignance of Senator Ingalls, the extreme position of Major McKinley and the uncurbed vituperation of Congressman Cannon have shown to disadvantage beside the moderation of the three southern democrats.

Judge Crisp's visit to western Missouri will be the chief feature of our off-year meetings. His speeches will be strong and true to the spirit of his party. No man in public life would command a warmer welcome than he will receive.

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

### A Name Proposed.

HAPEVILLE, Ga., August 12.—Editor Constitution: I notice the incorporators and friends of our new town, Manchester, are casting about for a new name. Allow me to suggest to them by all means to name it "Grady." What name is so appropriate or wider known? This will not only meet the approval of all Georgians but all of the lamented Grady's friends from ocean to ocean.

Allow me further to suggest to the legislature to accept the soldiers' home on the terms offered them simultaneous with the naming of the new town in his honor. Why build a monument and a hospital to his memory and allow this home to go by default, when they ought to know it was as much his labor of love and one of his last works? Shame on those who oppose it! Are our old veterans to beg or go to poorhouses when a nice home awaits them? I trow not. Fraternally,

GEORGE W. HOWARD.

### Death from Sunstroke.

AUGUSTA, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—Coroner Clark held an inquest today over Susan Hill, the eight-year-old negro girl who died suddenly from a heat-stroke.

## TO REDUCE EXPENSES.

### TWO HUNDRED RICHMOND AND DANVILLE SHOP HANDS

### Given the First of a Series of Vacations—A General Shut-Down All Over the Terminal System.

The Terminal is cutting down running expenses again.

And the cut has struck Atlanta.

This time the cut is among the mechanics and workmen in the shops.

Recently the high-muck-a-mucks of the big system put their heads together to devise ways and means of reducing expenses.

The plan reached was to make temporary shutdowns in the shops all along the line, giving the men a vacation as it were—a vacation that they were forced to take without pay.

These vacations were arranged to occur a day or two in each week so that the shops would run about three weeks in each month until the company had replenished its treasury sufficiently to be able to put on the regular schedule again.

A general order to this effect was officially promulgated, but the superintendents were called into a conference and given their instructions.

So Tuesday morning when the workmen at the Atlanta shops reported for work, they were notified that there would be no need for them for that day.

The furnaces were not fired up and the musical ring of the anvil was not heard in the shops.

At the same time the employes were informed that they would be cheerfully granted leaves of absence for a week or more at a time if they wanted it, as there was not much work on hand and the shops could not run on regular time with a full force of hands.

Yesterday the hands were at work again, but under the new order they will get several more days of vacation this month.

As a rule the employes take the matter philosophically. They would rather be laid off a few days than discharged.

There are about two hundred and fifty men employed in the Atlanta shops and the monthly pay roll amounts to about thirteen or fourteen thousand dollars.

Of course the bulk of this money goes to Atlanta merchants and if the employes have to stint themselves one-fourth on account of working three weeks a month instead of four, there will be just one-fourth of that amount not put in circulation.

Superintendent Hammond said yesterday that the shops are usually occupied at this time of the year in doing work in advance for the rough season and providing for estimated growth and increase of business, and that in making this reduction the company simply determined to put off this work until it is actually needed. It is only done at this season to keep the men busy, as there is not enough regular work in the dull months to give employment to the force required in the busy season.

It is estimated that the Terminal will save something like one hundred thousand dollars per month by the order shutting down the shops all over the system one week in the month.

### The Chautauqua Schedule Off.

A new schedule takes effect on the Georgia Pacific today.

The chautauqua train is off.

This is the train which left in the afternoon at 2:30 o'clock and returned at 10:30 o'clock at night.

The train that left at 9:10 o'clock in the morning and returned at 5:20 o'clock in the afternoon also comes off. It will, however, run on Sundays.

On the Georgia Pacific the schedule to Lithia Springs now is:

Leave Atlanta at 4:05 p. m., 6 p. m. and 11:45 p. m.

Returning, arrive in Atlanta at 6:30 a. m., 8:40 a. m. and 12:15 noon.

The East Tennessee schedule to Lithia Springs remains the same.

So Atlantians who want to enjoy the attractions of Lithia will still be pretty well cared for by the railroads.

### Over the Macon and Northern.

Superintendent Hammond, of the Richmond and Danville, will leave in his special car today for a trip over the Macon and Northern.

"We are now laying twelve and a half miles of steel rail on the Macon and Northern," said Superintendent Hammond yesterday, "and this will give us about thirty miles of steel rails in all. The balance of the iron rails are in good condition and we will, in the course of two or three weeks, have a strictly first-class road bed. These new rails are being put down between Athens and Harmony Grove.

"We have not yet got our trains running through from Macon to Lula, but the schedule is about completed and we will have it in operation by the 23d.

### Into Fields New.

Charles Shattuc, traveling passenger agent of the Ohio and Mississippi, was in Atlanta yesterday.

While here he bought twenty-five sewing machines.

Charley, whose home is in Griffin, has branched out. With his son he has established in Griffin a shirt and underware manufactory, and the twenty-five sewing machines which he purchased yesterday are to be used in his new enterprise.

He will not leave his old haunts, however. While the genial Shattuck senior is talking up the "O & M" around about over the country, his son will remain at the business helm of the shirt and underwear factory at home.

You just can't keep a good railroader down.

### Bonanza Boomers.

The harvest excursion was the biggest thing in town yesterday. It was the second installment.

Both the Atlanta and West Point and Louisville and Nashville and the Georgia Pacific and Queen and Crescent routes sent out big crowds, despite the fact that the excursion had been advertised only five days in advance.

As Captain Fred Bush puts it, the boys just simply hustled, that's all.

H. G. Thorpe, general passenger agent, and Ed. Sissons, general passenger agent of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe, with headquarters at Galveston, Tex, were in the city yesterday.

Mr. C. N. Kight, assistant general passenger agent of the East Tennessee, accompanied by Mrs. Kight, has gone down to Cumberland to spend a week's vacation.

During Mr. Kight's absence, Mr. Charley Hopkins, the popular traveling passenger agent of the East Tennessee, is acting in his stead.

Superintendent McBee, of the Central division of the Richmond and Danville, was in the city yesterday. He came through Atlanta on his way to Savannah, to hear Mr. Calhoun's speech before the legislature. Mr. McBee left for Savannah in his special car at 7:10 o'clock last evening.

## CULP LEAVES THE L. AND N.

### And Becomes Assistant Traffic Manager of the Richmond and Danville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 12.—John M. Culp, general freight agent of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, has resigned to become assistant traffic manager of the Richmond and Danville lines. He will be located at Atlanta, Ga.

### The Freight Discriminations.

AUGUSTA, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—A public meeting will be held at the exchange Friday, at noon, to discuss and try to obviate the freight discrimination of the Louisville and Nashville and the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railways, which will go into effect on the 15th.

### Increase of Railroad Values.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 12.—[Special.]—The value of all railway property in this state, assessed by the railway commissioners for taxation, is $18,444,000. This shows an increase of about 25 per cent.

## MRS. R. J. M'KEON

### DIES SUDDENLY AT HER HOME LAST NIGHT.

### While Entertaining Company, Mrs. McKeon Is Seized with Paralysis of the Brain and Dies in a Few Hours.

Mrs. R. J. McKeon died very suddenly just before 12 o'clock last night at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Martin Dooly, on Mangum street.

Paralysis of the brain was the cause of her death.

Sad and pathetic were the circumstances surrounding the good lady's death.

The Dooly residence has long been one of the most hospitable and entertaining in Atlanta, and all day yesterday Mrs. Dooly, assisted by Mrs. McKeon, was busy preparing for an entertainment. One of the church societies was to assemble there in the evening, and it was with a right happy heart that the two ladies arranged for the entertainment of their coming guests.

Early in the evening, or rather late in the afternoon, the guests began arriving. The beautiful home was brilliantly illuminated, and every comfort and delight accurately arranged. For a while Mrs. McKeon was among the guests as happy and entertaining as ever.

She appeared to be in her usual perfect health.

Just before 7 o'clock she left the parlors, and, going out upon the veranda, sat down. In a short time some one heard a strange sound near the lady, and, glancing around, found her clutching at the railing.

It took but a second to ascertain that Mrs. McKeon was quite ill, and Mrs. Dooly was called. When she reached Mrs. McKeon's side, Mrs. Dooly found her unable to speak. She was quickly carried to her chamber, and messengers were dispatched hurriedly for medical aid and for the priest.

Dr. F. H. Orme quickly responded, and a second after looking at Mrs. McKeon realized that she was suffering with paralysis of the brain, and that her condition was hopeless. After a more careful examination Dr. Orme informed the family that Mrs. McKeon could not possibly live until morning.

Then he withdrew, leaving the room to the heart-broken relatives and the good father who had long been the lady's spiritual adviser.

With Dr. Orme went the guests, bowed in grief at the great sorrow which had come to them all.

Mrs. McKeon sank rapidly, and just before midnight passed away.

She never spoke after the stroke, though it was apparent to those around her that she wanted to say something.

Than Mrs. McKeon there was not a more widely known, highly respected and accomplished lady in Atlanta.

For seventeen years—ever since the system was inaugurated, in fact—she had been a teacher in the public schools and was one of the best qualified and most successful in the system. Before the public schools opened she taught a private school, and there, too, was successful.

Mrs. McKeon was born in Ireland and was about fifty-nine years of age. Early in life she married Hon. Thomas McKeon, a resident of New Orleans, who was a member of the Louisiana legislature.

After her husband's death Mrs. McKeon came to Atlanta, where she has since lived. She was a woman of most excellent education, and gave her life to the good work of helping others. All who knew her loved her, and when her sudden death is known there will be genuine sorrow and sadness in many Atlanta homes.

No arrangements for the funeral have been made.

### A Young Man's Death.

Mr. Emory S. Petty, a young man twenty-five years of age, died at his home, 25 Reed street, on Tuesday night, after a long illness from typhoid pneumonia. He moved to Atlanta two years ago from Henry county, his former home, and was connected while here with the Dixie Lumber Company. Among employers and employes he was well liked.

Mr. Petty leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss. The funeral will take place from the residence at 10 o'clock this morning. The body will be taken to Stockbridge for burial.

### Mrs. Robinson's Funeral.

The funeral of Mrs. Jane E. L. Robinson took place yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. The services were held at the residence, 89 Thompson street, and were attended by a large circle of the lady's friends.

## MAJOR BACON ON CIGARETTES.

### He Thinks Grown Men Need no Law on the Subject.

The Macon Telegraph has the following interesting interview with Major A. O. Bacon:

Major Bacon had to stand a little chaff from the boys, old and young, on the corner yesterday. He had just returned from Atlanta where he had been before the committee of the legislature to argue against the cigarette bill which is now under consideration and which makes it a crime to manufacture or sell cigarettes in the state of Georgia. The major stood the chaff well enough until they began crowding him a little and then he rounded on the boys, and it would have done your heart good to see them "git." All except the Corner Man, and he, conscious of having said something against cigarette smoking at one time, wanted to crawl away somewhere, but the gutter and sewer opening at the corner were an impossibility; the late rains and sand wash have put those "out of sight," so he had to take it while the others listened.

"Look here," said the major, "you fellows think I have been up to Atlanta talking about a small thing, but I want to show you that I have been talking about a mighty big thing, and I have been trying to save the states of Virginia, Georgia and Carolina a total annual revenue of $4,000,000."

"Four million dollars! Yes, sir, $4,000,000," and the major repeated the words with such force that the Corner Man felt ashamed of himself, he was so poor. "Four million dollars," went on the major, "is the income derived by the farmers of these three states from the sale of the 15,000,000 pounds of tobacco purchased by the manufacturers of cigarettes, and used by them in the manufacture of what you are pleased to call the 'death stick.'"

Horrors! These were the very words used by the Corner Man, and the major was after him sure enough.

"What I went there to protect," he went on, "was not the men who want to make cigarettes, but the income derived from the tobacco used in the cigarettes, which is $4,000,000 each year. Perhaps you think that this is not worth protecting.

"I am not arguing for the use of cigarettes by minors, for I wish with all my heart that the law already existing, which is for such cases, made and provided, could be more strictly enforced. Nor am I arguing in favor of adulterated cigarettes, but I do say that it is the most undemocratic paternalism to say to a grown up man you shall not smoke a pure cigarette because it disagrees with you, or for a legislature to say to a manufacture, you shall not make or sell these cigarettes because some of our constituents may inhale them and die of tobacco-heart or diseased circulation. It is the same thing as saying to the farmers of Georgia you must not raise tobacco, which is one of your most money-making crops, because we think tobacco is generally obnoxious and is not good for men to smoke."

If the major had the rest of the crowd as much on his side as he had the crowd that was listening to him that particular cigarette bill is as dead as mutton.

"Just what I said all along," said the Corner Man, "let the grown up men smoke cigarettes until they are cold in death if they wish to do so, but draw the protecting line so close around minors that they cannot smoke cigarettes at all."

### Mrs. Wynn Dead.

MACON, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—Mrs. Esseliny Wynn, one of Macon's old citizens, died today at her home on Fourth street. She was over sixty years old at the time of her death. Mrs. Wynn was the mother of Mrs. T. L. Tankersley, of Macon, and the grandmother of Mrs. G. H. Avant. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

## WILL INVESTIGATE

### THE CHARGES THAT SEVERAL [illegible] BERS OF THE LEGISLATURE

### Offered to Sell Out in the Senatorial [illegible] Resolution Passed—Mr. Oattes Talks. What Col. Livingston Has to Say.

The following resolution was introduced in the house yesterday morning by Mr. Oattes, of Muscogee county, and after being immediately transmitted to the senate, was passed and concurred in by that body:

Whereas, Charges are being circulated over the state that during the race for United States senator at the fall term of this general assembly as many as eight members of the legislature sold their votes, or suffered their votes offered for sale; and, whereas, said report is a reflection upon the general assembly; therefore, be it

Resolved, by the house, the senate concurring, That a committee of three from the house and two from the senate be appointed to investigate said charges.

Resolved, further, That said committee be authorized to send for persons and papers and administer oaths to witnesses.

The reading of the resolution naturally created a sensation in both houses.

To a CONSTITUTION reporter Mr. Oattes said: "I introduced the resolution simply to protect those members of the house against whom this report has been directed, though I will frank to say that no name has ever been mentioned and that the charges have been made only in a general way."

"Who made such charges?"

"I don't care to go into details now, but I know that statements of this sort have been made, and if the men who have made them have got spunk enough they can rack up before the committee and tell their story."

"When were the charges made?"

"I don't care to say anything further on the subject. Suffice it to say that men have pronounced outright that eight members of the legislature offered their votes for sale at the senatorial election. I don't believe it is true, and for this reason I introduced the resolution. I want the matter sifted fully and the legislature has gone to the bottom of it. The fact will be established in my mind that there is nothing in the charge. Several members of the legislature, having heard about the matter, agreed with me that it ought to be taken up by the general assembly, and, acting on this suggestion, I introduced the resolution."

### What About It?

While Mr. Oattes would not go any further into details, it was on the tongue of almost every member that he based the resolution on a conversation reported to have been held between Colonel L. F. Livingston and the president of the Muscogee County Alliance. Indeed a number of members said that Mr. Oattes had made that statement to them, and it was generally commented on before the resolution was introduced. When asked about this Mr. Oattes said:

"I don't care to be quoted in any further remarks than those I have already made."

The story goes that Colonel Livingston, in Muscogee county some time ago, and in a conversation with the president of the Muscogee County Alliance, made the statement that eight members of the legislature had expressed a willingness to sell their votes in the senatorial race.

The president of the Muscogee County Alliance told Mr. Oattes of the alleged conversation, and by yesterday morning it was in the mouth of every member of the house.

The friends of Colonel Livingston claim that he had made any such statement and said that the president of the Muscogee County Alliance had misunderstood him.

Colonel Livingston was out of the city being in Athens attending the state agricultural convention.

THE CONSTITUTION telegraphed its correspondent of the resolution and instructed him to see Colonel Livingston and to get from him what he had to say. His story is told below.

### Colonel Livingston Heard From.

ATHENS, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—The correspondent called upon Hon. L. F. Livingston, president of the state alliance, who is now in attendance upon the convention of the State Agricultural Society in this city, and asked him concerning the statement that he had made to the president of the Muscogee alliance, that eight members of the legislature had offered to sell out in the late senatorial election. Mr. Livingston smiled and replied said:

"I do not remember the conversation or the presrdent of the Muscogee alliance in regard to the legislators offering to sell their votes in the senatorial contest. I know of no one that so offered to sell out. Everybody remembers that the air was full of rumors of corruption on both sides. If I had a conversation as indicated, it was simply in reference to these rumors."

Beyond this Mr. Livingston stated that he had nothing to say about the matter. He has nothing more about it than is embodied in his statement to your correspondent.

## FEDERATION OF TRADES TO MEET

### They Will Hold an Important Meeting Tonight.

The Federations of Trades will hold a regular meeting tonight at trades union hall, corner Broad and Mitchell streets, at 8 o'clock.

All mechanics, journeymen, carpenters, tailors, printers, glassblowers, stove mounters, machinery moulders, machinists, stationary engineers, plumbers, blacksmiths, [illegible] tinners, carriage trimmers, book binders, bricklayers, masons, stonemasons, cabinet makers, cigarmakers, street car drivers, conductors, motormen, weavers, cotton factory operatives or any other trades not mentioned are invited to attend. All members of the federation must be present. A full delegation from every union are urged to be present.

### The Bullet Struck Him.

CUSSETA, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—Adams, colored, took umbrage at James Anderson Monday morning, [illegible] tempting to arrest him for stealing a cow. Willis Coleman, and while trying to escape the clutches of the law, fired his pistol. The parting salute, at the offending officer, was returned in double-quick time with effect. The ball hit Adams in the back, and was extricated by Drs. Gordy and Howard.

### Dr. Hockenhull Dangerously Hurt.

CUMMING, Ga., August 12.—Special.—While returning from a visit to a patient, Dr. John Hockenhull's horse became frightened and ran away, throwing the doctor out of his buggy and hurting him, it is thought, quite seriously. Dr. Mays was passing, and, together with the driver, placed the wounded physician in his buggy and brought him to his home in this city, where at this writing he is resting very easily.

### Thrown From His Buggy.

AMERICUS, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—Eshton Buchanan, the young son of Mr. Sepp Buchanan, narrowly escaped a serious accident in the city today. While driving down Spring street his horse became unmanageable, throwing the young man against a lamp post, inflicting a severe wound in the head. Dr. Hawkins dressed the wounds and it is hoped the young man will soon recover.

## THE WEATHER REPORT

WASHINGTON, August 12.—Forecast for today: Generally fair, except in scattered portions of the state; stationary temperature in the southern, slightly cooler in the northern portions; variable winds.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

ATLANTA, Ga., August 12.—7 a. m.—Barometer, 30.12; thermometer, 75; dew point, 72; wind, southeast; velocity, 5; rainfall, .05; cloudless.

7 p. m.—Barometer, 30.04; temperature, 89; dew point, 71; calm; rainfall, .15; cloudless.

Maximum temperature, 89; minimum temperature, 71; rainfall, .20.

# THREE OUTS NEEDED

### IN THE LAST INNING OF YESTERDAY'S GAME

**In Order to Determine the Victors—It Was a Pretty and Hard-Fought Contest—To Play Again Today.**

There has not been a prettier game at Piedmont park this year than that played yesterday.

Atlanta was out-batted two to one, but with her old time luck she got there.

And for a while it looked as though Nashville's pets would never cross the rubber.

But in spite of some wretched fielding the visitors pulled up in such a way as to give the local club a bad scare.

A single hit in the ninth inning would have tied the game.

Two more evenly matched teams are difficult to find. The Nashvilles in their dark gray suits reminded the crowd of the old Southern league days, when rivalry was at fever heat and when every victory was hotly contested.

A large audience, with the '85 enthusiasm, saw the former scenes renewed and cheered the many good plays of both sides, and they had frequent opportunity for showing their appreciation.

Best of all, Atlanta forged ahead and remained so to the wire.

At the beginning of the ninth the score stood 5 to 1. No one expected to see any more runs, or at least not many more.

But Nashville was not the kind of club to die that easily. She not alone intended scoring, but still wished victory.

Bob Hammons made an infield hit and then up went the coachers to win with their lungs, if possible. Hammons immediately started to steal second. A good throw put him out and spoiled the chances of the visitors for the time being.

Irwin hit a troublesome grounder and reached first. He immediately stole second, and on Martin's hit to Merrill went to third. Martin reached second. The most interesting stage of the game began right here. When Milliron drove a pretty liner to left center, both men crossed the plate. There was but one out and Nashville was working hard to win.

Milliron stole second, Foreight made another hit to left center and the center fielder easily scored. Foreight, too, stole second.

It could hardly have been more exciting. There was still but one out and a man on second, and the best batters were to come. Another run was highly probable, and that would have tied the score. To add to Nashville's chances, Turner was being hit very freely in this inning.

Orwill stepped up. The clever left fielder hit a fly to short right which looked good for a timely hit. It went foul, and Roach, by a pretty run, captured it. Then Hammons, who had lined out a triple the previous time at bat, faced Turner. He did not prove equal to the emergency, and fell a victim to three strikes.

Atlanta had won and everybody was jubilant.

Nashville can attribute her defeat to the wretched support accorded Hammons. Watkins at the second, missed four out of six chances, and through these errors most of the runs were built up.

The visitors' battery work was splendid. Hammons allowed but six hits to be made off him and struck out eleven men; while Foreight caught and threw well and did not have a single passed ball.

For Atlanta Turner was not as effective as usual, yet most of Nashville's hits were well scattered. Brown's throwing was perhaps the best feature of the game, and like Foreight, not a ball escaped him.

All in all it was a contest one likes to look at. Lagomarsino, Glenn and Roach frequently distinguished themselves and were loudly applauded. Atlanta never played in better luck. There was a great deal of kicking by Nashville at Woodside's umpiring, but his decisions were fair every time. There were, it is true, a number of close plays, but Atlanta got and deserved the benefit of them.

Their victory over a team of professionals is one to be proud of, and today they will try to duplicate yesterday's performance. Nashville is fully as strong as the Deppens, however, and it will require the hardest kind of work to do it.

The score was:

| ATLANTA. | R. | BH. | PO. | A. | E. | NASHVILLE. | R. | BH. | PO. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Glenn, 3b | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 | Sullivan, ss | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Turner, p | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | R. Ham'ns, rf | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Marshall, 2b | 1 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 1 | Irwin, 2b | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Coppedge, rf | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Martin, 1b | 1 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Lag'sino, lf | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | Milliron, cf | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Brown, c | 2 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | Foreight, c | 0 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1 |
| Roach, 1b | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | Orwill, lf | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Merrill, ss | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | F. Ham'ns, p | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| Stone, cf | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Watkins, 2b | 0 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Total | 5 | 6 | 27 | 18 | 3 | Total | 4 | 12 | 24 | 8 | 10 |

Score by innings:

Nashville .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 3— 4
Atlanta .....0 1 3 0 0 0 1 0 *— 5

Summary: Bases on balls—Atlanta, 3. Struck out—By Turner, 4; by Hammons, 11. Left on bases—Nashville, 4; Atlanta, 10. Two-base hits—Turner, Foreight. Three-base hit—F. Hammons. Time of game—One hour and forty-two minutes. Umpire—Woodsides.

**The Game Today.**

No one who saw yesterday's game will stay away today if he can help it. The baseball being furnished Atlantians is of a kind to stimulate their appetite for more, and another big crowd will be on hand this afternoon.

The contest promises to be close and exciting, and played with the same vim that characterized the one yesterday.

Butler will pitch for Atlanta, while Milliron will occupy the box for the visitors.

The teams, as they have been arranged, are:

| ATLANTA. | POSITIONS. | NASHVILLE. |
|---|---|---|
| Butler | Pitcher | Milliron |
| Brown | Catcher | Mazena |
| Roach | First base | Martin |
| Marshall | Second base | Watkins |
| Merrill | Short stop | Sullivan |
| Glenn | Third base | Irwin |
| Lagomarsino | Left field | Orwill |
| Turner | Center field | Milliron |
| Coppedge | Right field | R. Hammons |

**The Thomaston-Macon Games.**

MACON, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—Decidedly the most important ball games played in Macon this season is the series of games now being played between Thomaston and Macon at Central City park. Three games will be played for the amateur championship of the state and gate money. Large crowds witness the games every day and great enthusiasm is manifested. The Thomastons play better ball than the home boys and, indeed, their playing is hard to equal anywhere. Notwithstanding this the Maconites have been so far victorious. There is much dissatisfaction manifested over the umpire, and the Thomastons are not at all pleased with their treatment from this quarter. Tomorrow finishes the games.

**How the Baseball Games Played Yesterday Resulted.**

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Louisville.
Louisville .....0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1— 3
Baltimore .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0
Base hits—Louisville, 11; Baltimore, 5. Errors—Louisville, 1; Baltimore, 2. Batteries—Fitzgerald and Ryan, Mahon and Robinson.

At St. Louis.
St. Louis .....0 0 1 0 0 4 1 1 0— 7
Washington .....3 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0— 5
Base hits—St. Louis, 12; Washington, 7. Errors—St. Louis, 4; Washington, 2. Batteries—McGill and Boyle, Carsey and Wickliffe.

At Cincinnati.
Cincinnati .....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 5— 7
Boston .....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0— 2
Base hits—Cincinnati, 12; Boston, 10. Errors—Cincinnati, 3; Boston, 5. Batteries—Mains and Vaughn, Haines and Murphy.

At Columbus.
Columbus .....0 0 0 0 1 1 0 2 0— 4
Athletics .....0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0— 2
Base hits—Columbus, 9; Athletics, 4. Errors—Columbus, 3; Athletics, 2. Batteries—Dolan and Donahue, Weyhing and Milligan.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston.
Boston .....3 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 1— 7
Pittsburg .....0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0— 4
Base hits—Boston, 13; Pittsburg, 13. Errors—Boston, 3; Pittsburg, 5. Batteries—Nichols, Staley and Bennett; Galvin and Miller.

At Philadelphia.
Philadelphia .....0 0 2 0 1 1 0 3 2— 9
Cleveland .....1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0— 3
Base hits—Philadelphia, 1; Cleveland, 6. Errors—Philadelphia, 1; Cleveland, 0. Batteries—Esper and Clements, Young and Zimmer.

At Brooklyn.
Rain caused the postponement of the Brooklyn-Cincinnati game at Easton park.

At New York.
New York .....0 6 0 0 2 0 0 0 0— 8
Chicago .....0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0— 2
Base hits—New York, 11; Chicago, 8. Errors—New York, 5; Chicago, 5. Batteries—Rusie and Buckley, Gumbert and Kittredge.

**Jerome Park Races.**

JEROME PARK, August 12.—The track was in first-class shape. In the first race Greta colt fell, throwing Monahan, his jockey, and stepping on his chest. The boy received concussion of the brain and internal injuries.

First race, sweepstakes, for two-year-olds, $1,000 added, half a mile, Fagot won, Picalilli second, Marmont third. Time, 0:49.

Second race, selling sweepstakes, $1,000 added, six furlongs, Little Fred won, Trelliswood second, Mr. Sass third. Time, 1:18½.

Third race, sweepstakes, $1,000 added, five furlongs, Contribution won, Key West second, Kingstock third. Time, 1:01½.

Fourth race, selling, sweepstakes, $1,000 added, 1,400 yards, Sobo won, Lima second, Strideaway third. Time, 1:22¼.

Fifth race, handicap for two-year-olds, $1,000 added, six furlongs, Wah Jim won, Shenandoah second, Canvass third. Time, 1:19.

Sixth race, handicap steeplechase, $750 added, short course, Bassanee won, Gladiator second, Vizcur third. Time, 3:33½.

**Saratoga Races.**

SARATOGA, August 12.—Extra day.

First race, five furlongs, O. P. B. won, Gray Goose second, John Winkle third. Time, 1:04¾.

Second race, for five-year-olds and upwards, five yards and two furlongs, Tormenter won, Costa Rica second, Bell d'Or third. Time, 1:10.

Third race, for three-year-olds and upwards mile and one-sixteenth, Abi won, Now or Never, second, Versatile third. Time, 1:51.

Fourth race, for two-year-olds, five and one-half furlongs, Prince of Darkness won, Fillide second, King Mac third. Time, 1:11.

Fifth race, for three-year-olds and upwards, six and one-half furlongs, Gertie D won, Bustard second, Long Leaf third. Time, 1:23½.

**Accident on the Track.**

PHILADELPHIA, August 12.—George Bushnell, a jockey, died last night from injuries received while riding the horse Alfred B. in a race at Gloucester yesterday. Governor Roberts, ridden by Jockey Merrick, fell at the upper end of the back stretch and broke his leg. The horses Davis and Alfred B. were running so close behind Governor Roberts that they were unable to turn out, and both stumbled and fell over the fallen horse, falling on their jockies, Eddie Carr and Bushnell. Both jockeys were badly injured, and Bushnell died in the night. Merrick, who rode Governor Roberts, escaped injury.

## FROM OUR NOTEBOOKS.

**—The Cotton Factory Cracker.**

THE CONSTITUTION, with characteristic enterprise, employed Mrs. Felton to visit the factories and write what she saw in answer to Miss de Graffenried in The Century. Mrs. Felton did her work ably, and has received the thanks of the people of Georgia. The Period, the leading illustrated paper of the south, secured photographs of the people who work in the factories, and the houses in which they live. The two pictures produced in the current number of The Period, were taken at Athens, Ga., from the most ordinary people of this class in the state. The photograph of the people and the house is not idealized, and the engraver has not even half-toned the pictures. Mr. Kemble has had his hearing in THE CONSTITUTION as to his fancy sketches. The Period has no artist except the camera; no thought except the sunshine, and no purpose except the truth and the people.

**—Another Atlantian.**

Mr. Harvey L. Perry, of Decatur, will soon move to Inman Park. He has purchased a large lot on Delta Place in the park upon which he will build a handsome home.

**—Wanted for Murder.**

Deputy Sheriff John B. Lamar, of Sumter county, was in Atlanta yesterday after a requisition for Boly Daniels, a negro wanted in Americus for murder. The negro is now in Florida. Sheriff Lamar is one of Sumter's leading men, a splendid officer, and as popular a man as can be found in that section.

**—Taking His Vacation.**

Station House Keeper W. E. Foute, who was granted ten days leave of absence by the commissioners, began taking his vacation yesterday. He expects to spend part of his time at Cumberland island. During his absence Patrolman Bradley Slaughter is acting in his place.

**—A Negro's Bean Vine.**

Will Robinson, a negro connected with the station house, boasts a great bean vine at his home on Ivy street. He says the seed were planted forty-two days ago and now the vine is twenty feet five inches long. He has already gotten about two bushels of beans from it. At least he said he had gotten "two messes," and that it took a pile to make a "mess for a nigger."

**—To Come Up Saturday.**

The case against W. S. Carroll for larceny after trust will come up before Judge Landrum Saturday. Much sympathy is expressed for Mr. Carroll, and both he and his friends state that he has simply been unfortunate in his business affairs. The warrant was sworn out by Mrs. Virginia F. Bessent, grandmother of Miss Carroll on her mother's side.

**—Sasser Gets the Trunk.**

Judge Landrum announced his decision yesterday in the trunk case—the one where the two students of Moore's business college and their landlady, Mrs. Mashburn, were involved. He decided that the trunk belonged to young Sasser. The other side announced that the case would be carried higher, and the clothes in the trunk may be long out of style before anybody gets a chance to wear them.

**—His Thirty-Second Birthday.**

Yesterday Dr. Jacobs was given a beautiful gold-headed cane by his employes, who thereby testified their appreciation of his kindness toward them. The occasion was the celebration of Dr. Jacobs's thirty-second birthday. It was a neat compliment to a very popular man.

**—A Lively Jump.**

An old negro named Alfred Chambers leaped from the trestle at East End night before last to avoid being struck by the dummy. The jump was a long one, and was enough to kill an ordinary man, but it did not hurt Chambers much. He received only a few bruises. The negro was standing on the bridge when he saw the dummy approaching rapidly around the curve, and thought he would be struck unless he made a quick jump. The engineer saw the negro on the bridge and slackened the dummy's speed, but before the bridge was reached the man had made his wild jump.

**—Cousin John Thrasher.**

That royal old-time hotel keeper, "Cousin" John Thrasher, whom most people in Georgia know, is among his Atlanta friends for a short visit. He reached the city yesterday, and was given a hearty welcome by his numerous friends. At present Mr. Thrasher is living in Florida, but it is believed he will soon return to old Georgia, to remain here permanently.

**—Putting the House in Order.**

Work on the custom house has been going on slowly but steadily, and the building is nearly completed. The elevator will soon be in running order. Yesterday several carloads of furniture reached Atlanta. This is designed for the district courtroom, which is to be handsomely furnished. The entire building will be in excellent order by September 1st.

**—Annual Reunion.**

At Dallas, next Thursday, the annual reunion of the Thirty-ninth Georgia regiment will take place. Ample accommodations will be provided for all who attend. It is expected that Atlanta will, as usual, be well represented. The reunion this year promises to be largely attended.

**—Home Again.**

Ora, Emmie and Johnnie Landrum have returned from a pleasant visit to Griffin.

**—A Flash of Lightning.**

Yesterday afternoon, when the electric storm was at its worst, Mrs. H. D. Harris, who lives at No. 47 Fortune street, received a shock from lightning which gave her a terrible scare and a painful jolting. Mrs. Ben Knott, who resides next door to Mrs. Harris, was also shocked by the same stroke. Neither lady was badly hurt.

**—Rev. R. S. Barrett Improving.**

The many friends of the Rev. R. S. Barrett will be glad to hear that his condition has much improved and he has been pronounced out of danger. Mr. Barrett contracted a severe cold when in Scotland which culminated in such serious complication a week ago that he was thought to be in a serious condition.

**—Corner Stone.**

The corner stone of Bethel African Methodist Episcopal tabernacle, at the corner of Wheat and Butler streets, will be laid next Sunday at 4 o'clock p. m.

# $20,891.30

### THE AMOUNT OF AGENT WYNN'S SHORTAGE

**Yesterday the Investigation of the Books Was Completed, and the Bondsmen Must Now Ante Up.**

Twenty thousand, eight hundred and ninety-one dollars and thirty cents.

That's the exact amount of ex-Business Agent Wynn's shortage with the alliance exchange.

Yesterday the investigation of the books was completed by Colonel Broughton for the exchange, and Mr. A. T. Haltiwanger representing the bondsmen.

Mr. Wynn and one of his bondsmen were also present during the investigation.

The amount of the shortage, $20,891.30, is accepted as correct by the bondsmen, and all that now remains to be done is for them to make the shortage good to the exchange.

Or else Mr. Wynn will be dealt with by the law.

Colonel Broughton says that the exchange's interest will be closely watched, and unless his bondsmen act promptly Mr. Wynn will be dealt with.

Mr. Wynn states that his bondsmen have only been waiting for a satisfactory investigation of his affairs, and now that this has been acceptably done they will make good his shortage without delay.

**The Experts Tallied.**

In examining the books the results of Colonel Broughton and Mr. Haltiwanger tallied exactly.

The discrepancies were so plausibly covered by Mr. Wynn, that among accountants who have become interested in the matter, it is a nine days' wonder how Colonel Broughton discovered the shortage.

Wynn acknowledged every item of discrepancy as it was brought out in the investigation, and the bondsman who witnessed the work said he believed Colonel Broughton was the only man in the alliance who could have successfully straightened out the accounts.

Wynn's method of transaction has already been explained.

He would buy goods from brokers and get an invoice for the same. He would then, before the goods were delivered, give a note signed as state agent in payment for the goods, and have the invoice marked paid.

**"Cash" Transaction.**

This invoice he handed in to the bookkeeper, who would enter the trade as a cash transaction, having no knowledge of the note which Wynn had given in payment instead of the cash.

When these deals were made Wynn drew from the bank on check the money that should have gone to the payment of the goods purchased, and for which his notes as agent were outstanding, and convert to his private use.

These deals were usually made through the brokerage firms of Thomas B. Paine & Co. and G. B. Everett & Co., who hold most of the notes given by Wynn to accomplish his fraud.

The goods have not, however, been delivered, and while the brokers lose nothing they still have the big orders of goods on hand, the exchange of course declining to allow Wynn's order to stand.

**Notes Protested.**

Yesterday several of these notes went to protest, and Colonel Broughton says the others will also go to protest as the exchange will ignore the transactions they represent.

Besides this manner of converting the exchange's funds to his private use Wynn also made what is known as accommodation papers—notes signed by him as state business agent and discounted by brokers and bankers.

The Capital City bank and the Lowry Banking Company hold some of this paper, though how much Colonel Broughton does not state.

The total amount of notes held by the brokers mentioned is also withheld.

**Mr. Hammond, the Bookkeeper.**

Mr. James H. Hammond, the bookkeeper of the exchange, said;

"Several times when Mr. Wynn handed me these invoices for goods bought of brokers and marked paid, I asked him to explain, as I was not in the warehouse and did not know whether the goods had ever been delivered, as purported by the vouchers or not.

"Mr. Wynn replied that that was none of my business. He said I was there to keep the books, that he was running the exchange and it was my place to do as he directed.

"I made no false entries, as my books will show, and has been shown by the expert, Mr. A. J. Haltiwanger, who checked the books. I state positively, that every entry made on my journal and cash book, was directed by Mr. Wynn, and he had an invoice for every credit, which was handed me to be placed to his credit.

"Colonel Broughton, Colonel Peek and all who have examined my books will corroborate what I say."

**THEY WERE ARRESTED.**

**Peter McMichael and Mit Williams for Running a Blind Tiger.**

Peter McMichael and Mit Williams were arrested yesterday morning, charged with running a blind tiger in a little room on the second floor of the capitol.

The arrest was made by Chief Connolly and Detectives Cason and Bedford. Several bottles containing whisky, brandy and beer were taken to the station house and will be used as evidence.

The negroes gave bond without delay, and were released.

Many of the legislators state that the accused are not guilty of violating any law, that they are merely sent by the members to get whisky, cigars or anything else wanted. They state emphatically that the two do not run a bling tiger and do not sell intoxicants or anything else.

On the other hand, it is said that at least four of the members will swear that they bought whisky from the men. One of the legislators went with the officers making the arrest.

Chief Connolly says there can be no doubt about the men's guilt, and he is sure he has evidence enough to prove it.

The case will be heard before Recorder Calhoun this afternoon.

**Dr. Howard's Funeral.**

The funeral of Dr. H. A. Howard occurred yesterday afternoon, at 5 o'clock, from the residence of Captain I. C. Howard, on Gordon street, West End. The services were largely attended by Dr. Howard's friends. The body was sent to Montgomery for interment.


DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Rose etc. — Of perfect purity. Of great strength. Economy in the use. Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.


**MAIL FOR THE ASYLUM.**

**The Lunacy Committee Recommend the Passage of Dr. Hand's Bill.**

If the house agrees with the committee on the lunatic asylum the inmates of the asylum can have one correspondent to whom they may write without the authorities in charge being allowed in any way to interfere.

The bill by Dr. Hand, of Baker, was before the committee yesterday afternoon.

It provides that hereafter each insane person confined in the asylum at Milledgeville shall have the privilege of selecting some one on the outside to whom they may write and from whom they may receive letters.

Mrs. Packard, of Chicago, was before the committee in behalf of the bill. She told how, for three years, she was confined in an asylum by her husband, who wished to get rid of her, and stated that at any time, had she been able to communicate with her friends, they would have come to her rescue and released her.

Mrs. Dr. Bellamy was also before the committee to advocate the measure.

Mrs. Billamy's husband was at one time in the asylum at Milledgeville and she offered many objections to the manner in which her letters to and from him were opened by the authorities of the asylum and delivered or not as they saw fit.

When the question as to whether the bill should be recommended or not was put the vote stood 12 to 4 in favor of reporting the bill with a recommendation that it do pass.

**FOR TEACHER'S POSITIONS.**

**Eight Ladies Apply for Them Through Examinations Yesterday.**

The examination of applicants to fill the vacancies in the public schools was held at the Girl's High school building yesterday morning.

The test—a most thorough one—began at 9 o'clock, and concluded about 3 o'clock. Those who were present were: Miss Humphries, of West End; the Misses White, of Atlanta; Miss Everlyn, of Alanta; Miss Lewis, of Kansas, and three others.

The papers will be graded by Professor Bass, Mrs. Smith, the principal of Pryor street school, and Major Slaton. They will report to the teachers' committee, consisting of Mr. W. M. Bray, chairman; Mr. S. M. Inman, Mr. J. T. Glenn and Mr. D. A. Beatie.

These gentlemen will make nominations and the board of education will make selections at its next meeting, which will be held on August 27th. The nominations will be made not alone from yesterday morning's applicants but also from those who took the May examinations.

The positions to be filled are the fourth grade, Wallace street school, formerly taught by Miss Wurm; the third grade, Calhoun street school, taught by Miss Wallace, and the eighth grade, Ira street school. This was the principal's, Miss Florence Adams, but it was vacated through her marriage. It is understood that she will apply for the place.

**Mr. Sturdevant's Death.**

Mr. R. K. Sturdevant died at his residence, 42 Walton street late Tuesday night after a long illness.

He came to Atlanta five or six months ago from his home in Demopolis, Ala., where he had been a prominent planter. He had been stopping at the home of Mrs. Cohen with his wife and only child.

Mr. Sturdevant was forty years of age and his many friends will be deeply grieved to hear of his death. The body was carried to Demopolis for burial last evening at 6:40 o'clock.

**Laid to Rest.**

Earle, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. William Hunnicutt, was laid to rest at Norcross yesterday morning. His death has proven a severe blow to the grief-stricken parents.

# LITHIA SPRINGS.

### THE CLOSING SCENE OF THE GEORGIA CHAUTAUQUA.

**The Fourth Annual Session Has Been a Success, and the Piedmont Chautauqua Will Keep on Booming.**

LITHIA SPRINGS, Ga., August 12.—[Special.]—The fourth annual session of the Piedmont Chautauqua has been held, and has been a decided success. While not specially successful in a financial sense, it has been a great triumph from a literary point of view.

The greatest speakers of the day have graced the platform. The most distinguished literary people have lectured, while doctors, scholars and students have been thick as could be.

This morning at 11 o'clock an experience meeting wa held by all the teachers of the Grady summer school, the managers and others. There was great enthusiasm expressed by every one who spoke, and a feeling that things were well pervaded every one. It was stated that there had been nine building lots sold to parties who intend putting up cottages on them before the next session.

The plan for next year was discussed, and it was decided that the programme was to be arranged as far as possible by January 15, 1892, so it will give plenty of time for the public to get fully into the spirit of the work. Every effort will be made to make chautauqua a great success next year.

There was great confidence expressed by evary one interested, and the firm determination on the part of the management to continue the exercises was expressed.

Colonel J. S. James, general manager, said: "I have gone into the work to stay: I am fully determined to work at this until it kills me, but what I will make a success of the movement."

The confidence is general, and it is thought that by the next assembly there will be so general an interest that every day will bring crowded houses.

The standard of the programme is to be kept at the highest; there has never been any deviation in this from the beginning, and there will be none now or hereafter.

**THE GRAND CONCERT.**

This evening the music department gave its grand final concert. The programme was in today's CONSTITUTION.

One of the largest audiences of the season greeted the performers as they came upon the stage.

The audience were sympathetic and in good cheer until the orchestra played "Mill in the Forest," a descriptive piece, when they gave way to great enthusiasm and would have something more.

This spirit of enthusiasm was in the audience when Miss Johnston recited a piece called "Fishing" in her own beautiful and unequaled manner. The audience then gave way to the wildest cheers and enthusiasm. She responded with "Entertaining Her Big Sister's Beau." This beautiful selection was almost as wildly received. It is safe to say that there has never been a more appreciative nor a better entertained audience than the one to which Miss Johnston recited tonight.

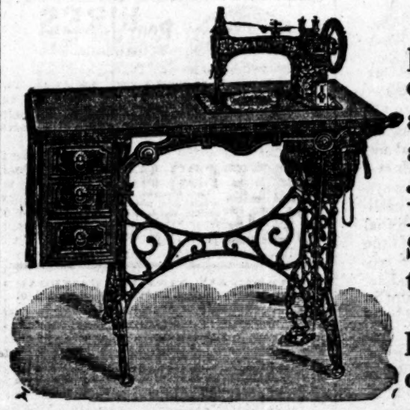

For Summer Cookery

Royal Baking Powder will be found the greatest of helps. With least labor and trouble it makes bread, biscuit and cake of finest flavor, light, sweet, appetizing and assuredly digestible and wholesome.

WHOLESALE BY H. A. BOYNTON AND SHROPSHIRE & DODD. ATLANTA, GA




BROSIUS MOTOR SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.



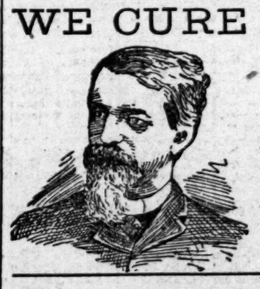
We are now prepared to fill orders. The ladies are invited to call at Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.'s No. 66 Whitehall St., and examine the machine.

Orders may be left there or sent direct to comp'ny.

Brosius Motor Sewing Machine Co., Wells St., and E. T., V. and G R. R., Atlanta, Ga.

june26—d3 m5th page

WE CURE OUR PATIENTS



DR. BOWES & CO.,

2½ MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

STRICTURE PERMANENTLY removed without pain or cutting, or caustics, or any interruption of business.

NERVOUS DISEASES, Diseases of the Sexual System, Urinary, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Impotence, Spermatorrhœa, Syphilis, Seminal Losses.

Cures guaranteed. Send 6 cents in stamps for book and question list. The best of references furnished. Address

DR. BOWES & CO.,

MARIETTA ST., ATLANTA, GA.

Rose's "Purity" Rye

Only at 12 Marietta Street.

PURE RYE-TEA [Purity]

for medicinal use is unequaled in this or any other market, for price, $1 per bottle. Fine Wines and Brandies of best imported brands, at reasonable prices. We are sole agents for Hommel's Native Champagne, half price of the imported, and equally as pure.

THE R. M. ROSE COMPANY,

12 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.

The Greatest Safety



For Bicycle Riders lies in having a bottle of

Perry Davis' Pain-Killer

Always in Reach.

This old and popular remedy also, and always, CURES PAIN of the Cramp and Colic family—Pain of the Cough and Cold family—Pain of the Cut and Bruise family—every Pain in every family.

For Horses and Cattle also.

GOOD—if used.

Sold Everywhere. Buy NOW.

Tutt's Pills

To cure costiveness the medicine must be more than a purgative. To be permanent it must contain

TONIC, ALTERATIVE AND CATHARTIC PROPERTIES.

Tutt's Pills possess these qualities in an eminent degree and

SPEEDILY RESTORE

to the bowels their natural peristaltic motion, so essential to regularity.

USE TUTT'S HAIR DYE;

Acts instantaneously. Price, $1 per box. Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.



THE SONG OF THE SHIRT.

Drop in any day at our place and listen to the pæans of praise for our $1 open front and back white shirt, which are constantly being chanted by delighted purchasers of that extra value garment. We can discourse melodiously on the puff bosoms we show, but you want to see them. They are going at "tail-end" season prices, now.



WE MOVE A WORLD

Of suits at the special midsummer figures we have placed on them. Rather sacrifice them than carry them.

A. Rosenfeld & Son;

EVERYTHING IN MEN'S ATTIRE.

24 Whitehall, corner Alabama St.

Photographs!

At the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE to insure first-class work.

J. J. FABER,

28 1-2 WHITEHALL ST.

Crayon Work A Specialty.


Special train to Manchester. Until further notice, the A. & W. P. R. R. will run a special train to Manchester on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, leaving union depot at 10 a. m., and returning at 1 p. m. Round trip 25 cents. Let all go and see an ideal home.

## FROM THE FOREST CITY.

*A LARGE DELEGATION OF REPRESENTATIVE BUSINESS MEN*

**Come to Atlanta to Hear Pat Calhoun's Speech on Deep Water for Savannah. A Talk with Mayor McDonough.**

Forty-four of Savannah's representative citizens were in Atlanta yesterday.

They arrived at 8 o'clock yesterday morning in two special cars and went at once to the Kimball.

They came to hear Hon. Pat Calhoun's speech before the legislature at 11:30 o'clock.

The subject of Mr. Calhoun's speech—"Deep Water for the Savannah Port"—is a matter of deep interest to Savannahians, as it materially affects the interest of the Forest City.

The delegation was headed by the mayor and aldermen of Georgia's great seaport city, and they were backed up by the most successful and prominent business men of the city.

THE DELEGATION.

Those who were here are:

Hon. John J. McDonough, mayor; Aldermen W. P. Bailey, W. G. Cann, George S. Haines, James McGuire, William I. O'Brien. Frank E. Rebarer, clerk of the council and secretary of the river and harbor executive committee; City Marshal Robert T. Wade, Colonel J. L. Warren, president of the Savannah cotton exchange; J. P. Merrihew, superintendent cotton exchange, and the following members of the exchange: P. D. Doffin, merchandise broker; John Flannery, president Southern bank; J. K. Garnett, cotton merchant; E. A. Cutts, exporter; W. T. Tison, cotton factor; D. I. McIntyre, cotton factor; C. B. Malone, cotton factor; Walter Curtis, exporter; J. S. Wood, cotton factor.

**Board of Trade.**

President, D. G. Purse; superintendent, C. W. Howard; with the following members of the board: John Elton, cotton factor; C. M. Gilbert, wholesale grocer; J. W. Moore, cotton merchant; I. B. Tiedemann, wholesale grocer. Besides the mayor, board of aldermen, board of trade and members of the cotton exchange, the following prominent business men were in the party:

J. P. Williams, president of the Seaboard Construction Company; Thomas Ballantyne, iron merchant; William Kehoe, foundryman; J. R. Saussy, attorney; A. A. Solomons, whlesale druggist and oldest merchant in Savannah; A. H. McDonnell, judge-elect of the city court; D. R. Thomas, coal dealer; J. L. Whatley, attorney; L. B. Hamilton, president of the Merchants' National bank; Davis Robertson, secretary of the Seaboard Construction Company; J. F. B. Beckwith, insurance agent; M. A. O'Byrne, attorney; W. W. Starr, general superintendent of the Central railroad; Malcolm Maclean, cotton factor; G. W. Parrish, manufacturer; J. C. Richardson, insurance; S. C. Smith, Frank Weldon, editor of The Savannah Times.

**Welcomed by the Mayor.**

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning an informal meeting of the Atlanta council was held at the city hall.

There were present Mayor Hemphill, Aldermen Rice, Middlebrook, Woodward and Reinhardt, and Councilmen Hendrix, Sawtell, Holbrook, Lambert, McBride and City Clerk Park Woodward.

They repaired in a body to the Kimball, where they met and welcomed the Savannah delegation. After a general introduction the Savannah party was escorted to the capitol by Mayor Hemphill and the councilmen.

After their arrival at the capitol, by reso lution of Clifton, of Chatham, they were invited to seats on the floor of the house during the delivery of Mr. Calhoun's speech.

**They Call on the Governor.**

After the conclusion of the speech the Savannah delegation called on Governor Northen in a body, and paid him a short but pleasant visit.

They then repaired to the Kimball for dinner.

The delegation spent the afternoon in looking over the city. Several of them enjoyed rides over the principal streets.

**Savannah's Mayor.**

Mayor McDonough was called on by a CONSTITUTION reporter last evening just before the delegation left for home.

It will be remembered that Mr. McDonough is the mayor who achieved, in a very short time after the inauguration of his administration as mayor, a reputation as a man with a mind of his own. He is just the man one would expect to see who has read what has been published of his official acts in the papers.

Black hair, black eyes, firm features, and a determined look—he impresses one at the first glance as being a man of force.

"We are deeply interested in this deep water question," said the mayor, "as it means much to Savannah as a city. Half of the appropriation for the past ten years has been utterly thrown away, as the sand would be washed back as fast as it was taken out. What Savannah is seeking to do is to get an appropriation sufficient to go through with the work in one or two years—three years at the outside.

"Just what we are seeking to do was clearly outlined in Mr. Calhoun's speech today. I was very highly pleased with his speech, indeed. It was an able presentation of what Savannah wants, and we are also highly pleased with the success of our visit.

"Savannah is glad to shake the right hand of fellowship with Atlanta, and we hope to get nearer together than we are or have ever been. The deepening of the harbor at Savannah will benefit Atlanta directly as well as Savannah."

Mayor McDonough is an entertaining talker and spoke pleasantly of the friendly rivalry which had existed between the Gate City and the Forest City, and expressed himself as being highly pleased at the grand prosperity of both.

The party left at 8 o'clock last evening in their special coaches for home.

RECEIVING ANSWERS.

**At Least Some of Steve Ryan's Creditors Will Compromise.**

Steve Ryan's circular to his creditors offering 30 cents on the dollar, is being heard from already.

Mr. Ryan said yesterday that he had received answers from about twenty of his creditors to whom the circular had been sent.

By all these creditors he says the proposition for a compromise has been accepted, and he expects confidently that other replies will be as favorable as those just received.

The total amount involved in the replies to the compromise proposition, Mr. Ryan says, is something like thirty-five or forty thousand dollars.

Yesterday afternoon the attorneys for Mr. Ryan's creditors held a meeting in the office of Rosser & Carter, and the condition of the litigation was informally talked over. No action was taken.

Another conference between the attorneys in the case will be held today in the same office.

**A Successful Innovation.**

The new plan adopted by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway system of selling tickets to Cumberland and St. Simon's island and return, carrying a meal coupon, covering all expenses and a week's board at the best hotels, has proved a great success.

Quite an orderly crowd has availed themselves of the low rates. This rate will be in effect each Saturday night during the month of August, limited ten days from date of sale, viz.:

Fifteen dollars and fifty cents from Atlanta, $16 from Rome, $15 from Macon, Cochran and Hawkinsville. aug12-3t

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup** reduces inflammation while Children are Teething. 25c

BALLARD HOUSE.

**A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtree Street.**

One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Ballard house. Its location is just opposite the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience. The choicest fare. jan23-dly

**The Old Homestead.**

The great southern magazine, devoted to science art, music, the home and farm; two pieces of new music in each number, only 10 cents per copy, or $1 a year. F[illegible] John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street.

*SOCIETY GOSSIP.*

The young ladies and gentlemen of the H. C. Club are now giving a series of entertainments which is affording them fun and amusement. They have been, and are, through these hot summer months showing their visiting young friends every attention possible. Last Monday evening they gave a very delightful donkey party which was exceedingly enjoyed. The main feature of the evening was the guitar solo by Mr. H. Spitz, which was well selected. After partaking of delicate refreshments, the club dispersed at a late hour. A full attendance of the club was present.

Miss Ola Heller and Miss Lizzie Muerin, two charming young ladies of Atlanta, are visiting Miss Fannie Hood, of Cartersville.

Miss Mattie Glenn is reported slightly better.

Colonel and Mrs. N. J. Hammond leave this morning for Rye Beach, on the New Hampshire coast, where they go to be with their daughter Miss Jennie Hammond.

Miss Maud Barker and Miss Tiny Hammond will go to Athens next Tuesday to be present at the marriage of Miss Rutherford, which occurs on Wednesday.

Mr. T. H. Bowles, of New Orleans, is in town, the guest of Major A. T. Cunningham, at 89 North Pryor.

The entertainment which was to have been given last night at Ponce de Leon by the N. S. Club was postponed on account of the rain. It was a keen disappointment to those who expected to participate in it. Preparations had been made for a brilliant entertainment. It will occur tonight at the residence of Captain James English, and promises to be a brilliant affair.

Mr. Quintard Peters has gone to Bar Harbor, and will spend some time on the New England coast.

Mr. T. Rem Crawford and Mr. Guy Hamilton, who have been in town for a few days, have returned to Athens.

Mr. Charles E. Harman left last night for White Sulphur Springs where he goes to spend two weeks.

Mr. George W. Duncan, of Macon, is spending a few days with Mr. Robert F. Maddox, Jr., on Peachtree street.

A delightful party will be given tomorrow afternoon and evening on the lawn at St. Philip's rectory. It is for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid Society, and is one of a series which has been given during the hot summer months, and if it is as pleasant as its predecessors, it will delight all. Admission, 10 cents.

Miss Frances Harwood has gone to Asheville. She will be the guest of Miss Hazzard.

Mrs. Howard Williams and Miss Saida Williams are now in Atlanta. Mr. Williams will make his home at No. 2 North avenue.

CAN YOU BELIEVE IT?

We know it is hard to believe, and yet it is true, that every day, persons who ask for CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, have handed out to them something which looks like C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S, and yet is not.

They are put up in a RED wrapper, and they closely imitate "C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S" in general appearance. But it is a fraud!!!

The unsuspecitng purchaser, who want CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because he knows their merit, and is sure of their virtues, goes home with a fraud and imitation in his pocket.

HEED THE WARNING.

Don't be deceived and do not be imposed upon with an imitation of what you want. You want CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because you know their value and their merit. THEY NEVER FAIL.

When you go to buy a bottle of CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, ask for "C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S," be sure you get "C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S," and take nothing but the genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LITTLE PILLS.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE.

Small Pill! Small Dose! Small Price!

sat mon thur—wky1t

**Special Train for Manchester.**

A special train will leave the Union Depot this morning at 10 o'clock for the new surburb, Manchester, and will return at 1 o'clock. A large crowd of capitalists and business men are going out to inspect the place. Special rates for everybody.




ONE ENJOYS

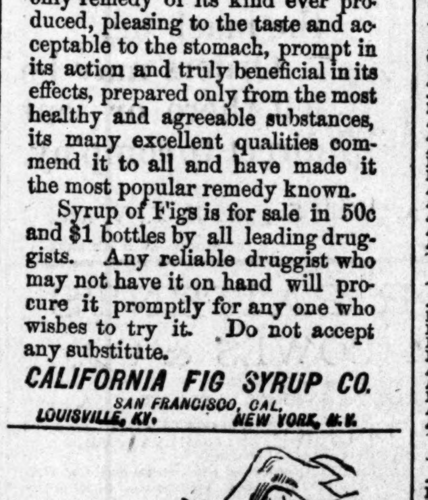
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.



Savages wear rings on their ankles, civilized people wear them on their fingers, and the demand for these jewels seems to be increasing every year. Recognizing the situation, Messrs. J. P. Stevens & Bro., the well-known jewelers, send a buyer to Europe every year, where they buy, from the cutters of Amsterdam, DIAMONDS and other precious stones. These stones are brought to Atlanta direct, evading altogether the New York importers' profit. Messrs. Stevens & Bro. mount these stones in their own factory in Atlanta, and offer them at prices far below what is demanded ordinarily for these goods. If you think of making a purchase of precious stones, consult Messrs. Stevens & Bro. before buying.

# The Mosquito Bite

Is poisonous; don't suffer any longer, but order of

***Douglass, Thomas & Co.***

one of their Mosquito Nets, put up complete, red, blue, white

ONLY $2.

FACE VEILS, as a protection to complexion, also a beautifier; SEWING SILK VEILING, tan, cream, brown, black, white. BLACK DOTTED NETS, stylish. ILLUSIONS, black, white, brown, blue, cream and tan. — 15c Per Veil

## BLAZERS.

**Fresh from the factory.**

Blue, black, tan, $1.50, $2.25, $3.25, made of habit cloth and tassel trimmings and plain.

## JACKETS,

***Just in, very light-weight, Diagonal and Cloth, new, $3.90, $4, $4.75.***

Tan, blue black and stylish.

## RUCHINGS

Crad with Leisse; Crepe Leisse, black and white; Tourist Ruching, 20c box.

SKIRT PLAITINGS, very popular.

## BLACK DRESS GOODS

SEE SOUTH SHOW WINDOW. Everything reliable in best black fabrics.

HENRIETTAS, all wool, fine quality, 69c.

CHALLIS, silk and wool, perfect goods.

***White, Striped and Checked***

## LAWNS.

All who have seen our 10c special are surprised at the sheer quality.

The 5c Checks are good value at 8c.

## Handkerchiefs.

Thin, sheer, hemstitched, beautifully embroidered in white, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c. 25c, 30c, 35c. These goods are the prettiest shown for the price.

***We please our patrons.***

***Douglass, Thomas & Co.,***

89 and 91 Whitehall.

## F. J. COOLEDGE & BRO.,

21 ALABAMA ST.,

Manufacturers of

Pure Linseed Oil Paints,

Georgia Gloss Mixed Paints

One Coat Carriage Paints,

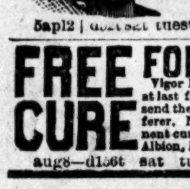
English Enamel Paints,

Strictly Pure White Lead,

Varnishes and Japans.

Buy your goods from the manufacturers.

The only house in the south that makes both Paints and Varnishes. Factory at city limits on W. & A., E. T., V. & G. and Ga. Pacific railroads. aug2d1v



HIRES ROOT BEER THE GREAT HEALTH DRINK. Package makes 5 gallons, Delicious, sparkling, and appetizing. Sold by all dealers. FREE a beautiful Picture Book and cards sent to any one addressing C. E. HIRES & CO., Philadelphia.

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FREE CURE FOR MEN ONLY. Vigor Restored. Parts Enlarged. I have at last found positive cure. I will gladly send the recipe (sealed) FREE to any sufferer. No humbug, but a reliable, permanent cure. Address J. D. HOUSE, Box 48, Albion, Mich.

aug8—d156t sat tues thur

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD Company, operating the Central Railroad of Georgia. Time card in effect August 2, 1891.

| Atlanta to Florida | No. 2 | No. 4 | No. 12 | No. 14 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lv Atlanta | 7 10 am | 7 10 pm | 4 10 pm | 12 30 am |
| Ar Griffin | 8 36 am | 8 42 pm | 5 50 pm | 2 03 pm |
| Ar Macon Junc | 10 30 am | 10 45 pm | 7 56 pm | 4 10 pm |
| Ar Macon | 10 45 am | 10 55 pm | 8 05p m | 4 20 pm |
| Lv Macon | 10 20 am | ........ | 8 25 pm | ........ |
| Lv Macon Junc | 10 35 am | ........ | 8 33 pm | ........ |
| Ar Albany | 2 55 pm | ........ | 12 40 am | ........ |
| Ar Thomasville | 5 40 pm | ........ | ........ | ........ |
| Ar Waycross | ........ | ........ | 5 20 am | ........ |
| Ar Brunswick | ........ | ........ | 7 38 am | ........ |
| Ar Jacksonville | ........ | ........ | 8 30 am | ........ |

JACKSONVILLE TO ATLANTA.

| | No. 1 | No. 3 | No. 11 | No. 13 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lv Jacksonville | ........ | ........ | 6 30 pm | ........ |
| Lv Brunswick | ........ | ........ | 7 35 pm | ........ |
| Lv Waycross | ........ | ........ | 9 50 pm | ........ |
| Lv Thomasville | ........ | ........ | ........ | 8 30am |
| Ar Albany | ........ | ........ | 1 45 am | 11 00am |
| Ar Macon | ........ | ........ | 6 30 am | 5 35pm |
| Lv Macon | 1 45 pm | 3 45 am | 7 00 am | 6 10pm |
| Ar Griffin | 3 55 pm | 6 00 am | 9 17 am | 8 42pm |
| Ar Atlanta | 5 36 pm | 7 45 am | 10 50 am | 10 20pm |

ATLANTA TO SAVANNAH

| | No. 2 | No. 4 |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Atlanta | 7 10 am | 7 10 pm |
| Lv Griffin | 8 36 am | 8 42 pm |
| Ar Macon | 10 45 am | 10 55 pm |
| Lv Macon | 11 00 am | 11 15 pm |
| Ar Savannah | 6 20 pm | 6 30 am |
| Ar Jacksonville | 8 30 am | 12 00 m |

Palace sleeping cars on No. 4 to Savannah; Pullman, Savannah to Jacksonville.

SAVANNAH TO ATLANTA.

| | No. 1 | No. 3 |
|---|---|---|
| Lv Jacksonville | 8 30 pm | 1 10 pm |
| Lv Savannah | 6 40 am | 8 10 pm |
| Ar Macon | 1 20 pm | 3 25 am |
| Ar Griffin | 3 55 pm | 6 00 am |
| Ar Atlanta | 5 35 pm | 7 42 am |

Pullman cars, Jacksonville to Savannah; Palace sleeping cars, Savannah to Atlanta.

The Suburban Train to Hapeville. Lv Atlanta for Hapeville, daily except Sunday, from Whitehall st. crossing, 6, 8:10 a. m., 1, 3, 5:10, 6:10, 8, 11 p. m. To East Point: 10, 11, a. m., 5 p. m. Lv Hapeville for Atlanta, daily except Sunday, 6, 7:25, 8:50a m, 2:10, 4, 7:15, 10:30 p. m. Lv East Point for Atlanta: 10:30 11:30 a. m., 5:40 p. m.

ATLANTA TO COLUMBUS VIA GRIFFIN.

| | | No. 3 | No. 12 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lv. Atlanta | ........ | 7 10 am | 4 10 pm | ........ |
| Ar Griffin | ........ | 8 38 am | 5 50 pm | ........ |
| Lv Griffin | ........ | 8 40 am | 6 00 pm | ........ |
| Ar Columbus | ........ | 11 35 am | 9 10 pm | ........ |

Through coach between Atlanta and Columbus on No. 1 and 12.

All trains above run daily.

W. H. GREEN, Gen. Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen. Supt.
SOL HAAS, Traffic Manager.
J. L. TAYLOR, Gen. Pass. A[gent].
E. T. CHARLTON, Pass. A[gent].

*SUMMER RESORTS.*

## Southern Sanitarium

"WATER CURE."

THE MOST THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED AND oldest scientifically conducted institution of its kind south. During its 16 years of continuous operation, nearly 4,000 invalids have been restored to health.

Location—One of the highest and most beautiful in the city.

Accommodations—Home-like and elegant.

Dietary—Abundant, hygienic, well prepared and adapted to suit individual diseased conditions.

In conjunction with usual approved remedial agents are employed the celebrated

**Moliere Thermo-Electric Bath,**

improved Turkish, Russian, Roman, electric-vapor, chemical baths and all hydropathic or "Water Cure" processes of scientific repute and known value, together with Sweedish movements by steam propelled machinery and by trained manipulators. Massage, pneumatic and vacuum treatment, etc., etc.

Physicians sending cases here, either for hydrotheraputic management or surgical operations, may rest assured of their receiving conscientious treatment and cure. Remedial facilities an especial boon for invalid ladies. For pamphlet, references, etc., address

U. O. ROBERTSON, M. D.,

134 Capitol Ave., Atlanta, Ga.

june28—d3m top sum res

## Grand View Hotel,

TALLULAH FALLS, GA

Altitude 2,400 feet; finest mineral water in the state; the only hotel situated in its own lovely park; fine orchestra, tenpin alley, and magnificent swimming pool. There is no place that an invalid or pleasure seeker will find more pleasant than Tallulah. Under new management. For rates, special terms to families and commercial men, address MRS. LUKE & BRO.

july 26-d1m

## $500 REWARD.

POINT HOTEL,

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN,

I WILL PAY THE ABOVE REWARD FOR ANY place to be found on the American continent to surpass "Lookout Point," as regards location, beauty of surroundings and grandeur of natural scenery. Reference, R. A. Hemphill, of The Constitution.

Rates reduced to $10 per week; $37.50 per month for August, September and October. Address

FRANK A. HERVEY,

Proprietor Point Hotel, Lookout Mt., Tenn.

july26—d1m

## Plankinton House,

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Persons who are intending to spend some time in the Northwest this summer, at the numerous Health Resorts, will find the PLANKINTON HOUSE a comfortable place to break their journey at. Rooms large, well furnished; good table, reasonable rates. Good livery reasonable rates, with numerous pleasant drives about the city. For particulars apply to

A. L. CHASE, Manager,

Milwaukee, Wis.

june14—d2m sun tues thur

## HOTEL VENDOME

Centrally Located. All the Latest Improvements.

Broadway & 41st St., New York.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN.

june 28 2m sun tue thu

## Oakland Heights Sanatorium,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

The Most Complete Heath Resort in the South.

OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR.

THIS HOUSE IS THE MOST DESIRABLE IN the south for persons who need rest and medical attention. No hotel in Asheville has as well furnished rooms and its cuisine is unequaled. Only in the case of patients is the diet regulated. The table is an important feature of the sanatorium. Elevators, open fire place, electric lights and bells, music hall, billiard parlor, tennis court, etc.

The water is pure and plentiful, coming from a large, limpid spring near by. The sanitary arrangements are as perfect as care and money can make them. Persons suffering with throat and lung troubles are greatly benefited by a stay at this place. The medical management is under the direction of Dr. P. W. Neefus, recently of the Jackson sanitorium, at Dansville, N. Y.

The sanatorium is thoroughly equipped with modern appliances for the scientific relief and cure of all nervous and chronic diseases. The bath departments are new throughout and are under the supervision of competent and skilled attendants. The methods of treatment include all forms of baths, the medicated vapors, Turkish, electric, Russian, Roman moliere, thermo-electric, electro-chemical, massage, electricity in all its forms, also Swedish movements. Medical attendance and every form of treatment included in price of room. Beautiful drives, fine livery, magnificent mountain scenery.

Although the comfort and welfare of the sick are the first considerations, every opportunity is given to those who desire to spend a pleasant and profitable season here. Address for further particulars

MISS EMILIE VAUGHN,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

a ug11—d2m

VICTORY!! VICTORY!!

## The Progressive Endowment League.

This is the Order to join if you want a safe investment. It is incorporated under the laws of the State of Maryland, and the court has just decided that it is all right.

$100 IN 1 YEAR. $100 IN 1 YEAR.

$10 per Week Sick Benefit.

Also a benefit paid to your family in event of death.

The PROGRESSIVE ENDOWMENT LEAGUE pays $100.00 in one year at the most economical cost. A much better investment for your savings than a Savings Bank or Building Association, as the profits are much greater and the returns are absolutely sure, and every certificate-holder will receive their $100.00 at the expiration of one year from date of same.

This is the "ONE YEAR" Endowment Order that has been recently decided by the court as DOING A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS. The BEST and SAFEST ENDOWMENT FRATERNITY IN EXISTENCE.

Custodians of the funds are the Mercantile Trust & Deposit Co., of Baltimore, and the Fidelity & Deposit Co., of Maryland. Every Supreme Officer is bonded by surety bonds for twice the amount of money he is likely to handle at any one time.

NOW IS THE TIME TO JOIN; LADIES and GENTLEMEN admitted on equal terms.

LIBERAL ARRANGEMENTS made with those who can organize a lodge.

Send for circulars and information. GOOD LIVE ORGANIZERS WANTED. Address office of the Supreme Lodge, 229 N. Howard St., Baltimore, Md. thur sat mon

Special train to Manchester. Until further notice, the A. & W. P. R. R. will run a special train to Manchester on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, leaving union depot at 10 a. m., and returning at 1 p. m. Round trip 25 cents. Let all go and see an ideal home place.

## NOT VERY LONG BEFORE OUR IMMENSE WINTER STOCK ARRIVES.

It's a big one. We need room. Everything in light weights must go.

## MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS!

Odd Pants. Fine Furnishings. Our prices are moving them.

## HIRSCH BROS.,

CLOTHIERS, TAILORS, FURNISHERS, 42 & 44 Whitehal[l]

## VAN WINKLE GIN AND MACHINERY CO.

ATLANTA, GA., and DALLAS, TEX.

MANUFACTURERS OF




Cotton Gins, Feeders, Condensers and Presses. COTTON-SEED OIL MILLS, ICE MACHINERY,

SHAFTING, PULLEYS, WIND-MILLS, TANKS, PUMPS, ETC.

$3.50, $4.00 AND $4.50. THE "Georgia-Atlanta-Grady" SOUVENIR SPOON



FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW Jewelers.

THE MOST ARTISTIC SPOON ON THE MARKET

## SCIPLE SONS,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PLASTER PARIS. MARBLE DUST.

Cement, Coal, Lime.

DRAIN & SEWER PIPE, FIRE BRICK & CLAY

STOVE FLUES and THIMBLES.

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## TRAYNHAM & RAY,

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—

LUMBER DEALERS.

WE MANUFACTURE Doors, Sash, Blinds and Mantels. WE HANDLE LATHS, Newels, Moulding, Brackets and LUMBER of every Description.

—Write for Prices.—

Office and Mill, 74 Decatur St., Atlanta, Ga.

feb 22 d 1y

# CONTINUATION OF EISEMAN BROS.' GREAT TRADE SALE!

"Hot, sultry"—at the hour of writing that is the prophecy of the week. An outing shirt is the shirt for the period. Remember the styles in Silk, Cheviot, Linen and Madras we have. Variety is still unbroken, but prices have gone all to pieces.

Men's dress for traveling comfort and rural sport find quick service here. Every essential.

We have got your attention. We judge by the way you are filling your mid-summer wants here that you appreciate the advantages we are daily offering. And we like that. Liberal responses to our advertising talk stimulate us to additional bargain making. That is why several lots of handsome EISEMAN BROS.' Manufactured Clothing just received are resigned to reductions. No reason why exceptive, and unusal price should be put on them, but that we want to sustain our rushing policy throughout all of August.

## EISEMAN BROS,

17-19 Whitehall Street.

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WE HANDLE LATH.
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# THE SOUTH AND WEST

## VITALLY INTERESTED IN DEEP WATER AT SAVANNAH

### Hon. Pat Calhoun's Address to the General Assembly—An Able Presentation of Our Commercial Relations.

An Atlanta man pleading Savannah's cause, upon the ground that it is the cause of the whole south and the whole west.

Yesterday was Savannah's day in Atlanta, and the coast people made the most of it. The mayor and council of Savannah, accompanied by a large delegation of citizens, arrived in Atlanta about 7 o'clock and breakfasted at the Kimball. The time intervening between breakfast and 11 o'clock, they spent in walking about town, renewing acquaintanceships and seeing what was to be seen.

At 11 o'clock the mayor and council of Atlanta called at the Kimball house and escorted the Savannah people to the capitol. Mayor Remphill, arm in arm with Mayor McDonough, led the way and the others followed, two by two, in long procession.

The party arrived at the capitol nearly a half hour before the time appointed for the joint session, but were immediately invited to seats on the floor of the hall. Then they waited patiently listening to the monotonous reading of bills.

At precisely half-past 11 o'clock the senate appeared at the door of the house and was admitted. At the same time Mr. Pat Calhoun came in, escorted by the Hon. William Clifton, of the county of Chatham.

The house was full and the galleries crowded. It was noticeable that the ladies were out in force and formed a large part of the audience in the galleries.

When the resolution for a joint session had been read, the president of the senate, Hon. E. G. Mitchell, introduced Mr. Calhoun as follows:

**President Mitchell's Introduction.**

Gentlemen of the General Assembly—I think it augurs well for the prosperity of Georgia that you, as her representatives, are ready to endorse and encourge the laudable purpose of the enterprising city of Savannah, in their efforts to make that old historic city of Georgia one of the greatest sea ports in the south. [Applause.] Under this resolution it is my pleasure to introduce toiyou a gentleman who will address you upon this subject today. I present to you the Hon. Patrick Calhoun from the city of Atlanta.

**Mr. Calhoun's Address.**

Mr. Calhoun was greeted with much applause as he arose. After the applause had subsided he spoke as follows:

"Mr. President, Mr. Speaker, Senators and Members of the House of Representatives, Ladies and Gentlemen: Upon the development of our south Atlantic ports depends the commercial equality of the southeast. Without that development this section must remain forever the commercial vassal of the northeast. Earnestly alive to this important fact, Savannah, Georgia's most beautiful daughter, greets you today. She comes not a self-willed maiden asking you to contribute to her selfish pleasures, but as a well-matured matron, conscious of the dignity of her position, of the important mission she has to perform; proud of the noble sons she has given to illustrate the greatness of the state; proud of her growing commerce; proud of the advancement she has made in the arts and sciences, and prouder still of the splendid civilization of her children; proud of the achievements of her sister cities, rejoicing in their success, and ambitious herself to contribute her full share to the greatness and glory of the state—she comes, not asking money at your hands, but your moral support. She knows she has your good will, but she wants your earnest, cordial co-operation. She would not ask the aid of the general government, nor your support for any mere local concern. [Applause.] For that reason she has asked me to present to you some of the reasons why deep water from Savannah is of interest to every section, class and calling of this state. Her ambitions, however, are not limited even to the confines of this great commonwealth. Her views are large, her geographical position commanding, her commercial resources great; and she has asked me to point out to you and through you to the people of the south some of the reasons why deep water at Savannah is of interest to the entire southeast, from Virginia to Mississippi; important to Tennessee and Kentucky, and to that great southwest, Louisiana, Arkansas and the imperial state of Texas, and to the northwest, to all that great country stretching even to the Rocky mountains, and important even to those three great middle states, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. It is a pleasing task. It is pleasant to stand in these halls and feel that every person in this great audience is in full sympathy with my theme. However much we may differ as to details, however much we may differ in our methods, there is no man here who would not do all in his power for Savannah; no man here who would not contribute all he could to the greatness and prosperity of Georgia; no man here who would not do all he could to contribute to the greatness and power of the entire south, and no man here who, when he has done aught to aid Savannah, Georgia and the south, does not feel an additional throb of pleasure at the thought that through this work he had contributed something to the greatness of the American union. [Applause.]

"The sun is fast setting upon the day of sectionalism and local prejudice. May it rise upon a morrow bright with the promise of a pefect union; when Savannah can feel that she can rely as certainly upon the support of Kansas and Wisconsin as she can upon that of Alabama and Tennessee. And there is no reason why the general goverment should not give Savannah all she asks. Her requests are modest. She invites this general assembly to support no wild or visionary scheme. She asks congress to endorse no mere experiment. The federal government has set its stamp of approval upon the work of that distinguished engineer, Captain Carter, who has been laboring so earnestly to deepen the channel of the Savannah river.

"Congress has already started upon its course of appropriations for this important work. The question whether this work is practicable is no longer open. The water has already grown from fourteen feet to twenty-two and a half. The question is not whether the government will give this money, but whether it will give it now—whether it will give it in the way that it can be most economically spent and do the greatest good to Savannah, to the south and to the west. [Applause.] Captain Carter estimates that a very large per cent of all the money contributed by the federal government is lost now, because before the next appropriation comes part of the work that has been done is washed away by the tides. It is more economical for the government to authorize the work to which it is committed to be done at once and to make the necessary appropriation in a lump; and all that Savannah asks is that Georgia shall help her to do what Texas helped Galveston to do—get all this money at once. Now, how important is it? Have you ever stopped to consider Savannah's geographical position? Have you ever stopped to consider the relation that Georgia bears to the southeast and to the other portions of this union? The south Atlantic sweeps away to the southwest, and the result is that it is nearer from the south Atlantic seaports to the centers of the great west, and to the great southwest than it is from any other portion of the Atlantic coast.

"I will not take up your time this morning in discussing statistics, but there are just one or two points that are of great importance. It is well to know the advantages that Savannah has in point of distance over the great commercial cities of the northeast. Take New York as an example: From Memphis to Savannah is only 672 miles; to New York, 1,152 miles; from Little Rock, the center of that wonderful state of Arkansas, to Savannah, is 807 miles; to New York, 1,294; from Waco, near the center of that magnificent territory of Texas, to Savannah, is only 1,066 miles; to New York, 1,707 miles. Go out to Kansas City, one of the centers of the great grain trade of the west, and of the meat trade—to Savannah the distance is 1,187 miles; to New York, 1,302 miles. The same facts stand out prominently through that vast section of the northwest until you get way up into the extreme northern limits of the United States. But go still further east. Go eastward even to that point which is now the center of American population, and you will find it nearer to Savannah than it is to New York.

"But cast your eyes beyond Savannah, over the ocean. She is about as near to Havana as Pensacola and New Orleans are; nearer to a great number of the West Indian islands, and far nearer to all the east coast of South America; nearer to Portugal and Spain than is the northeast, and nearer to that great continent of Africa, dark in its centuries of barbarism and in its vast and dismal wildernesses, but which the coming century will see penetrated rapidly by the arts of civilization, and which must become a great market into which to pour our commerce.

"Consider for a moment the character of the country that lies behind Savannah. Look at Florida becoming rapidly the garden spot of America, sending out its early fruits and vegetables to all portions of the cold north.

Come a little further up and look at that magnificents area of pine forest stretching out to the gulf plain. Come still further and look at the magnificent water powers; and further still and look at the magnificent coal and iron beds, and then remember the fact that those coal beds and those iron mines stretch northeast and southwest along a territory parallel to the seacoast so that even when you go as far east as Bristol, on the very confines of southwest Virginia, it is nearer by far to Savannah than it is to Philadelphia and New York. Everywhere throughont this great southeastern region of country grows the cotton that furnishes the clothing of mankind, and which, poured into Savannah, has already made her the second cotton port of the world, as the tributory pine forests have made her the first naval store port of the world. [Applause.] Why is it that, with this magnificent country of such varied resources, adjacent to them our south Atlantic ports, are today undeveloped, while north of the Potomac river there is almost one continuous city from Baltimore to Boston? Look at the difference that 100 years has made between the growth of the great commercial northeast and that of the south Atlantic. If Charleston and Savannah had but kept proportionate pace with the enormous growth of the cities of the northeast, they would today have been cities of hundreds of thousands of people, and we would have had great commercial forts planted on this south Atlantic to take our commerce to the world. Why have they lagged behind in the race of commercial supremacy? It is not because their people lacked energy and enterprise. It is not because their people are not as active, as vigilant, and as enterprising as any in this country. Let me recall to you two single facts: From the port of Savannah went the first steamship that ever crossed the Atlantic, built by Savannah energy, with Savannah funds. [Applause.] And let me recall another fact as a monument to that great Savannahian, who, in the legislative halls of Georgia, predicted that the time would come when the waters of the Atlantic would be by rail lines united with the waters of the Mississippi. Jestingly a resolution was introduced to inquire into his sanity. After his death his successors in the enterprise he had so near at heart sent a fire engine filled with water from the Atlantic upon a car over the road he helped to build to Memphis and actually mingled the waters of the Atlantic with those of the Mississippi. Such energy and such enterprise as has been shown by the southern people, by the seacoast cities, should have met with greater reward. The cause of their failure is found in this important fact which must ever be borne in mind.

From the time when the Phenician and the Carthaginian sailed their galleys upon the Algean and the Mediterraneanto the time when Venice with her fleets won the commercial supremacy of the middle ages until today, when the American drives his iron horse over the mountains and across the prairies, transportation has lain at the base of all commerce. England—tight little island, as she is—controls the carrying trade of the modern world with her fleets, uniting through them and through the ocean highway her most distant colonies in one great empire, as America connects all portions of this great country with her waterways and her railways. When, therefore, you look to the commercial supremacy of the east, bear in mind that at the bottom of it lies superior transportation facilities.

New York, up to 1887, had received from the general government thirteen million nine hundred and odd thousand dollars to aid her rivers and harbors. Georgia had received but $2,250,000. But more important still—to the inspired genius of that great New Yorker, who long before the days of railroads went to work, and with the aid of the people of New York connected the Hudson river by the Erie canal with the great lakes of the west—is largely due the commercial supremacy of the east. Further down the coast the Chesapeake and Ohio canal, to whose stock the government of the United States authorized, in 1828, a subscription of $1,000,000, penetrated almost to where the Ohio flows from the coal and iron fields of Pennsylvania to unite with the Mississippi. Thus were formed two parallel lines of waterways stretching from the north Atlantic seacoast far out into the interior of this country. Along those lines of transportation grew the commerce of America. At that early day cotton in the south was grown only on the low, alluvial lands. It was far easier and cheaper to put it in boats and send it along the coast to the east, where the waters tumbled into the sea, and where after it was manufactured it could seek by water routes the markets of the west, and of the world, than to haul it by wagons up to your water powers, and then back again to get it to the market. In these great factors you must recognize the fundamental causes of the commercial supremacy of the northeast.

Note another condition. When this country was engaged in the throes of a civil war the northeast was steadily pushing its rail lines out to the west. Remember that thirty years ago there had been but very small progress made in steam and electricity. Reaching out and controlling the waterways and the great trunk lines the northeast drew the commerce of the continent to the north Atlantic ports. Stretching the commercial arteries further into the south this section created great systems radiating out from the great north Atlantic ports, and drawing the commerce even of this section to the north Atlantic ports. During the war and immediately following the war all their great system of roads took definite and permanent shape, so that the transportation facilities of that region of country between the lakes and the Ohio and east of the Mississippi river have become great, fixed and permanent. But in that great country west of the Mississippi, which should be naturally tributary to the south Atlantic ports, and in the south, great movements are in progress that have not yet crystallized. It is of the utmost importance that Georgia and Savannah should move forward rapidly to secure deep water, and the facilities for bringing commerce to the south Atlantic coasts before the conditions that are ripening have forever crystallized against you. Wait and allow this appropriation to be doled out year by year; wait ten or fifteen or twenty years for the accomplishment of the work, and the time will have forever passed when it can do you any good.

I tell you, gentlemen, as I said a moment ago, never forget that at the base of commerce lies transportation; and that if you would control the commerce of a portion of this continent, if you would reap to the full advantages of your natural position, you must bring to bear those artificial means that are necessary to give you a voice in the direction of this great commerce. [Applause.] Off yonder in the east those people have steadily and persistently pursued a wise and enlightened policy. Never for a moment have they lost sight of any chance or opportunity to seize upon the arteries of commerce.

Now, let us see what will be the effect if we seize vigorously the opportunity that is offered us. But first let us consider the result of letting conditions crystallize against you. I will state to you, gentlemen, an astounding fact. When the great system that runs along the eastern slope of the Blue Ridge and passing out by Atlanta to the west, was begun in 1879 and 1880, and perfected in 1881, its tendency was to destroy the commerce of the south Atlantic ports. From 1881 to the 1st of January, 1886, the commerce of Savannah decreased. From January 1st, 1887, the commerce of Savannah took a turn, and on that date, mark you, began the changes in the transportation facilities of the southeast, while at the same time this deepening of the channel of the river was going on, lessening the cost of transportation through that port. From January 1st, 1887, to January 1st, 1890, the commerce of Savannah grew from $102,000,000 to $153,000,000, gaining in four years, $52,000,000 of commerce, one-half as much as the city had gained in the 156 years of its former history. [Applause.] So powerful are the tendencies of today, which I call upon you to seize with a strong and powerful grasp, that in the year 1890 alone the commerce of Savannah sprung forward $35,000,000. [Applause.]

Where is the limit to the magnificent growth of the south Atlantic ports if we are but true to ourselves and move onward in the march of progress and avail ourselves of our natural advantages. Let the opportunity slip, let it pass by, and you can never recall it.

Now, let us briefly consider the effect of seizing the conditions which surround us of getting deep water for Savannah and of moving forward with enlightened views. New lines of trade must follow, not only to Savannah but to every south Atlantic port. Inevitably the great freights of the west must pour in through this territory, and outward through our southern port. Inevitably the rates on freight of every class of commodity must fall. Inevitably every line of industry, factories and agriculture and all the interests of the state must feel, and feel powerfully, the influence of these causes. The short lines must control and regulate the rates of freight.

Now remember that you have no great waterways reaching from the northwest to the south east, but you have artificial arteries accomplishing the same result; remember that from the center of the northwest, as I have already stated, it is 300 miles nearer to Savannah than to New York and is it not inevitable that whenever we are able to meet the competition of the great lines of transportation north of the Ohio, meet it at the seaboard, there must come a revision of the tariff rates on everything that lies west of the south. But more than that, there follows direct trade with Europe and with the markets of the world. [Applause.] I hesitate not to state it as my firm and deliberate judgment, and I leave it to be vindicated by time, that direct trade with Europe and with the world from south Atlantic ports is inevitable if we seize the opportunity and the conditions that surround us. [Applause.] Talk to me about its being an idle dream! Talk to me about the idea that our people cannot enter into vigorous competition with any people on the face of the globe, and I will tell you, gentlemen, you underestimate the pure Aigo-Saxon blood that flows through the veins of the people of the south. Why isn't it practicable? Have you not seen that the commerce of Savannah has grown fifty-odd millions in four years? Have you not seen that it is now the foremost naval stores port in the world? Have you not seen that it is already the second cotton port in the world? Remember that cotton forms one of the greatest bases of export in America. Then, tell me why, with all that business offering, isn't it practicable to have direct trade to Europe, when you have made the water deep enough to float ocean ships large enough to carry freights as cheaply and as economically as it is carried from the north Atlantic?

We now have the price of cotton in Liverpool regulated by the price in New York plus the ocean freight. I would see it regulated by the price in Savannah plus the Savannah freight to the markets of the world. [Great applause.] And when that business offers from the territory further west, what will be the volume of Savannah's commerce? It will not do to say that the climatic condition of the south Atlantic will not allow us to export grain. Look yonder at New Orleans with a climate equally damp as yours, and yet you see it today exporting millions of bushels of grain. Deepen your port, offer the facilities to commerce, take your short lines, and trade from the west flows to you and through Georgia as inevitably as water flows down hill. [Applause.]

Look for a moment at the magnificent special advantages that this great port of Georgia offers. In the first place, the water that flows by it is pure and fresh. To those that do not understand what that may mean, let me ask you to look at that piece of wood put in salt water only two years ago, and bored all into holes by the toredo, and then go and see the piles that had stood for nearly one hundred years at Savannah in fresh water, as strong today as when they were first driven. Consider further that this same insect that penetrates that wood penetrates the wooden bottom of any ship that sails in salt water. Consider further that the barnacles that gather on the bottom of the ship in salt water die and fall off in fresh water. Consider further the magnificent wharves costing millions upon millions of dollars already built; the facilities that her enterprising merchants have for handling business; realize the fact that it requires something else besides deep water to make a city; then realize that you have that something else already in Savannah, ready and willing and anxious and ambitious to handle many times the commerce it now handles, if you but give it this additional facility. That is all Savannah asks, and all she asks from congress is that the work be done economically and speedily in a way to do the greatest service.

What will be the effect upon the southeast of securing a fair share of the commerce of the continent? It will result in the permanent commercial equality with every section of its union. I have no prejudice against the northeast. I have no prejudice in my heart against any section of this country. I honor them for their enterprise; I honor them for their foresight; I honor them for what they have accomplished. But I would see the west and the south receive from the general government that assistance which they have a right to ask, to open these south Atlantic ports to the commerce behind them that is offering and that would enable this southeastern country to become permanently the commercial equal of the northeast—[applause]—establishing here great commercial centers, establishing great financial centers and rendering us as we ought to be, forever independent: not independent of that good will and that friendliness which should exist between all parts of this union, but independent in our commercial lines and our commercial destinies.

If we can bring about this condition, deep water for Savannah, and turn through her port a part of the commerce of the west, it will help not only all the interior country, but the other south Atlantic ports from Norfolk to Brunswick; from the east direct lines will be opened up to them, and a fair share of the commerce of this continent will go to each—a larger business than if one of them could now control all the business offering to all of them. Demonstrate the success of one and the success of all must follow.

In that picture of the future in which we see our ports peopled with great cities; the ships of all nations lying in their harbors; the commerce of the west pouring through our territory to seek the markets of the world; the shackles of an iniquitous tariff shaken from the limbs of our foreign trade—[applause]—millions of spindles mingling their music with the roar of our waterfalls; factories and furnaces by the thousands turning our raw materials into manufactured products.

In that magnificent picture I would find no charm if I saw in it naught but materialism. But by the side of it stands a companion-piece—the picture of a people educated, cultivated, highly civilized; the picture of the south, great, prosperous and powerful; all interests and classes moving on in harmonious relations with each other, each fully aware of and respecting the rights of the other; a picture in which I see the great staple growers of the south and the great staple growers of the west tied firmly in the bonds of mutual interest and fraternal brotherhood, tied together forever, and the merchants and manufacturers of the south competing on equal terms with the merchants and manufacturers of the east, in a spirit of generous friendship. [Applause.] A picture of the south framed in a perfect union. [Renewed applause.]

Gentlemen of the general assembly, I thank ysu in behalf of Savannah for the cordial hearing you have given her cause this morning. I thank you in behalf of myself for your patient and courteous attention, and I desire to convey my high appreciation, which cannot formulate itself in words, for the great honor you have done me in affording me this hearing today. [Great applause.]

**About the Savannah Delegation.**

Savannah's delegation is a strong one. She sent up her live, representative business men, bankers, manufacturers, merchants, cotton, naval stores, railroad and shipping men, representatives of her city government and of her press. These men are all proud of the fact that they hail from the greatest port between Baltimore and New Orleans, and in their talk they declare earnestly that their city is going to rival New York in commerce.

Here is the personnel of the party:

Mayor J. J. McDonough is a large lumber manufacturer, and a man full of enterprise, ideas, energy and grit. He is chairman of Savannah's river and harbor executive committee of fifteen.

Captain D. G. Purse, another member of the executive committee, is president of the board of trade. He built the Tybee railroad, is a heavy investor in real estate, and is a lively projector and promoter of a score of enterprises.

Colonel J. L. Warren, of the same committee, is president of the cotton exchange, and a brainy cotton merchant. He was on the State road betterments commission which was recenly dissolved.

Alderman W. G. Cann, of the executive committee, is the youngest member of the aldermanic board, on which he is serving his second term. He is a cotton factor and one of the brightest and most level-headed men Savannah has.

Frank Weldon, also of the executive committee, is managing editor of The Times, which started this movement and which is shoving it steadily every day.

Alderman McGuire is a Savannah grocer and has an important position on the executive committee.

Mr. Frank E. Rebarer, the committee's secretary, is clerk of Savannah's city council and is an efficient official.

Mr. S. P. Hamilton is president of the Merchants' National bank and the electric light company, and is a gentleman of large wealth.

Captain John Flannery is president of the Southern bank, is very wealthy aud is the head of a large cotton house. He is captain of the Irish Jasper Greens.

J. S. Wood is a cotton merchant and president of the Wrightsville and Tennille railroad.

J. P. Williams is a wealthy naval stores factor and president of the Middle Georgia and Atlantic railroad, the projected air-line from Atlanta to Savannah.

Captain W. W. Starr is the Central's superintendent of transportation and an able railroad man.

J. K. Garnett is one of the largest cotton factors in the country and is a director in the Central railroad.

J. R. Saussy is a prominent lawyer, one of the leading members of Savannah's bar, and the attorney for Chatham county.

J. L. Whatley is another prominent member of the bar and a remarkably shrewd real estate investor. Colonel Whatley is the law partner of General Henry R. Jackson.

W. S. Tison is a progressive Savannahian, a successful cotton factor and is closely identified with the South Bound railroad, of which he was the second president.

Dan I. MacIntyre is a big cotton factor and a valuable citizen.

E. A. Cutts is a young cotton exporter, a son of Senator Cutts.

A. H. MacDonell is a prominent young lawyer and is judge-elect of the city court.

D. R. Thomas is a wealthy coal merchant and thoroughly associated with Savannah's progress.

Mr. A. O. Byrne is another young legal light and a bright politician.

G. W. Parrish is a rich merchant. William Kehol and Thomas Ballantyne have big foundries and machine shops.

R. J. Wade is marshal of the city. Aldermen Bailey, Haines and O'Brien are all prominent in business, as are also J. W. Moore, C. W. Gilbert, wholesale grocer; J. B. Tideman, wholesale grocer; John Turton, naval stores exporter; John Elton, manufacturer; C. H. Malone, cotton factor; Walter Curtis, exporter; A. A. Solomons, wholesale druggist; David Robinson, secretary Middle Georgia and Atlantic; Malcolm McLean, cotton factor; Paul Haskell, manager Savannah's cotton oil mill; J. P. Merrihew, superintendent cotton exchange; C. W. Howard, superintendent board of trade.

## THE STAY LAW.

### It Has at Last Been Introduced.—What About It.

The long-talked-of and widely-discussed stay law has at last been introduced in the house.

The measure was introduced yesterday by Mr. Montgomery, of Taylor county.

Mr. Montgomery introduced the measure at the request of his constituents, most of whom are alliancemen, and they were joined in their request by alliancemen in other parts of the state.

The bill provides for a suspension of the collection of all debts within the state from the first of October next, until the first day of November, 1892.

This is the measure welch is expected to relieve the depressed financial condition of the farmers, and the country generally.

It provides that no real or personal shall be levied on for debt during that period, and under no consideration is the arrest or imprisonment of any person allowed during that time for failing to meet obligations, even though they may be able to do so. In fact, it relieves all indebted persons for that time, and they will not be required to meet any obligations whatsoever except money due for taxes. The bill also provides that the statute of limitation shall cease to run against such debts.

The bill is a measure which the farmers advocate, as they expect it to give them that long-sought relief from a depressed financial condition under which they have been suffering.

Several members of the house were seen in regard to the bill, and the sentiments expressed by them will be found elsewhere.

The alliance members will probably consider the measure, but it is understood that many of them are opposed to it, as they say it is clear that it will make money matters tighter.

Mr. Montgomery said he introduced the bill in the interest of the county alliance of his county, which was unanimously in favor of it.

"We will probably hold the bill off in the committee until the county alliance meets," said Mr. Montgomery, "so that they may send a resolution concerning it."

"Do you think it unconstitutional?"

"If the constitution is not in the interest of the people we will elect a supreme court and change it.

"I shall favor the measure in the interest of the people who want and demand the law. We fought the bagging trust successfully, and if such a measure really be necessary, and the people say it is, we will pass it in spite of the opinions of a few monopolists and moneyed men."

**About the Stay Law.**

"I think," said Mr. Boifeuillet, "that such a thing as a stay law is a foolish and an unwise measure. It is contrary to all the principles of free and honest government; it is unconstitutional, and the most radical measure that could be introduced. My vote will certainly be cast against it, and I am confident the Georgia legislature will pass no such unwise, unjust and unnecessary measure. If the farmers want relief that is no way to get it, for it will only tighten financial matters, instead of relieving them."

Dr. Campbell, of Meriwether, is down on the stay law. He says it is unconstitutional and unwise. "I don't like to say much about it," said he, "but I am satisfied that it is hardly a proper way to get the relief sought. I don't think it will pass."

"Well," said Mr. Tatum, of Dade, last night, "I don't like to be quoted on the stay law, but if certain things are true, I think it ought to pass. It is rumored that the banks have combined and agreed not to let out any money for the disposal of the cotton crop. Now, if this be true, and I am inclined to doubt it, the measure would be a good thing. Some thing must be done, but if no such combination has been formed I think the measure wholly unjustifiable. I am for the people, and will vote always in their interests."

"No such measure as a stay law will ever be passed in Georgia," said Mr. Hardeman, of Wilkes. "It is wholly unjust and unwise, and has been held unconstitutional by the supreme court of the state and many others. One governor of Georgia refused to sign such a bill, and I do not believe Governor Northen would affix his signature to any such measure. Far from giving relief, it will only tighten the money market, for who would send money to Georgia, knowing such a measure to be in effect? I am opposed to it, and don't believe it will pass.'

Nervous debility, poor memory, diffidence, sexual weakness, pimples, cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Samples free at all tugists

## DAMAGE SUITS.

A number of large damage suits were filed yesterday in the city court.

J. D. Wester sues the Fulton County Street Railway Company for $12,000.

In his complaint he avers that he was engaged in learning to operate an electric motor with the consent of the defendant's officers; that whilst watching the motorman operate one of the cars, the 5th of last May, he was run into by another electric car and knocked down and seriously injured; that his ankle was sprained and the bones of his foot were broken. He charges the company with gross carelessness.

Mrs. Margaret Ball seeks to recover $7,000 from the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. She was a passenger the 19th of last July on the regular passenger train coming from Chattanooga to Atlanta. When near Dalton there was a collision, and she was injured.

George A. Johnson was driving a wagon across the track of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad, the 7th of last month, when a passenger train struck the vehicle, demolishing it, killed the mule and injured the plaintiff. He alleges that the train was running faster than thirty-five miles an hour. He sues for $10,000.

The 29th of last mouth Reuben Butler was riding in one of the dummies of the Metropolitan street railway, when a collision occurred and he was badly hurt. He wishes damages in the sum of $2,000.

Haskell Harris brings suit against the Fulton county street railway for $7,000. He asserts that he was injured by a plank striking him with great force, which plank was propelled by one of the electric cars which was passing rapidly near where he was busy mixing mortar. He charges the company's servants with negligence.

Willis Brown wants $10,000 from the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company. He was injured while discharging his duties as a brakeman, and he avers that the accident was owing to carelessness on the part of the defendant's servants.

Economy: "100 Doses One Dollar."
Merit: "Peculiar to Itself."
Purity: Hood's Sarsaparilla.

**Quantity Not Always Essential.**

If the oceans were composed of the finest conceivable Blood Remedies, and taken internally when you were suffering with Tetter or Ringworm, or any other parasitic skin disease, you might take the Pacific Ocean and supplement this with the Atlantic without experiencing the slightest relief. Tetter and kindred troubles are a patch of parasites feeding on the skin. Tetterine will destroy them—nothing else will. After years of disappointment with other remedies, Tetterine will afford relief. Price 50 cents, all druggists, by mail by J. T. Shuptrine & Bro., Savannah, Ga.

**Special Train for Manchester.**

A special train will leave the Union Depot this morning at 10 o'clock for the new suburb, Manchester, and will return at 1 o'clock. A large crowd of capitalists and business men are going out to inspect the place. Special rates for everybody.

IF YOU NEED

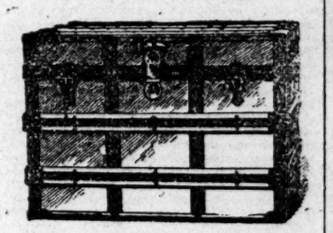
A pair of Pants, we still have a good line. The prices are "way off."

Puff Bosom Shirts, Neglige Shirts, etc., to close out at prices that will prove interesting to the buyer.

Prices reduced on all spring goods.

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Refrigerators!

The hot season is here and you want a first-class Refrigerator for your pantry. There is no Refrigerator made equal to the Alaska.

The people of Atlanta have tried it and said: "It is the best."

The people of Georgia have tried it and said: 'It is the best."

It is the most economical, using the smallest quantity of ice.

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in the state, consisting of the following brands:
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Blackberry Brandy made of the finest imported French brandy and native blackberries.
Pure old Blackberry Wine made in North Georgia.
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Sole Agents for Imperial, Anheuser and Tannhaueser Beers.
Orders solicited and promptly filled.

PETER LYNCH,
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DEALER IN
Cigars, Tobaccos, Wines and Liquors, Guns, Pistols, Cartridges.
Is just now receiving half gallon, quart and pint fruit jars of the Millville, Glassboro and Mason pattern. Also turnip seeds of nearly all kinds. Claret, Sherry, Port, Madeira, Angelica and other wines together with ale porter and bottled beer and other light beverages made a specialty of during the hot season of the year. Peter Lynch also runs a branch store at 209 W. Peters st., where he keeps a better variety of groceries and provisions, and a line of such goods as he keeps on Whitehall st., wines and liquors excepted. Please call and see him at either or both places and he will tr to please you. Terms cash.

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## MEETINGS.

Ladies who have promised and are willing to assist Company A, Confederate Veterans, in making their Fair a success, are requested to meet the committee at armory of Gate City Guard this afternoon at 4 o'clock p. m.

### Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Today (Thursday) at 3:30 o'clock p. m., at pastor's study of First Baptist church, there will be a Bible reading by Mrs. M. B. Williams, wife of the evangelist. All members urged to be present. Friends and visitors always welcome.

MISS STOKES, Secretary. MRS. WITTER, President.

### A Mother's Meeting.

The mothers of Atlanta are cordially invited to attend a mother's meeting in the steward's room of Trinity church today, Thursday, August 13th at 4 p. m. Mrs. F. P. Parks, state superintendent of literature for the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Georgia, will conduct the exercises, after which a responsive reading on the interesting subject of "Christian Stewardship and Systematic Giving," will be enjoyed by all present.

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE

### BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 12, 1891.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at $1.50@$2.50 ℔ 1000 premium.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

| | Bid | Asked | | Bid | Asked |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New Ga. 3½s 27 to 30 years | 100 | | Atlanta 7s, 1899 | 108 | |
| New Ga. 3½s, 35 to 40 years | 101 | | Atlanta 6s, L. D. | 110 | |
| New Ga. 4½s, 1915 | 110 | 112½ | Atlanta 6s, S. D. | 100 | |
| Georgia 7s, 1896 | 108 | | Atlanta 5s, L. D. | 106 | |
| Savannah 5s | 102 | | Atlanta 4½s | 98 | 100 |
| Atlanta 8s, 1902 | 118 | | Augusta 7s, L. D. | 110 | |
| Atlanta 8s, 1892 | 100 | | Macon 6s | 112 | |
| Atlanta 7s, 1904 | 113 | | Columbus 5s | 98 | |
| | | | Rome graded | 100 | |
| | | | Waterworks 6s | 100 | |
| | | | Rome 5s | 90 | |

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.

| | Bid | Asked | | Bid | Asked |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Atlanta Nat'l | 350 | | Lowry B'k Co | 140 | 150 |
| Atlanta B. Co | 130 | | Atlanta Trust & Banking Co | 110 | 120 |
| Ger. L'n & B. Co. | 99 | 100 | Am'n Banking & Trust Co | 103 | 105 |
| Merch. Bank | 150 | | South'n Bank'g & Trust Co | 105 | |
| Bank S. of Ga | 150 | | | | |
| Gate City Nat | 145 | | | | |
| Capitol City | 115 | 120 | | | |

RAILROAD BONDS.

| | Bid | Asked | | Bid | Asked |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ga. 6s, 1897 | 103 | | Ga. Pacific, 1st | 103 | 105 |
| Ga. 6s, 1910 | 108 | 110 | Ga. Pacific, 2d | 58 | 60 |
| Ga. 6s, 1922 | 111 | 113 | A. P. & L., 1st 7s | 105 | 108 |
| Central 7s, 1893 | 100 | | Mari'ta & N. G. | | 40 |
| Char. Col. & A. | 102 | | S., A. & M., 1st | 79 | 81 |
| At. & Florida | | 100 | | | |

RAILROAD STOCKS.

| | Bid | Asked | | Bid | Asked |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Georgia | 190 | 192 | Aug. & Sav | | 135 |
| Southwestern | 110 | | A. & W. P. | 105 | 108 |
| Central | 90 | 95 | do. deben | 90 | 95 |
| Cent. deben | 85 | 88 | | | |

### THE NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

#### The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, August 12.—The stock market today reversed its temper of the last two days, and while still dull and featureless for the general list, was strong almost throughout the entire session and a material improvement was made in all the leading shares. The market for the present, it is conceded, hangs on the Union Pacific affair, and the market today certainly took its tone from that stock, which recovered the loss of yesterday. There was an announcement made that a syndicate had certainly been made up and that Drexel, Morgan & Co. would be largely represented in it, which precipitated a rush to cover the shorts in the Union Pacific with the result of sharp but steady appreciation in the value of stocks on large transactions, nearly 32,000 shares of it changing hands in the first hour. Reports affecting crops continued to be most favorable, and Rock Island kept closely behind the Union Pacific on the upward movement, while Burlington was also specially strong and the late weak stocks, including Louisville and Nashville and Missouri Pacific, made substantial improvement. Buying of foreigners or what was made to appear as such, was a potent factor in making a strong opening, and first prices, while generally only a small fraction better than last night's figures, were soon surpassed. Burlington responded to more favorable news in regard to the corn crop by an opening gain of ⅜ per cent, while Union Pacific was up 1 per cent and the heavy trading in the last named with its decided strength, helped by rumors of closer relations in the near future between it and other large western roads, including the Missouri Pacific and Atchison. It was generally believed that by the decline of the previous few days, the short interest had been unduly augumented and the feeling in the room was, therefore, more bullish than usual of late, and traders were ripe for rally. The buying with purchases for foreign account made a strong opening and continued the covering of shorts, with new buying for long account, kept prices moving upward until near 2 p. m., when Union Pacific had reached 36, Rock Island following closely with Burlington, Cleveland, Chicago, Columbus, Cincinnati and St. Louis, Louisville and some others showing marked strength. Realizations on advances of the day caused a partial reaction in the last hour and Union Pacific lost over 1 per cent and others in proportion. The market finally closed rather heavy at concessions, but with prices generally at a materal improvement over last night's figures. Trading was larger than for any day for some time, being 240,000 listed and 3,000 unlisted, Union Pacific furnishing 75,965; Burlington, 30,480; St. Paul, 23,900, and Rock Island, 24,350.

Exchange quiet at 484@486; commercial bills 483¼@485¼.

Money easy, closing at 2.

Sub-treasury balances: Coin, $62,181,000; currency, $27,071,000.

Governments dull but steady; 4s 116½; 4½s 100½.

State bonds dull but steady.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ala., Class A, 2 to 5 | 100¾ | N. Y. Central | 99 |
| do., Class B, 5s | 105 | Norfolk & West. pref. | 46⅛ |
| N. & C. 6s | 122 | Northern Pacific | 21¾ |
| do. 4s | 95 | do. preferred | 60⅞ |
| S. C. con. Brown | 94 | Pacific Mail | 32⅛ |
| Tennessee 6s | 101 | Reading | 27¼ |
| Tennessee 5s | 97 | Rich. & W. P. Ter. | 10¾ |
| Tenn. settlement 3s | 68⅛ | Rock Island | 73⅞ |
| Virginia 6s | 50 | St. Paul | 63⅝ |
| Virginia consols | 35 | do. Preferred | 110½ |
| Chicago and N. W. | 105⅞ | Texas Pacific | 11⅞ |
| do. preferred | 133½ | Tenn. Coal & Iron | 25⅛ |
| Del. and Lack | 123¾ | Union Pacific | 36⅞ |
| Erie | 18 | N. J. Central | 110½ |
| East Tenn., new | 5 | Missouri Pacific | 66⅝ |
| Lake Shore | 108¼ | Western Union | 79¾ |
| Louisville & Nash | 67⅞ | Cotton Oil Trust | 20 |
| Memphis & Char. | 34 | Brunswick | 9⅞ |
| Mobile & Ohio | 39¾ | Mobile & Ohio 4s | 65¾ |
| Nash. & Chat. | 80 | Silver certificates | 99¼ |
| N. O. Pacific 1st | 83½ | *Ex-dividend. | |

#### Wire in Trouble.

On account of wire trouble Messrs. Youngblood & Hass did not receive the circular letters of Cahn & Co. and Lehman Brothers reviewing the stock and cotton markets.

### THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 12.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

| | Opening. | Closing. |
|---|---|---|
| August | 7.78@ 7.79 | 7.71@ 7.72 |
| September | 7.91@ 7.93 | 7.87@ 7.88 |
| October | 8.04@ 8.05 | 8.01@ 8.02 |
| November | 8.16@ 8.17 | 8.13@...... |
| December | 8.26@...... | 8.24@...... |
| January | 8.36@...... | 8.33@ 8.34 |
| February | 8.46@ 8.47 | 8.44@ 8.46 |
| March | 8.57@...... | 8.54@ 8.55 |
| April | 8.68@ 8.69 | 8.64@ 8.65 |
| May | 8.78@...... | 8.74@ 8.75 |

Closed steady; sales 57,900 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

| | RECEIPTS 1891 | RECEIPTS 1890 | EXPORTS 1891 | EXPORTS 1890 | STOCK 1891 | STOCK 1890 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Saturday | 1245 | 203 | 7497 | ...... | 206259 | 57335 |
| Monday | 1569 | 415 | 1636 | 1021 | 203238 | 55380 |
| Tuesday | 1189 | 376 | 206 | 2039 | 205318 | 53671 |
| Wednesday | 1109 | 1498 | ...... | 729 | 203888 | 54231 |
| Thursday | | | | | | |
| Friday | | | | | | |
| Total | 5112 | 794 | 9339 | 3110 | | |

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| January | 7.93 | July | ...... |
| February | 8.03 | August | 7.48 |
| March | 8.12 | September | 7.53 |
| April | 8.22 | October | 7.66 |
| May | 8.32 | November | 7.74 |
| June | 8.42 | December | 7.83 |

Closed quiet; sales 15,900 bales.

Local—Market dull; middling 7½c.

#### Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, August 12—[Special.]—Spinners continue to purchase freely in Liverpool, taking 12,000 bales today thereby giving tone and strength to the arrival market, though the best prices are not sustained to the close. Our market, however, did not show the strength looked for, the failure of the European wheat crop leading many who would otherwise think well of cotton at the ruling price to anticipate a falling off in the demand from the continent. Crop advices from the cotton belt are very favorable, while from Texas the crop is variably reported by the Galveston and Dallas newspapers as being from 1@2 per cent lower than last year. The traders are not inclined to enter into any new engagements at the present prices, though believing, without change in crop prospects, lower prices will rule. Texas new crop cotton is now being freely offered for prompt delivery in 500 bale lots.

#### By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, August 12—12:15 p. m.—Cotton spot business moderate at easier prices; middling uplands 4⅝; sales 12,000 bales; American 11,300; speculation and export 1,000: receipts 4,000; American 3,600; uplands low middling clause September and October delivery 4 29-64, 4 30-64, 4 28-64, 4 26-64, 4 27-64; October and November delivery 4 34-64, 4 33-64, 4 32-64, 4 33-64; November and December delivery 4 37-64, 4 36-64; December and January delivery 4 38-64; January and February delivery 4 42-64, 4 41-64; February and March delivery 4 44-64, 4 43-64; futures opened steady.

LIVERPOOL, August 12—4:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 4 29-64, value; August and September delivery 4 29-64, value; September and October delivery 4 31-64, sellers; October and November delivery 4 35-64, sellers; November and December delivery 4 38-64, sellers; December and January delivery 4 40-64, buyers; January and February delivery 4 42-64, 4 43-64; February and March delivery 4 44-64, 4 45-64; March and April delivery 4 47-64, buyers; futures closed steady.

NEW YORK, August 12—Cotton quiet; sales 253 bales; middling uplands 8 1-16; Orleans 8⅜; net receipts none; gross none; stock —.

GALVESTON, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7 13-16; net receipts 502 bales; gross 502; sales 383; stock 4,075.

NORFOLK, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅞; net receipts 66 bales; gross 66; sales 25; stock 5,407.

BALTIMORE, August 12—Cotton dull; middling 8⅛; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; to spinners —; stock 5,867.

BOSTON, August 12—Cotton dull and easy; middling 8⅛; net receipts 45 bales; gross 149; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, August 12—Cotton nominal; middling 7½; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 2,884.

PHILADELPHIA, August 12—Cotton steady; middling 8⅜; net receipts 82 bales; gross 82; stock 4,221.

SAVANNAH, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅜; net receipts 153 bales; gross 153; sales 15; stock 2,930; exports coastwise 864.

NEW ORLEANS, August 12—Cotton easy; middling 7⅝; net receipts 207 bales; gross 310; sales 600; stock 41,149- exports coastwise 1,310.

MOBILE, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7 13-16; net receipts 10 bales; gross 10; sales 100; stock 4,441; exports coastwise 4.

MEMPHIS, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7 13-16; net receipts 86 bales; sales 125; shipments none; stock 3,114.

AUGUSTA, August 12—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 7⅞; net receipts 25 bales; shipments 505; sales none; stock 9,123.

CHARLESTON, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅞; net receipts 66 bales; gross 66; sales 29; stock 5,407.

### THE CHICAGO MARKET.

#### Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, August 12.—On top of the 3⅛c advance recorded in wheat yesterday there was piled today a further appreciation of 2⅞c in the ruling option—December—though 1⅛c had disappeared at the close. The market was in an extremely nervous state. The general feeling in the pit favored higher prices, but the uncertainty as to the size of the uncovered short interest here unsettled confidence and tended to an evening up of trades, both long and short, at the first sign of danger. The result was a series of stampedes, which alternately sent the market up and down in a most bewildering fashion. The general tendency of the session, however, was upward. The news at the opening was bullish. London reported cargoes for prompt shipment 1s 3d up, and Liverpool was 1d higher. At the start the bulls seemed to doubt the wisdom of pressing the advantage they obtained yesterday, and this gave the bears some show of courage. The opening price was at 95c to 95½c, against 94⅞c at the close yesterday. The longs then began to realize, and their sales broke the market to 94¾c within a few minutes, and there was a reaction to 95⅛c. But renewed offerings quickly sent the price off again to 94⅜c. Then came a period of comparative steadiness, the market holding between 94¾c and 95⅛c. Then Paris cables reported an advance of ½ franc in wheat and 1 franc in flour, and the price bulged to 96¾c. This advance was assisted by reports of heavy export clearances on the Atlantic seaboard and gulf. Notwithstanding the heavy liquidation of Pardridge yesterday, he was understood to be still heavily short, and operators were calling him sharply for margin. He finally told them that he would put up no more margin and that they could cover themselves in open market, which they proceeded to do. It was estimated that purchases of his account, "under the rule," aggregated 1,000,000 bushels, and this buying put the price up to 97⅞c, the top figure of the day. When these demands were satisfied the market sagged off, but closed firm at 96c.

Corn started off easy and September sold from 59¼@58¾c, the weakness being due to the late fine rains in the corn belt and the hesitation in wheat at the opening. The shorts took advantage of the weakness to cover and the market rallied some. Finally, when wheat made its big advance, corn got excited and September sold to 60⅞c. Pardridge was short on considerable corn, and when it was found that his wheat brokers were buying him in his corn brokers did the same thing, hence the advance to 60⅞c. After the flurry was over September sold off to 58½c and closed at 59⅛c.

Oats were quiet but strong most of the day, influenced chiefly by the strength in the other grains.

Hog products had another dull day and prices ruled steady. The excitement in grain seemed to be entirely lost on the provision market. Receipts of live hogs were 2,500 more than expected, and there was very little demand for the product. September pork kept between $10.40@$10.55 and closed at $10.42½.

The leading futures ranged as follow today. Chicago

| | Opening. | Highest. | Closing. |
|---|---|---|---|
| WHEAT— | | | |
| August | 95½ | 98¼ | 94⅝ |
| September | 91½ | 96 | 92⅞ |
| December | 95½ | 97⅞ | 94⅞ |
| CORN— | | | |
| August | 62½ | 63¾ | 62 |
| September | 59⅛ | 60⅞ | 59⅛ |
| October | 55⅛ | 56¼ | 51⅞ |
| OATS— | | | |
| August | 28⅜ | 29 | 28½ |
| September | 28⅜ | 29 | 28⅜ |
| May | 31⅝ | 32½ | 31¾ |
| PORK— | | | |
| September | 10 42½ | 10 55 | 10 42½ |
| October | 10 55 | 10 67½ | 10 55 |
| LARD— | | | |
| September | 6 60 | 6 87½ | 6 57½ |
| October | 6 70 | 6 80 | 6 67½ |
| SIDES— | | | |
| September | 6 70 | 6 75 | 6 72½ |
| October | 6 82½ | 6 85 | 6 82½ |

#### Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Received over Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Private Wire by Messrs. Youngblood & Haas.

CHICAGO, August 12.—There are more tired brokers and disgusted speculators today than we have seen for some time. Brokers who had limited and stop orders, and tried to execute them satisfactorily for their customers, have been worried to death. It was difficult to make sales at the opening prices, trades being made at all sorts of prices in different parts of the crowd. There was some little weak foreign news, and Bradstreet had rather a bearish report of a large increase and holders were inclined to realize, causing a weak spell. Very soon after the opening Bradstreet changed his estimate, however, making the available increase very light. Exporters bought very heavily, firming our market up to about the opening prices, when some heavy local speculators became heavy buyers. Then came rumors of Pardridge being in trouble, and orders from a house doing business with him to close their trades started the market on a regular flurry, advancing it fully 2 cents a bushel, with quotations in some instances fully ½c apart. We think the advance will check the buying for export, and that a decline of several cents per bushel from the high prices of today is quite probable.

Corn was quite active, and advanced in sympathy with wheat, but holders were free sellers around 60c, and the advance was all lost at the close.

Parties having August rye sold are having great difficulty in protecting their contracts. The receipts are light, and there is scarcely anything offered. There were some sales in September from 83c up to 89c. There were several sales in August reported at 89c to 89½c, and possibly one or two sales early from 83c to 84c. This latter, however, could not be verified.

Mess pork was almost entirely neglected. There was some little trading in lard and ribs at slightly higher prices than yesterday.

### GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 12, 1891.

#### Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, August 12—Flour, southern firm but quiet; common to fair extra $3.65@4.35; good to choice $4.35@5.25. Wheat, spot 2@3c higher and active for export; No. 2 red 103¾@105 in elevator; options advanced steadily and closed strong at 2½@2¾c advance over yesterday under continued favorable crop news, especially from Russia, higher cables, which bring a large number of buying orders, full German export demand, which runs into deliveries up to February with steady large clearances here and from out ports; No. 2 red August 105; September 104¾; October 106; November 105¾; December 106⅝. Corn, spot unsettled and quiet, closing easier; No. 2 74@74½ in elevator; options advanced with wheat, but had little speculative tension and closed irregular and dull; August 72; September 68¼; October 66. Oats, spot higher but irregular; options irregular, closing weak; August 36; September 34⅜; October 34¾; No. 2 spot 43@44; mixed western 41@46. Hops easy and quiet; state common to choice 15@19; Pacific coast 16@19½.

ST. LOUIS, August 12—Flour higher; choice $3.35@3.50; patents $4.15@4.25; fancy $4.00@4.25; family $3.15@3.25. Wheat opened irregular; after early excitement quieted down some, but later a rush to buy developed, and as there was little for sale a wild and inexplainable advance of 2c was scored in a few seconds; after the shorts had been driven in the longs would buy no more, and as there was consequently little demand prices dropped back steadily, the close being ⅞@1⅛c over yesterday; No. 2 red cash 91½@92⅛; August 91¾; September 91⅝; December 95¼. Corn was dull most of the time the feeling was weak, and prices declined ½c, but the feeling in wheat lifted corn up with it; this was not maintained, however, and the close was ⅛@¼ below yesterday; No. 2 mixed cash 57; September 54⅞. Oats dull; No. 2 cash 28; August 27¼; December 27⅝.

ATLANTA, August 12—Flour—First patent $5.75; second patent $5.25; extra fancy $5.00; fancy $4.75; family $4.00. Corn — No. 2 white 85c; mixed 81c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 48c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 1.10; No. 1 timothy, large bales, $1.00; choice timothy, small bales, $1.10; No. 1 timothy, small bales, $1.00; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 95c. Meal—Plain 87c; bolted 85c. Wheat bran—Large sacks 90c; small sacks 90c. Cotton seed meal—$1.30 ℔ cwt. Steam feed—$1.35 ℔ cwt. Grits—Pearl $4.25.

BALTIMORE, August 12—Flour firmer; Howard street and western superfine $3.40@3.75; extra $3.70@4.25; family $4.50@4.85; city mills Rio brands extra $5.00@5.25. Wheat, southern strong; Fultz 98@105; longberry 100@106; western strong and higher; No. 2 red winter spot 105@105½. Corn, southern firmer; white 68@70; yellow 70@71.

CHICAGO, August 12—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour dull; winter patents $4.30@4.50; spring patents $2.30@5.10; bakers $4.40@4.25. No. 2 spring wheat 96¼; No. 3 do. nominal; No. 2 red 96¼. No. 2 corn 62½. No. 2 oats 28½.

CINCINNATI, August 12—Flour in good demand; family $3.55@3.75; fancy $4.05@4.75. Wheat strong and higher; No. 2 red 95. Corn strong; No. 2 mixed 64. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 31½@32.

#### Groceries.

ATLANTA, August 12—Coffee — Roasted — Arbuckle's 25c ℔ 100 ℔ cases; Levering's 24½c. Green—Extra choice 23½; choice good 21½; fair 21c; 20; common 18@19c. Sugar — Granulated 5; off granulated —c; powdered 5⅝c; cut loaf 5½c; white extra C 4⅛c; yellow extra C 4c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 48@50c; prime 35@40c; common 30@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 22@25. Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 75@80c. Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Allspice 10@11c. Jamaica ginger 18c. Rice 7¼@8¼c. Singapore pepper 16c. Mace $1.00. Rice—Choice 7½c; good 6½c; common 5½@6c; imported Japan 6@7c. Salt—Hawley's dairy $1.50; Virginia 70c. Cheese—Full cream, Cheddars 12c; flats 12½c; skim —. White fish, ½ bbls $4.00; pails 60c. Soaps—Tallow, 100 bars, 75 lbs $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars, 60 lbs $2.00@2.25; tallow, 60 bars, 60 lbs $2.25@2.50. Candles—Parafine 11½c; star 10c. Matches—400s $4.00; 300s $3.00@3.75; 60s $2.00@2.75; 60s, 5 gross $3.75. Soda—Kegs, bulk 5c; do. 1 lb packages 5½c; cases, 1 ℔ 5⅞c; do. 1 and ½ lbs 6c; do. ½ lbs 6½c. Crackers—XXX soda 6½c; XXX butter 6½c; XXX pearl oysters 6c; shell and excelsior 7c; lemon cream 9c; XXX ginger snaps 9c; cornhills 9. Candy—Assorted stick 6½c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk $6.00@8.00; imitation mackerel $3.95@4.00; salmon $6.00@7.50; F. W. oysters $2.20@2.50; L. W. $1.60; corn $2.00@2.75; tomatoes $1.75@2.50. Ball potash $3.20. Starch—Pearl 4½c; lump 5½c; nickel package $3.50, celluloid $5.00. Pickles, plain or mixed, pints $1.00@1.40; quarts $1.50@1.80. Powder—Rifle, kegs $5.50; ½ kegs $3.00; ¼ kegs $1.65. Shot $1.70 ℔ sack.

NEW YORK, August 12—Coffee, options closed steady 5@10 points down; August 16.40; September 15.60; October 14.50@14.55; November 13.65; spot Rio firmer and more active; No. 7 17⅜; fair cargoes 18¾. Sugar, raw quiet and steady; fair to good refining 3 1-16; centrifugal 96-test 3 7-16; refined quiet; No. 6 3⅞; mould A 4 5-16; standard A 4¼; confectioners' A 4¼; cut loaf 5⅛; crushed 5⅛; powdered 4⅝; granulated 4¼@4⅜; cubes 4⅜. Molasses, foreign nominal; 50-test 11¾@12; New Orleans firm but quiet; open kettle common to fancy 25@35. Rice firm but quiet; domestic fair to extra 5¼@7; Japan 5¼@5¾.

NEW ORLEANS, August 12—Coffee dull; Rio ordinary to fair 18@19. Sugar steady; Louisiana open kettle prime 4 11-16; good fair to fully fair 3⅝; good common to fair 3⅜; common 2¾@2 13-16; centrifugals, off plantation granulated 4¼; choice white 4⅜; off white 4⅛; echoio yellow clarified 4⅛; prime do. 4¼; off do. 3⅞; seconds 2⅝@3. Molasses steady; Louisiana open kettle, fermenting good fair to prime 23@25, centrifugals, strictly prime 14@15; prime to good prime 20; fair to good fair 14@15 good common 10@12; Louisiana syrup 20@25. Rice steady; Louisiana ordinary to good 4¼@5⅜.

#### Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, August 12—Provisions firm, quiet. Pork standard mess $10.75. Lard, prime steam 6.20. Dry salt meats, boxed shoulders 5.62½; long clear 7.00@7.05; clear ribs 7.15; short clear 7.27½. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.12½@6.25; long clear 7.60@7.75; clear ribs 7.65@7.70; short clear 7.87½; hams 10½@12.

NEW YORK, August 12—Pork active and strong; mess old $10.50@11.25; new $12.00@12.50; extra prime $10.50@11.00. Middles firm; short clear September 7.00. Lard higher easy and 5 points advance and quiet; western steam 6.90; city steam 6.40; options, September 6.70@6.89 asked; October 7.00 asked; November 7.10.

ATLANTA, August 12—Clear rib sides, boxed 7¼@7⅜; ice-cured bellies 9c. Sugar-cured hams 11@13, according to brand and average; California 7½c; breakfast bacon 9½@10½c. Lard—Pure leaf 8¾; leaf 8; refined 6.

CHICAGO, August 12—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $10.37½. Lard 6.62½@6.65. Short ribs loose 6.70@6.72½. Dry salt shoulders boxed 6.10@6.20; short clear sides boxed 7.20@7.30.

CINCINNATI, August 12—Pork quiet at $11.00. Lard in light supply; current make 6.37½. Bulk meats in light demand; short ribs 6.75. Bacon steady; short clear 7.75.

#### Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, August 12—Turpentine quiet at 33½; rosin quiet; strained $1.10; good strained $1.15; tar firm at $1.65; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.25; yellow dip $2.15; virgin $2.15.

NEW YORK, August 12—Rosin quiet and steady; common to good strained $1.35@1.40; turpentine quiet and steady at 36@36½.

CHARLESTON, August 12—Turpentine steady at 34; rosin firm; good strained $1.27½.

SAVANNAH, August 12—Turpentine firm at 34; rosin firm at $1.30@1.35.

#### Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, August 12.—Apples— Choice $2.50@3.50 ℔ bbl. Lemons—$4.50@$5.00. Oranges—Florida $3.00@4.00. Cocoanuts—5c. Pineapples—50c@$1.00 ℔ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.50@2.25. Figs 13@18. Raisins—New California $2.75; ½ boxes $1.75; ¼ boxes 90c. Currants — 7@8c. Leghorn citron—20@25c. Nuts—Almonds 18c; pecans 12@14c; Brazil 15c; filberts 11½c; walnut 16c. Peanuts—Virginia, fancy hand-picked 4a5c; North Carolina 5a6c.

#### Country Produce.

ATLANTA, August 12—Eggs 13@14. Butter—Western creamery 25@30c; choice Tennessee 10@20c; other grades 10@12½c. Live poultry—Hens 28@30c; young chickens, large 18a20c; small 12@14c. Dressed poultry—Turkeys —c; ducks —c; chickens —c. Irish potatoes new $2.75@$3.00 ℔ bbl. Sweet potatoes —— ℔ bushel. Honey—Strained 8a10c; in the comb 10a12c. Onions $6.00 ℔ bbl. Cabbage 2½c ℔ lb. Grapes 4@6c ℔ ℔.


### FINANCIAL.

DARWIN G. JONES,
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STOCKS, BONDS, LOANS,
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HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN,
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Dealers in Stocks and Bonds.
aug13-d1y fin page

W. H. PATTERSON,
Dealer in Investment Securities
7½ East Alabama Street.
Room 7, Gate City Bank Building.


SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDING JUNE 30, 1891, OF THE CONDITION OF THE

# Continental Fire Insurance Co., OF NEW YORK.

Organized under the laws of the state of New York, made to the governor of the state of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said state.
Principal Office—100 and 102 Broadway, New York City.

I.—CAPITAL.

1. Whole amount of capital stock $ 1,000,000 00
2. Amount paid up in cash $ 1,000,000 00
3. Amount in notes of the stockholders $ 0 — $ 1,000,000 00

II.—ASSETS.

1. Market value of real estate owned by the company (less the amount of incumbrances thereon) as specified in Schedule A, annexed to annual statement filed in the office of Insurance Commissioner, and brought down to date of this return $ 734 360 00
2. Loans on bond and mortgage (duly recorded and being first liens on the fee) as shown in schedule B, attached to annual report, filed in office of Insurance Commissioner and brought down to date of this return 161,110 00
3. Interest due on all said bond and mortgage loans, $ ——; Interest accrued thereon, $3,484.50. Total 3,484 50
4. Value of lands mortgaged, exclusive of buildings and perishable improvements $ 222,150 00
5. Value of buildings mortgaged (insured for $196,525 as collateral) 230,450 00
6. Total value of said mortgaged premises $ 452,600 00

STOCKS AND BONDS OWNED ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY.

9. Total market value $ 3,975,142 00
A detailed account is embodied in annual report, filed in office of insurance commissioner.
10. Stocks, bonds and all other securities (except mortgages) hypothecated with company as collateral security for cash loaned by the company, with the par and market value of the same and the amount loaned on each.
140 shares Safe Deposit Company, of New York.
Total par value $ 3,500 00
Total market value 4,375 00
Amount loaned thereon 3,500 00— 3,500 00
A detailed account is embodied in annual report, filed in office of Insurance Commissioner.
11. Cash in company's principal office, and
12. Cash belonging to the company deposited in bank. Total 286,405 54
Total cash items $ 286,405 54
14. Interest due and accrued on stocks not included in "market value" uncollected 33,013 50
15. Interest due and accrued on collateral loans and uncollected 266 21
16. Cash in hands of agents and in course of transmission and unpaid premiums
17. Bills receivable not matured taken for fire, marine and inland risks } 461,217 09
All other assets, both real and personal, as per schedule attached, viz:
Rents due and accrued $ 8,089 43— 8,089 43
Total assets of the company, actual cash market value $ 5,666,588 27

III.—LIABILITIES.

2. Gross losses in process of adjustment, or in suspense, including all reported and supposed losses $ 258,585 86
3. Losses resisted, including interest, cost and other expenses thereon 32,810 00
4. Total gross amount of claims for losses 291,395 86
5. Deduct reinsurance thereon 23,326 63
6. Net amount of unpaid losses 268,069 23
7. Net premium reserve and all other liabilities, except capital, under the life insurance or any other special department 2,525,276 74
9. Amount of dividends declared but not yet due—
To scrip holders $ 30,664 00
Scrip interest 6,196 68
10. Dividends declared and remaining unpaid or uncalled for 36,860 68
11. Cash dividends to stockholders remaining unpaid 840 00
13½. Reserved for contingencies 150,000 00
14. All other demands against the company, absolute and contingent, due and to become due, admitted and contested, viz: Commissions due to agents and brokers, taxes, etc. 64,129 52
Total $ 3,045,176 17
15. Total amount of all liabilities, except capital stock, scrip and net surplus $ 3,045,176 17
16. Joint stock actually paid up in cash 1,000,000 00
18. Surplus beyond all liabilities 1,621,412 10
19. Aggregate amount of all liabilities $ 5,666,588 27

TO BE ANSWERED BY COMPANIES DOING AN INSTALLMENT BUSINESS.

1. Amount of unearned premiums represented by installment notes—being the whole amount of such notes $ 1,215,941 13

IV.—INCOME DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF YEAR 1891.

On Fire Risks

1. Gross premiums and bills in course of collection at close of last six months $ 349,854 51
3. Net collected 349,854 51
4. Gross premiums on risks written and renewed during the first six months 1,351,841 47
5. Total $ 1,701,695 98
6. Deduct premiums and bills in course of collection at this date 461,217 09
7. Entire premiums collected during the six months $ 1,240,478 89
8. Deduct reinsurance and return premiums 123,346 22
9. Net cash actually received for premiums $ 1,117,132 67—$ 1,117,132 67
10. Received for interest on bonds and mortgages 4,030 70
11. Received for interest and dividends on stocks and bonds, collateral loans and from all other sources 102,405 85
12. Income received from all other sources omitting increase, if any, in value of securities, viz.: Rents, $20,590.38. Total 20,590 38
15. Aggregate amount of income actually received during the first six months in cash $ 1,244,159 60

V.—EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF YEAR 1891.

| | On Fire Risks. | On Marine and Inland Risks. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1. Gross amount actually paid for losses, including $209,951.70; losses occurring in previous years | $ 687,196 24 | $ 1,233 57 | |
| 2. Deduct all amounts actually received for salvages (whether on losses for the last or of previous six months) $1,978.01; and all amounts actually received for reinsurances in other companies, $26,635.61. Total deductions | $ 28,613 62 | | |
| 3. Net amount paid during the first six months of the year for losses | $ 658,582 62— | $ 1,233 57— | $ 659,816 19 |
| 4. Cash dividends actually paid stockholders | | | 70,672 00 |
| 5. Scrip of certificates of profits redeemed in cash, $390, and interest paid to scripholders, $39.60 | | | 429 60 |
| 6. Paid for commissions or brokerage | | | 248,530 74 |
| 7. Paid for salaries, fees and other charges of officers, clerks, agents and all other employes | | | 124,437 64 |
| 8. Paid for state, national and local taxes in this and other states | | | 37,502 48 |
| 9. All other payments and expenditures. Total | | | 101,832 61 |
| Aggregate amount of actual expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash | | | $ 1,243,221 26 |

A copy of the act of incorporation, duly certified, is attached to the annual statement in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—Personaly appeared before the undersigned Henry Evans, who, being duly affirmed, deposes and says that he is the Secretary of agency department of the Continental Insurance Company, of New York, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

HENRY EVANS, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th day of August, 1891.

EDWARD HAIGHT,
Notary Public, Kings County, New York.

Certificate filed in New York County, New York.
Name of state agent—W. G. WHILDEN, SR.
Name of agents at Atlanta:

# RILEY, GRANT & CO.

STATE OF NEW YORK, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.—I, Leonard A. Giegerich, clerk of the city and county of New York, and also clerk of the supreme court for the said city and county, being a court of record, Do hereby certify that Edward Haight has filed in the clerk's office of the county of New York, a certified copy of his appointment as notary public for the county of Kings with his autograph signature, and was, at the time of taking the annexed deposition, duly authorized to take the same, and that I am well acquainted with the handwriting of said notary public, and verily believe that the signature to the annexed certificate is genuine.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the said court and county the 7th day of August, 1891.

LEONARD A. GIEGERICH, Clerk.


J. C. ATKINS, President. E. H. JOHNSON, Manager. C. S. KINGSBERY, Treasurer. J. W. GOLDSMITH, Secretary.

Atlanta National Building and Loan Association,
Rooms 13, 14 and 15, Gould Building.
Authorized capital $50,000,000 | Subscribed $1,30...
☞Loans made on real estate to its members.
☞Invests money for capitalists on real estate.
☞The attention of investors is called to our permanent Investment Shares as a safe and profitable investment.
AGENTS WANTED. Trustworthy and experienced agents wanted throughout the south. For particulars apply to J.H. JOHNSON, Manager, P. O. box, 436, Atlanta, Ga. aug9-d6m-fin p

JAMES W. ENGLISH, President; EDWARD S. PRATT, Cashier; JAMES R. GRAY, Vice-President; JOHN K. OTTLEY, Assistant Cashier.
American Trust & Banking Co.
Capital, $500,000. Undivided Profits, $35,000
Liability Same as National Banks.
DIRECTORS: James W. English, W. P. Inman, M. C. Kiser, George W. Blabon, Philadelphia; Edwards C. Peters, P. H. Harralson, W. A. Russell, J. R. Gray, W. J. VanDyke, C. C. McGehee, J. Hurt
Authorized to do a general banking and exchange business, solicits accounts of banks, business firms and individuals.
Is incorporation is also specially authorized to act as trustee for corporations and individuals, register and register bonds, certificates of stock and other securities, and is a legal depository of trust funds.

MADDOX, RUCKER & CO., Bankers.
We are now located in our new office, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets, where we have every facility for the transaction of a general banking business. Approved business paper discounted, and loans made on collateral. We issue interest-bearing certificates, payable on demand for limited amounts only, as follows: 4 per cent if left 90 days; 5 per cent if left 6 months. For the benefit of mechanics, laborers, and people of small means, interest certificates issued for any amount desired, from $1 upwards. INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY, $450,000
mar 8-dly-fin pg

W. A. HEMPHILL, President. A. D. ADAIR, Vice President. ALONZO RICHARDSON, Cashier.
The Atlanta Trust and Banking Company
CORNER PRYOR AND ALABAMA STREETS.
Solicits the accounts of solvent corporations, firms and individuals. Interest at the rate of 1 per cent per annum paid on daily balances. Approved commercial paper discounted at current rates. Loans made on marketable collaterals.

This is a domestic coal; thoroughly screened, burns to ashes and hold fire. It is mined by machinery, and is free from dust. It gives a bright, steady heat. Hundreds of carloads are being sold for August delivery. Prices lower than any other coal.
SPLINT COAL.
A. H. BENNING, Wholesale and Retail Coal Merchant, cor. Simpson street and W. & A. R. R.; also 359 Decatur street. Telephones 356 and 1131.

SOME OF THE LEADING FIRMS OF THE CITY.

G. G. BROWN Real Estate Agent and Dealer, 27 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. Mortgage loans negotiated.
RAILROAD TICKETS AT REDUCED RATES. Tickets to all principal points. J. W. Swanson, Ticket Broker, 36 Wall St., opposite Union Depot.
GOLDSMITH Real Estate and Loan Agency, 30 South Broad Street, have very large and desirable lists of improved and unimproved city properties. Deal largely in suburban and acreage lands. Refer to Bankers and Merchants of Atlanta.
ATLANTA MARBLE WORKS Marble and Granite. Fine Monumental Work of every description. Robbins Bros., Proprietors. Loyd street, Atlanta, Ga.
ROSE'S PURITY" RYE. The R. M. Rose Co., Wholesale Liquors, 12 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. Mail orders receive prompt and careful attention.
SMITH & STONEY The Purest Drugs and Medicines. Whitehall street, corner Mitchell.
J. J. LOGUE Tents, Awnings and Mosquito Nets. Furniture repaired and upholstered. Hunter street.
RUBBER STAMPS, Stamps, Stencil and Steel Stamps. Badges, Door Plates and Numbers, Hotel and Key Checks. Atlanta Rubber Stamp and Stencil Works, Telephone 519, 57 South Broad street.
W. M. SCOTT & CO., Real Estate Agents, city and mineral properties, pine lands and farms; money loaned at 8 per cent net. Office adjoining Kimball entrance.
MAIER & BERKELE Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing Jewelers, Diamonds, Watches. Jewelry, Clocks, etc.; resetting diamonds and fine watch and jewelry repairing a specialty. 93 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga
RELIANCE LIQUOR CO. Importers and Bottlers, 157 Decatur street, wants orders for Wines and Liquors, in retail quantities, at wholesale prices. Put up in quarts, pints and jugs.
THE BEST place to secure a business or shorthand education is at Moore's Business College, Atlanta, Ga. Terms reasonable. Time short. Success guaranteed. Send for circulars.
WELCH & TURMAN Renting, Sale and Investment Agents, No. 2 Kimball House, Wall street, do strictly a commission business, giving patrons benefit of all margins and advances. Refer to any Atlanta bank.
THE DRESDEN, China, Crockery, Glassware, Table Cutlery, Lamps, Fruit Jars, Machines, Refrigerators, wholesale and retail. We are headquarters for all we sell. No larger assortment in the city. Prices low. Mueller & Koempel, No. 2 S. Pryor street, opposite Kimball House.
THOS. KIRKE & CO. Dealers in 74° Deodorized Gasoline, and Kerosene oil. Southern agents for the Vapor cook stoves, Gas and Oil stoves, Wood and Coal stoves, House-Furnishing goods, etc. 57 & 59 Peachtree street.
THE OLD BOOK STORE Picture Framing.
HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH Mantels, Tile and Grates, Gas and Electric fixtures; Plumbers, Steam and Gas fitters. Architectural sheet metal workers. Estimates cheerfully furnished.
STOCKS' COAL CO. Dealers in Anthracite and Bituminous coal. Wholesale and retail. 97 W. Peters st.
PALMER BROTHERS Contracting Painters. Interior Hard-Wood finishers and decorators. Estimates given promptly. First-class work a specialty. 'Phone 563. Office: 51 South Broad street.
HAMPTON & HOLBROOK Real Estate Brokers, 22 South Broad, invite the public attention to the fact that they have for sale city and suburban property: also large acreage tracts near the city. We have conveyances always ready to show property.
THE LINEN STORE Wholesale and Retail, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets.
C. J. DANIEL, 42 Marietta Street, Telephone 77. Wall Paper, Furniture, Window Shades, Curtain Poles and Room Moulding. The most elegant line of Wall Paper ever brought to the city. None but expert decorators employed. All work guaranteed.
R. H. RANDALL; Real Estate Agent, 14 South Broad Street. City and suburban property a specialty. Conveyances always ready to show property. Visitors to city especially invited to call. Information always cheerfully given.
OSLER FURNITURE DEALER Sales Room, 85 South Broad street. Headquarters for the $12 Suites of New Furniture. Second-hand Goods of every description bought and sold. Desks, Office Fittings, etc.
M. H. LUCAS & CO 22 South Pryor Street (next to Carshed). Real Estate in all parts of city and suburbs. See Journal Ad.
LOWRY HARDWARE CO., 34 Peachtree street. Wholesale and Retail Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Fishing Tackle, Builders' Hardware and Carpenters' Tools.
ATLANTA RUBBER CO. 16 Decatur Street, Rubber and Leather Belting, Packing, Hose, etc.
EUGENE JACOBS' Prescription Pharmacy, 58 Marietta street, Old Capitol building.
LESSONS IN OIL and China Painting at Lycett's Art Rooms, 93½ Whitehall street. Reduced rates for the summer months, especial training for ladies desirous of teaching; twenty years' experience; art materials for sale; write for lists and information.
D. O. STEWART Real Estate, No. 4 N. Broad street, Telephone 1084, Atlanta, Ga.
M. HAVERTY Furniture Dealer. Office and salesrooms, 97 S. Broad; entrance 89 and 91 Whitehall street.
PAUL & GULLAT M'F'G CO. Manufacturers and jobbers of Plumbers, Steam Gas Fitters' and Mill Supplies, Wrought Iron Pipe, Fittings and Brass Goods of every description. 22 and 24 N. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.
WILLINGHAM & CO. Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Blinds, etc., 64 Elliott street, Atlanta, Ga.
ATLANTA WIRE AND IRON WORKS Wire Railings, Wire Window Guards and Wire Elevator Enclosures for banks, stores, offices and public buildings. 30 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
A. L. CUESTA Importer and Manufacturer of Havana Cigars. 2 Edgewood Avenue.
THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., Leaders in Sewing Machines, Standard Paper Patterns. Fashion Gazettes free. 63 Peachtree street.
ATWATER CARRIAGE COMPANY, Landaus, Carriages, Phaetons, Buggies and Wagons. The best vehicles at the lowest prices.
W. W. SWANSON Upholsterer, Tents and Awnings, Carpet Laying, Furniture Repaired and Polished, No. 76 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.
OPIUM AND WHISKY Habits Cured without physical or mental injury, treatment identical with that of Dr. Keeley, at Dwight, Ill. For particulars, address the Keeley Institute, Edgewood avenue and Ivy street, Atlanta, Ga.
STANDARD ROTARY SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE—A high-grade machine of the very best material, case hardened steel at wearing points; runs 50 per cent lighter; 50 per cent faster; 200 per cent more noiseless than the vibrating shuttle machines. We challenge comparison with any machine on the market. Standard Sewing Machine Co., 121 Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.
D. MORRISON Real Estate Agent, No. 47 E. Hunter street. Makes a specialty of small homes in the city and suburbs, and is now offering some splendid bargains to home-seekers in three, four and five-room houses on easy payments.

## *MEETINGS.*

Ladies who have promised and are willing to assist Company A, Confederate Veterans, in making their Fair a success, are requested to meet the committee at armory of Gate City Guard this afternoon at 4 o'clock p. m.

**Woman's Christian Temperance Union.**

Today (Thursday) at 3:30 o'clock p. m., at pastor's study of First Baptist church, there will be a Bible reading by Mrs. M. B. Williams, wife of the evangelist. All members urged to be present. Friends and visitors always welcome.

MISS STOKES, Secretary. MRS. WITTER, President.

**A Mother's Meeting.**

The mothers of Atlanta are cordially invited to attend a mother's meeting in the steward's room of Trinity church today, Thursday, August 13th at 4 p. m. Mrs. F. P. Parks, state superintendent of literature for the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Georgia, will conduct the exercises, after which a responsive reading on the interesting subject of "Christian Stewardship and Systematic Giving," will be enjoyed by all present.

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE

### *BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.*

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 12, 1891.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at $1.50@$2.50 ₩ 1000 premium.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New Ga. 3½s 27 to 30 years | | 100 | Atlanta 7s, 1899 | 108 | |
| New Ga. 3½s, 35 to 40 years | | 101 | Atlanta 6s, L. D. | 110 | |
| New Ga. 4½s, 1915 | 110 | 112½ | Atlanta 6s, S. D. | 100 | |
| Georgia 7s, 1896 | 108 | | Atlanta 5s, L. D. | 100 | |
| Savannah 5s | 102 | | Atlanta 4½s | 98 | 100 |
| Atlanta 8s, 1902 | 118 | | Augusta 7s, L. D. | 110 | |
| Atlanta 8s, 1892 | 100 | | Macon 6s | 112 | |
| Atlanta 7s, 1904 | 113 | | Columbus 5s | 98 | |
| | | | Rome graded | 100 | |
| | | | Waterworks 6s | 100 | |
| | | | Rome 5s | 90 | |

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Atlanta Nat'l | 350 | | Lowry B'k Co. | 140 | 150 |
| Atlanta B. Co. | 130 | | Atlanta Trust & Banking Co. | 110 | 120 |
| Ger. L'n & B. Co. | 99 | 100 | Am'n Banking & Trust Co. | 103 | 105 |
| Merch. Bank | 150 | | South'n Bank'g & Trust Co. | 105 | |
| Bank S. of Ga. | 150 | | | | |
| Gate City Nat. | 145 | | | | |
| Capitol City | 115 | 120 | | | |

RAILROAD BONDS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ga. 6s, 1897 | 103 | | Ga. Pacific, 1st | 103 | 105 |
| Ga. 6s, 1910 | 108 | 110 | Ga. Pacific, 2d | 58 | 60 |
| Ga. 6s, 1922 | 111 | 113 | A. P. & L., 1st 7s | 105 | 108 |
| Central 7s, 1893 | 100 | | Mari'ta & N. G. | | 40 |
| Char. Col. & A. | 102 | | S., A. & M., 1st | 79 | 81 |
| At. & Florida | | 100 | | | |

RAILROAD STOCKS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Georgia | 190 | 192 | Aug. & Sav. | | 135 |
| Southwestern | 110 | | A. & W. P. | 105 | 108 |
| Central | 90 | 95 | do. deben. | 90 | 95 |
| Cent. deben | 85 | 88 | | | |

### THE NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

**The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.**

NEW YORK, August 12.—The stock market today reversed its temper of the last two days, and while still dull and featureless for the general list, was strong almost throughout the entire session and a material improvement was made in all the leading shares. The market for the present, it is conceded, hangs on the Union Pacific affair, and the market today certainly took its tone from that stock, which recovered the loss of yesterday. There was an announcement made that a syndicate had certainly been made up and that Drexel, Morgan & Co. would be largely represented in it, which precipitated a rush to cover the shorts in the Union Pacific with the result of sharp but steady appreciation in the value of stocks on large transactions, nearly 32,000 shares of it changing hands in the first hour. Reports affecting crops continued to be most favorable, and Rock Island kept closely behind the Union Pacific on the upward movement, while Burlington was also specially strong and the late weak stocks, including Louisville and Nashville and Missouri Pacific, made substantial improvement. Buying of foreigners or what was made to appear as such, was a potent factor in making a strong opening, and first prices, while generally only a small fraction better than last night's figures, were soon surpassed. Burlington responded to more favorable news in regard to the corn crop by an opening gain of ⅝ per cent, while Union Pacific was up 1 per cent and the heavy trading in the last named with its decided strength, helped by rumors of closer relations in the near future between it and other large western roads, including the Missouri Pacific and Atchison. It was generally believed that by the decline of the previous few days, the short interest had been unduly augmented and the feeling in the room was, therefore, more bullish than usual of late, and traders were ripe for rally. The buying with purchases for foreign account made a strong opening and continued the covering of shorts, with new buying for long account, kept prices moving upward until near 2 p. m., when Union Pacific had reached 36, Rock Island following closely with Burlington, Cleveland, Chicago, Columbus, Cincinnati and St. Louis, Louisville and some others showing marked strength. Realizations on advances of the day caused a partial reaction in the last hour and Union Pacific lost over 1 per cent and others in proportion. The market finally closed rather heavy at concessions, but with prices generally at a materal improvement over last night's figures. Trading was larger than for any day for some time, being 240,000 listed and 3,000 unlisted, Union Pacific furnishing 75,965; Burlington, 30,480; St. Paul, 23,900, and Rock Island, 24,350.

Exchange quiet at 484@486; commercial bills 483¼@485¼.

Money easy, closing at 2.

Sub-treasury balances: Coin, $92,181,000; currency, $27,071,000.

Governments dull but steady; 4s 116½; 4½s 100¼.

State bonds dull but steady.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ala., Class A, 2 to 5 | 100¾ | N. Y. Central | 99 |
| do., Class B, 5s | 105 | Norfolk & West. pref. | 46½ |
| N. & C. 6s | 122 | Northern Pacific | 21½ |
| do. 4s | 95 | do. preferred | 60⅞ |
| S. C. con. Brown | 94 | Pacific Mail | 32½ |
| Tennessee 6s | 101 | Reading | 27¼ |
| Tennessee 5s | 97 | Rich. & W. P. Ter. | 10¾ |
| Tenn. settlement 3s | 68⅛ | Rock Island | 73½ |
| Virginia 6s | 50 | St. Paul | 63⅝ |
| Virginia consols | 35 | do. Preferred | 110½ |
| Chicago and N. W. | 105⅞ | Texas Pacific | 11⅜ |
| do. preferred | 133½ | Tenn. Coal & Iron | 25½ |
| Del. and Lack | 123¾ | Union Pacific | 36⅛ |
| Erie | 18 | N. J. Central | 110½ |
| East Tenn., new | 5 | Missouri Pacific | 66⅜ |
| Lake Shore | 108¼ | Western Union | 79¼ |
| Louisville & Nash | 67⅞ | Cotton Oil Trust | 20 |
| Memphis & Char. | 34 | Brunswick | 9⅞ |
| Mobile & Ohio | 39¾ | Mobile & Ohio 4s | 65¼ |
| Nash. & Chat. | 80 | Silver certificates | 99¼ |
| N. O. Pacific 1st | 83½ | *Ex-dividend. | |

**Wire in Trouble.**

On account of wire trouble Messrs. Youngblood & Hass did not receive the circular letters of Cahn & Co. and Lehman Brothers reviewing the stock and cotton markets.

### THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 12.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

| | Opening. | Closing. |
|---|---|---|
| August | 7.78@ 7.79 | 7.71@ 7.72 |
| September | 7.91@ 7.93 | 7.87@ 7.88 |
| October | 8.04@ 8.05 | 8.01@ 8.02 |
| November | 8.16@ 8.17 | 8.13@...... |
| December | 8.26@...... | 8.24@...... |
| January | 8.36@...... | 8.33@ 8.34 |
| February | 8.46@ 8.47 | 8.41@ 8.46 |
| March | 8.57@...... | 8.54@ 8.55 |
| April | 8.68@ 8.69 | 8.64@ 8.65 |
| May | 8.78@...... | 8.74@ 8.75 |

Closed steady; sales 57,900 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

| | RECEIPTS 1891 | RECEIPTS 1890 | EXPORTS 1891 | EXPORTS 1890 | STOCK 1891 | STOCK 1890 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Saturday | 1245 | 203 | 7497 | ........ | 206259 | 57335 |
| Monday | 1569 | 415 | 1636 | 1021 | 205238 | 55380 |
| Tuesday | 1189 | 376 | 206 | 2089 | 205318 | 55671 |
| Wednesday | 1109 | 1498 | ........ | 729 | 203888 | 54231 |
| Thursday | ........ | ........ | ........ | ........ | ........ | ........ |
| Friday | ........ | ........ | ........ | ........ | ........ | ........ |
| Total | 5112 | 794 | 9339 | 3110 | | |

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| January | 7.93 | July | ...... |
| February | 8.03 | August | 7.48 |
| March | 8.12 | September | 7.53 |
| April | 8.22 | October | 7.66 |
| May | 8.32 | November | 7.74 |
| June | 8.42 | December | 7.83 |

Closed quiet; sales 15,900 bales.

Local—Market dull; middling 7½c.

**Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.**

NEW YORK, August 12—[Special.]—Spinners continue to purchase freely in Liverpool, taking 12,000 bales today thereby giving tone and strength to the arrival market, though the best prices are not sustained to the close. Our market, however, did not show the strength looked for, the failure of the European wheat crop leading many who would otherwise think well of cotton at the ruling price to anticipate a falling off in the demand from the continent. Crop advices from the cotton belt are very favorable, while from Texas the crop is variably reported by the Galveston and Dallas newspapers as being from 1@2 per cent lower than last year. The traders are not inclined to enter into any new engagements at the present prices, though believing, without change in crop prospects, lower prices will rule. Texas new crop cotton is now being freely offered for prompt delivery in 500 bale lots.

**By Telegraph.**

LIVERPOOL, August 12—12:15 p. m.—Cotton spot business moderate at easier prices; middling uplands 4½; sales 12,000 bales; American 11,300; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 4,000; American 3,500; uplands low middling clause September and October delivery 4 29-64, 4 30-64, 4 28-64, 4 28-64, 4 27-64; October and November delivery 4 34-64, 4 33-64, 4 32-64, 4 33-64; November and December delivery 4 37-64, 4 36-64; December and January delivery 4 38-64; January and February delivery 4 42-64, 4 41-64; February and March delivery 4 44-64, 4 43-64; futures opened steady.

LIVERPOOL, August 12—4:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 4 29-64, value; August and September delivery 4 29-64, value; September and October delivery 4 31-64, sellers; October and November delivery 4 35-64, sellers; November and December delivery 4 38-64, sellers; December and January delivery 4 40-64, buyers; January and February delivery 4 42-64, 4 43-64; February and March delivery 4 44-64, 4 45-64; March and April delivery 4 47-64, buyers; futures closed steady.

NEW YORK, August 12—Cotton quiet; sales 253 bales; middling uplands 8 1-16; Orleans 8⅜; net receipts none; gross none; stock —.

GALVESTON, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7 13-16; net receipts 502 bales; gross 502; sales 383; stock 4,075.

NORFOLK, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7¾; net receipts 66 bales; gross 66; sales 25; stock 5,407.

BALTIMORE, August 12—Cotton dull; middling 8¼; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; to spinners —; stock 5,867.

BOSTON, August 12—Cotton dull and easy; middling 8⅛; net receipts 45 bales; gross 149; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, August 12—Cotton nominal; middling 7½; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 2,884.

PHILADELPHIA, August 12—Cotton steady; middling 8⅜; net receipts 82 bales; gross 82; stock 4,221.

SAVANNAH, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7¾; net receipts 153 bales; gross 153; sales 15; stock 2,930; exports coastwise 884.

NEW ORLEANS, August 12—Cotton easy; middling 7⅞; net receipts 207 bales; gross 310; sales 600; stock 41,149; exports coastwise 1,310.

MOBILE, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7 13-16; net receipts 10 bales; gross 10; sales 100; stock 4,441; exports coastwise 4.

MEMPHIS, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7 13-16; net receipts 86 bales; sales 125; shipments none; stock 3,114.

AUGUSTA, August 12—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 7⅞; net receipts 25 bales; shipments 505; sales none; stock 9,123.

CHARLESTON, August 12—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅞; net receipts 66 bales; gross 66; sales 29; stock 5,407.

### THE CHICAGO MARKET.

**Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.**

CHICAGO, August 12.—On top of the 3½c advance recorded in wheat yesterday there was piled today a further appreciation of 2⅞c in the ruling option—December—though 1⅛c had disappeared at the close. The market was in an extremely nervous state. The general feeling in the pit favored higher prices, but the uncertainty as to the size of the uncovered short interest here unsettled confidence and tended to an evening up of trades, both long and short, at the first sign of danger. The result was a series of stampedes, which alternately sent the market up and down in a most bewildering fashion. The general tendency of the session, however, was upward. The news at the opening was bullish. London reported cargoes for prompt shipment 1s 3d up, and Liverpool was 1d higher. At the start the bulls seemed to doubt the wisdom of pressing the advantage they obtained yesterday, and this gave the bears some show of courage. The opening price was at 95c to 95½c, against 94⅞c at the close yesterday. The longs then began to realize, and their sales broke the market to 94⅝c within a few minutes, and there was a reaction to 95⅛c. But renewed offerings quickly sent the price off again to 94⅝c. Then came a period of comparative steadiness, the market holding between 94⅝c and 95⅛c. Then Paris cables reported an advance of ½ franc in wheat and 1 franc in flour, and the price bulged to 96⅜c. This advance was assisted by reports of heavy export clearances on the Atlantic seaboard and gulf. Notwithstanding the heavy liquidation of Pardridge yesterday, he was understood to be still heavily short, and operators were calling him sharply for margin. He finally told them that he would put up no more margin and that they could cover themselves in open market, which they proceeded to do. It was estimated that purchases of his account, "under the rule," aggregated 1,000,000 bushels, and this buying put the price up to 97⅞c, the top figure of the day. When these demands were satisfied the market sagged off, but closed firm at 96c.

Corn started off easy and September sold from 59¼@58⅛c, the weakness being due to the late fine rains in the corn belt and the hesitation in wheat at the opening. The shorts took advantage of the weakness to cover and the market rallied some. Finally, when wheat made its big advance, corn got excited and September sold to 60⅞c. Pardridge was short on considerable corn, and when it was found that his wheat brokers were buying him in his corn brokers did the same thing, hence the advance to 60⅞c. After the flurry was over September sold off to 58½c and closed at 59½c.

Oats were quiet but strong most of the day, influenced chiefly by the strength in the other grains.

Hog products had another dull day and prices ruled steady. The excitement in grain seemed to be entirely lost on the provision market. Receipts of live hogs were 2,500 more than expected, and there was very little demand for the product. September pork kept between $10.40@$10.55 and closed at $10.42½.

The leading futures ranged as follow in Chicago today.

| | Opening. | Highest. | Closing. |
|---|---|---|---|
| WHEAT— | | | |
| August | 95½ | 98¼ | 94⅜ |
| September | 91½ | 96 | 92⅞ |
| December | 95¼ | 97⅞ | 94⅞ |
| CORN— | | | |
| August | 62½ | 63¾ | 63 |
| September | 59⅜ | 60⅞ | 59½ |
| October | 55⅛ | 56¼ | 54⅞ |
| OATS— | | | |
| August | 28⅝ | 29 | 28½ |
| September | 28⅝ | 29 | 28¾ |
| May | 31⅞ | 32⅛ | 31¾ |
| PORK— | | | |
| September | 10 42½ | 10 55 | 10 42½ |
| October | 10 55 | 10 67½ | 10 55 |
| LARD— | | | |
| September | 6 60 | 6 87½ | 6 57½ |
| October | 6 70 | 6 80 | 6 67½ |
| SIDES— | | | |
| September | 6 70 | 6 75 | 6 72½ |
| October | 6 82½ | 6 85 | 6 82½ |

**Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.**

Received over Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Private Wire by Messrs. Youngblood & Haas.

CHICAGO, August 12.—There are more tired brokers and disgusted speculators today than we have seen for some time. Brokers who had limited and stop orders, and tried to execute them satisfactorily for their customers, have been worried to death. It was difficult to make sales at the opening prices, trades being made at all sorts of prices in different parts of the crowd. There was some little weak foreign news, and Bradstreet had rather a bearish report of a large increase and holders were inclined to realize, causing a weak spell. Very soon after the opening Bradstreet changed his estimate, however, making the available increase very light. Exporters bought very heavily, firming our market up to about the opening prices, when some heavy local speculators became heavy buyers. Then came rumors of Pardridge being in trouble, and orders from a house doing business with him to close their trades started the market on a regular flurry, advancing it fully 2 cents a bushel, with quotations in some instances fully ½c apart. We think the advance will check the buying for export, and that a decline of several cents per bushel from the high prices of today is quite probable.

Corn was quite active, and advanced in sympathy with wheat, but holders were free sellers around 60c, and the advance was all lost at the close.

Parties having August rye sold are having great difficulty in protecting their contracts. The receipts are light, and there is scarcely anything offered. There were some sales in September from 83c up to 89c. There were several sales in August reported at 89c to 89½c, and possibly one or two sales early from 83c to 84c. This latter, however, could not be verified.

Mess pork was almost entirely neglected. There was some little trading in lard and ribs at slightly higher prices than yesterday.

### GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 12, 1891.

**Flour, Grain and Meal.**

NEW YORK, August 12—Flour, southern firm but quiet; common to fair extra $3.65@4.35; good to choice $4.35@5.25. Wheat, spot 2@3c higher and active for export; No. 2 red 103¾@105 in elevator; options advanced steadily and closed strong at 2½@2⅝c advance over yesterday under continued favorable crop news, especially from Russia, higher cables, which bring a large number of buying orders, full German export demand, which runs into deliveries up to February with steady large clearances here and from out ports; No. 2 red August 105; September 104¾; October 105; November 105¾; December 106⅛. Corn, spot unsettled and quiet, closing easier; No. 2 74@74½ in elevator; options advanced with wheat, but had little speculative tension and closed irregular and dull; August 72; September 68¼; October 66. Oats, spot higher but irregular; options irregular, closing weak; August 36; September 34⅜; October 34⅛; No. 2 spot 43@44; mixed western 41@46. Hops easy and quiet; state common to choice 15@19; Pacific coast 16@19½.

ST. LOUIS, August 12—Flour higher; choice $3.35@3.50; patents $4.15@4.25; fancy $4.00@4.25; family $3.15@3.25. Wheat opened irregular; after early excitement quieted down some, but later a rush to buy developed, and as there was little for sale a wild and inexplainable advance of 2c was scored in a few seconds; after the shorts had been driven in the longs would buy no more, and as there was consequently little demand prices dropped back steadily, the close being ⅞@1⅜c over yesterday; No. 2 red cash 91½@92⅜; August 91⅜; September 91⅞; December 95⅛. Corn was dull most of the time the feeling was weak, and prices declined ½c, but the feeling in wheat lifted corn up with it; this was not maintained, however, and the close was ⅛@¼ below yesterday; No. 2 mixed cash 57; September 54⅞. Oats dull; No. 2 cash 28; August 27¼; December 27⅞.

ATLANTA, August 12—Flour—First patent $5.75; second patent $5.25; extra fancy $5.00; fancy $4.75; family $4.00. Corn — No. 2 white 85c; mixed 81c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 48c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 1.10; No. 1 timothy, large bales, $1.00; choice timothy, small bales, $1.10; No. 1 timothy, small bales, $1.00; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 95c. Meal—Plain 87c; bolted 83c. Wheat bran—Large sacks 90c; small sacks 90c. Cotton seed meal—$1.30 ₩ cwt. Steam feed—$1.35 ₩ cwt. Grits—Pearl $4.25.

BALTIMORE, August 12—Flour firmer; Howard street and western superfine $3.40@3.75; extra $3.75@4.25; family $4.50@4.85; city mills Rio brands extra $6.00@6.25. Wheat, southern strong; Fultz 98@105; longberry 100@106; western strong and higher; No. 2 red winter spot 105@105½. Corn, southern firmer; white 68@70; yellow 70@71.

CHICAGO, August 12—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour dull; winter patents $4.30@4.50; spring patents $2.30@5.10; bakers $4.40@4.25. No. 2 spring wheat 96¼; No. 3 do. nominal; No. 2 red 96¼. No. 2 corn 62½. No. 2 oats 28½.

CINCINNATI, August 12—Flour in good demand; family $3.55@3.75; fancy $4.65@4.75. Wheat strong and higher; No. 2 red 93. Corn strong; No. 2 mixed 64. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 31½@32.

**Groceries.**

ATLANTA, August 12—Coffee — Roasted — Arbuckle's 25c ₩ 100 ₶ cases; Levering's 24½c. Green—Extra choice 23½; choice good 21½; fair 21c; prime 20; common 18@19c. Sugar — Granulated 5; off granulated —c; powdered 5⅝c; cut loaf 5½c; white extra C 4¼c; yellow extra C 4c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 45@50c; prime 35@40c; common 30@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 22@25. Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 75@80c. Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Allspice 10@11c. Jamaica ginger 18c. Rice 7½@8½c. Singapore pepper 16c. Mace $1.00. Rice—Choice 7½c; good 6½c; common 5½@6c; imported Japan 6@7c. Salt—Hawley's dairy $1.50; Virginia 70c. Cheese—Full cream, Cheddars 12c; flats 12½c; skim —. White fish, ½ bbls $4.00; pails 60c. Soaps—Tallow, 100 bars, 75 lbs $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars, 60 lbs $2.00@2.25; tallow, 60 bars, 60 lbs $2.25@2.50. Candles—Parafine 11½c; star 10c. Matches—400s $4.00; 300s $3.00@3.75; 200s $2.00@2.75; 60s, 5 gross $3.75. Soda—Kegs, bulk 5c; do. 1 lb packages 5½c; cases, 1 ₶ 5⅞c; do. 1 and ½ ₶s 6c; do. ½ lbs 6¼c. Crackers—XXX soda 6½c; XXX butter 6½c; XXX pearl oysters 6c; shell and excelsior 7c; lemon cream 9c; XXX ginger snaps 9c; cornhills 9. Candy—Assorted stick 6½c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk $6.00@8.00; imitation mackerel $3.95@4.00; salmon $6.00@7.50; F. W. oysters $2.20@2.50; L. W. $1.60; corn $2.00@2.75; tomatoes $1.75@2.50. Ball potash $3.20. Starch—Pearl 4½c; lump 5½c; nickel package $3.50, celluloid $5.00. Pickles, plain or mixed, pints $1.00@1.40; quarts $1.50@1.80. Powder—Rifle, kegs $5.50; ½ kegs $3.00; ¼ kegs $1.65. Shot $1.70 ₩ sack.

NEW YORK, August 12—Coffee, options closed steady 5@10 points down; August 16.40; September 15.60; October 14.50@14.55; November 13.65; spot Rio firmer and more active; No. 7 17⅜; fair cargoes 18¾. Sugar, raw quiet and steady; fair to good refining 3 1-16; centrifugal 96-test 3 7-16; refined quiet; No. 6 3⅞; mould A 4 5-16; standard A 4¼; confectioners' A 4¼; cut loaf 5⅛; crushed 5⅛; powdered 4⅝; granulated 4¼@4⅜; cubes 4⅝. Molasses, foreign nominal; 50-test 11¾@12; New Orleans firm but quiet; open kettle common to fancy 25@35. Rice firm but quiet; domestic fair to extra 5½@7; Japan 5½@5¾.

NEW ORLEANS, August 12—Coffee dull; Rio ordinary to fair 18@19. Sugar steady; Louisiana open kettle prime 4 11-16; good fair to fully fair 3⅝; good common to fair 3⅜; common 2⅞@2 13-16; centrifugals, off plantation granulated 4¼; choice white 4⅜; off white 4⅛; echoic yellow clarified 4¼; prime do. 4⅛; off do. 3⅞; seconds 2⅝@3. Molasses steady; Louisiana open kettle, fermenting good fair to prime 23@25, centrifugals, strictly prime 14@15; prime to good prime 20; fair to good fair 14@15 good common 10@12; Louisiana syrup 20@25. Rice steady; Louisiana ordinary to good 4½@5⅝.

**Provisions.**

ST. LOUIS, August 12—Provisions firm, quiet. Pork standard mess $10.75. Lard, prime steam 6.20. Dry salt meats, boxed shoulders 5.62½; long clear 7.00@7.05; clear ribs 7.15; short clear 7.27½. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.12½@6.25; long clear 7.60@7.75; clear ribs 7.65@7.70; short clear 7.87½; hams 10½@12.

NEW YORK, August 12—Pork active and strong; mess old $10.50@11.25; new $12.00@12.50; extra prime $10.50@11.00. Middles firm; short clear September 7.00. Lard higher easy and 5 points advance and quiet; western steam 6.90; city steam 6.20; options, September 6.70@6.89 asked; October 7.00 asked; November 7.10.

ATLANTA, August 12—Clear rib sides, boxed 7¼@7⅜; ice-cured bellies 9c. Sugar-cured hams 11@13, according to brand and average; California 7½c; breakfast bacon 9½@10½c. Lard—Pure leaf 8¾; leaf 8; refined 6.

CHICAGO, August 12—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $10.37½. Lard 6.62½@6.65. Short ribs loose 6.70@6.72½. Dry salt shoulders boxed 6.10@6.20; short clear sides boxed 7.20@7.30.

CINCINNATI, August 12—Pork quiet at $11.00. Lard in light supply; current make 6.37½. Bulk meats in light demand; short ribs 6.75. Bacon steady; short clear 7.75.

**Naval Stores.**

WILMINGTON, August 12—Turpentine quiet at 33½; rosin quiet; strained $1.10; good strained $1.15; tar firm at $1.65; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.25; yellow dip $2.15; virgin $2.15.

NEW YORK, August 12—Rosin quiet and steady; common to good strained $1.35@1.40; turpentine quiet and steady at 36@36¼.

CHARLESTON, August 12—Turpentine steady at 34; rosin firm; good strained $1.27½.

SAVANNAH, August 12—Turpentine firm at 34; rosin firm at $1.20@1.25.

**Fruits and Confections.**

ATLANTA, August 12.—Apples— Choice $2.50@3.50 ₩ bbl. Lemons—$4.50@5.00. Oranges—Florida $3.00@4.00. Cocoanuts—5c. Pineapples—50c@$1.00 ₩ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.50@2.25. Figs 13@18. Raisins—New California $2.75; ½ boxes $1.75; ¼ boxes 90c. Currants — 7@8c. Leghorn citron—20@25c. Nuts—Almonds 16c; pecans 12@14c; Brazil 15c; filberts 11½c; walnut 15c. Peanuts—Virginia, fancy hand-picked 4a5c; North Carolina 3a5c.

**Country Produce.**

ATLANTA, August 12—Eggs 13@14. Butter—Western creamery 25@30c; choice Tennessee 10@20c; other grades 10@12½c. Live poultry—Hens 28@30c; young chickens, large 18a20c; small 12@14c. Dressed poultry—Turkeys —c; ducks —c; chickens —c. Irish potatoes new $2.75@$3.00 ₩ bbl. Sweet potatoes — ₩ bushel. Honey—Strained 8a10c; in the comb 10a12c. Onions $6.00 ₩ bbl. Cabbage 2½c ₩ lb. Grapes 4@5c ₩ lb.

### *FINANCIAL.*


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13 E. ALABAMA STREET,

Dealers in Stocks and Bonds.

aug13-d1y fin page

**W. H. PATTERSON,**

Dealer in Investment Securities

7½ East Alabama Street.

Room 7, Gate City Bank Building.


SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDING JUNE 30, 1891, OF THE CONDITION OF THE

# Continental Fire Insurance Co., OF NEW YORK.

Organized under the laws of the state of New York, made to the governor of the state of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said state.

Principal Office—100 and 102 Broadway, New York City.

**I.—CAPITAL.**

1. Whole amount of capital stock ........ $ 1,000,000 00
2. Amount paid up in cash ........ $ 1,000,000 00
3. Amount in notes of the stockholders ........ $ 0 — $ 1,000,000 00

**II.—ASSETS.**

1. Market value of real estate owned by the company (less the amount of incumbrances thereon) as specified in Schedule A, annexed to annual statement filed in the office of Insurance Commissioner, and brought down to date of this return ........ $ 734 360 00
2. Loans on bond and mortgage (duly recorded and being first liens on the fee) as shown in schedule B, attached to annual report, filed in office of Insurance Commissioner and brought down to date of this return ........ 161,110 00
3. Interest due on all said bond and mortgage loans, $ ——; Interest accrued thereon, $3,484.50. Total ........ 3,484 50
4. Value of lands mortgaged, exclusive of buildings and perishable improvements ........ $ 222,150 00
5. Value of buildings mortgaged (insured for $196,525 as collateral) ........ 230,450 00
6. Total value of said mortgaged premises ........ $ 452,600 00

STOCKS AND BONDS OWNED ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY.

9. Total market value ........ $ 3,975,142 00
   A detailed account is embodied in annual report, filed in office of insurance commissioner.
10. Stocks, bonds and all other securities (except mortgages) hypothecated with company as collateral security for cash loaned by the company, with the par and market value of the same and the amount loaned on each.
   140 shares Safe Deposit Company, of New York.
   Total par value ........ $ 3,500 00
   Total market value ........ 4,375 00
   Amount loaned thereon ........ 3,500 00 — 3,500 00
   A detailed account is embodied in annual report, filed in office of Insurance Commissioner.
11. Cash in company's principal office, and
12. Cash belonging to the company deposited in bank. Total ........ 286,405 54
   Total cash items ........ $ 286,405 54
14. Interest due and accrued on stocks not included in "market value" uncollected ........ 33,013 50
15. Interest due and accrued on collateral loans and uncollected ........ 266 21
16. Cash in hands of agents and in course of transmission and unpaid premiums ........ }
17. Bills receivable not matured taken for fire, marine and inland risks ........ } 461,217 09
   All other assets, both real and personal, as per schedule attached, viz:
   Rents due and accrued ........ $ 8,089 43 — 8,089 43
   Total assets of the company, actual cash market value ........ $ 5,666,588 27

**III.—LIABILITIES.**

2. Gross losses in process of adjustment, or in suspense, including all reported and supposed losses ........ $ 258,585 86
3. Losses resisted, including interest, cost and other expenses thereon ........ 32,810 00
4. Total gross amount of claims for losses ........ 291,395 86
5. Deduct reinsurance thereon ........ 23,326 63
6. Net amount of unpaid losses ........ 268,069 23
7. Net premium reserve and all other liabilities, except capital, under the life insurance or any other special department ........ 2,525,276 74
9. Amount of dividends declared but not yet due—
   To scrip holders ........ $ 30,664 00
   Scrip interest ........ 6,196 68
10. Dividends declared and remaining unpaid or uncalled for ........ 36,860 68
11. Cash dividends to stockholders remaining unpaid ........ 840 00
13½. Reserved for contingencies ........ 150,000 00
14. All other demands against the company, absolute and contingent, due and to become due, admitted and contested, viz: Commissions due to agents and brokers, taxes, etc. ........ 64,129 52
   Total ........ $ 3,045,176 17
15. Total amount of all liabilities, except capital stock, scrip and net surplus ........ $ 3,045,176 17
16. Joint stock actually paid up in cash ........ 1,000,000 00
18. Surplus beyond all liabilities ........ 1,621,412 10
19. Aggregate amount of all liabilities ........ $ 5,666,588 27

TO BE ANSWERED BY COMPANIES DOING AN INSTALLMENT BUSINESS.

1. Amount of unearned premiums represented by installment notes—being the whole amount of such notes ........ $ 1,215,941 13

**IV.—INCOME DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF YEAR 1891.**

On Fire Risks

1. Gross premiums and bills in course of collection at close of last six months ........ $ 349,854 51
3. Net collected ........ 349,854 51
4. Gross premiums on risks written and renewed during the first six months ........ 1,351,841 47
5. Total ........ $ 1,701,695 98
6. Deduct premiums and bills in course of collection at this date ........ 461,217 09
7. Entire premiums collected during the six months ........ $ 1,240,478 89
8. Deduct reinsurance and return premiums ........ 123,346 22
9. Net cash actually received for premiums ........ $ 1,117,132 67 — $ 1,117,132 67
10. Received for interest on bonds and mortgages ........ 4,030 70
11. Received for interest and dividends on stocks and bonds, collateral loans and from all other sources ........ 102,405 85
12. Income received from all other sources omitting increase, if any, in value of securities, viz.: Rents, $20,590.38. Total ........ 20,590 38
15. Aggregate amount of income actually received during the first six months in cash ........ $ 1,244,159 60

**V.—EXPENDITURES DURING FIRST SIX MONTHS OF YEAR 1891.**

| | On Fire Risks. | On Marine and Inland Risks. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1. Gross amount actually paid for losses, including $209,951.70; losses occurring in previous years | $ 687,196 24 | $ 1,233 57 | |
| 2. Deduct all amounts actually received for salvages (whether on losses for the last or of previous six months) $1,978.01; and all amounts actually received for reinsurances in other companies, $26,635.61 Total deductions | $ 28,613 62 | | |
| 3. Net amount paid during the first six months of the year for losses | $ 658,582 62— | $ 1,233 57— | $ 659,816 19 |
| 4. Cash dividends actually paid stockholders | | | 70,672 00 |
| 5. Scrip of certificates of profits redeemed in cash, $390, and interest paid to scripholders, $39.60 | | | 429 60 |
| 6. Paid for commissions or brokerage | | | 248,530 74 |
| 7. Paid for salaries, fees and other charges of officers, clerks, agents and all other employes | | | 124,437 64 |
| 8. Paid for state, national and local taxes in this and other states | | | 37,502 48 |
| 9. All other payments and expenditures. Total | | | 101,832 61 |

Aggregate amount of actual expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash ........ $ 1,243,221 26

A copy of the act of incorporation, duly certified, is attached to the annual statement in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—Personaly appeared before the undersigned Henry Evans, who, being duly affirmed, deposes and says that he is the Secretary of agency department of the Continental Insurance Company, of New York, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

HENRY EVANS, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th day of August, 1891.

EDWARD HAIGHT,
Notary Public, Kings County, New York.

Certificate filed in New York County, New York.
Name of state agent—W. G. WHILDEN, SR.
Name of agents at Atlanta:

# RILEY, GRANT & CO.

STATE OF NEW YORK, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.—I, Leonard A. Giegerich, clerk of the city and county of New York, and also clerk of the supreme court for the said city and county, being a court of record, Do hereby certify that Edward Haight has filed in the clerk's office of the county of New York, a certified copy of his appointment as notary public for the county of Kings with his autograph signature, and was, at the time of taking the annexed deposition, duly authorized to take the same, and that I am well acquainted with the handwriting of said notary public, and verily believe that the signature to the annexed certificate is genuine.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the said court and county the 7th day of August, 1891.

LEONARD A. GIEGERICH, Clerk.


J. C. ATKINS, President. C. S. KINGSBERY, Treasurer.
E. H. JOHNSON, Manager. J. W. GOLDSMITH, Secretary.

# Atlanta National Building and Loan Association,

Rooms 13, 14 and 15, Gould Building.

Authorized capital ........ $50,000,000 | Subscribed ........ $ [illegible]

Loans made on real estate to its members.
Invests money for capitalists on real estate.
The attention of investors is called to our permanent Investment Shares as a safe and profitable investment.

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JAMES W. ENGLISH, President; EDWARD S. PRATT, Cashier; JAMES R. GRAY, Vice-President; JOHN K. OTTLEY, Assistant Cashier.

# American Trust & Banking Co.

Capital, $500,000. Undivided Profits, $35,000

Liability Same as National Banks.

DIRECTORS: James W. English, W. P. Inman, M. C. Kiser, George W. Blabon, Philadelphia; Edwards C. Peters, P. H. Harralson, W. A. Russell, J. R. Gray, W. J. VanDyke, C. C. McGehee, J. Hurt.

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W. A. HEMPHILL, President. A. D. ADAIR, Vice President. ALONZO RICHARDSON, Cashier.

# The Atlanta Trust and Banking Company

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Solicits the accounts of solvent corporations, firms and individuals. Interest at the rate of 2 per cent per annum paid on daily balances. Approved commercial paper discounted at current rates. Loans made on marketable collaterals.

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**SMITH & STONEY** The Purest Drugs and Medicines. Whitehall street, corner [illegible]

**J. J. LOGUE** Tents, Awnings and Mosquito Nets. Furniture repaired and upholstered. [illegible] Hunter street.

**RUBBER STAMPS,** Stamps, Stencil and Steel Stamps, Badges, Door Plates and Numbers, Hotel and Key Checks. Atlanta Rubber Stamp and Stencil Works, Telephone 519, 57 South Broad street.

**W. M. SCOTT & CO.,** Real Estate Agents, city and mineral properties, pine lands and farms; money loaned at 8 per cent net. Office adjoining Kimball entrance.

**MAIER & BERKELE** Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing Jewelers, Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, etc.; resetting diamonds and fine watch and jewelry repairing a specialty. 93 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

**RELIANCE LIQUOR CO.** Importers and Bottlers, 157 Decatur street, wants [illegible] orders for Wines and Liquors, in retail quantities, at wholesale prices. Put up in quarts, pints and jugs.

**THE BEST** place to secure a business or shorthand education is at Moore's Business College, Atlanta, Ga. Terms reasonable. Time short. Success guaranteed. Send for circulars.

**WELCH & TURMAN** Renting, Sale and Investment Agents, No. 2 Kimball House, Wall street, do strictly a commission business, giving patrons benefit of all margins and advances. Refer to any Atlanta bank.

**THE DRESDEN,** China, Crockery, Glassware, Table Cutlery, Lamps, Fruit Jars, Mackinaw Refrigerators, wholesale and retail. We are headquarters for all we sell. No larger assortment in the city. Prices low. Mueller & Koempel, No. 2 S. Pryor street, opposite Kimball House.

**THOS. KIRKE & CO.** Dealers in 74° Deodorized Gasoline, and Kerosene oils. Southern agents for the Vapor cook stoves, Gas and Oil stoves, Wood and Coal stoves, House-Furnishing goods, etc. 57 & 59 Peachtree street.

**THE OLD BOOK STORE** Picture Framing.

**HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH** Mantels, Tile and Grates, Gas and Electric fixtures; Plumbers, Steam and Gas fitters. Architectural sheet metal workers. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

**STOCKS' COAL CO.** Dealers in Anthracite and Bituminous coal. Wholesale and retail. 97 W. Peters st.

**PALMER BROTHERS** Contracting Painters. Interior Hard-Wood finishers and decorators. Estimates given promptly. First-class work a specialty. 'Phone 563. Office: 51 South Broad street.

**HAMPTON & HOLBROOK** Real Estate Brokers, 22 South Broad, invite the public attention to the fact that they have for sale city and suburban property: also large acreage tracts near the city. We have conveyances always ready to show property.

**THE LINEN STORE** Wholesale and Retail, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets.

**C. J. DANIEL,** 42 Marietta Street, Telephone 77. Wall Paper, Furniture, Window Shades, Curtain Poles and Room Moulding. The most elegant line of Wall Paper ever brought to the city. None but expert decorators employed. All work guaranteed.

**R. H. RANDALL,** Real Estate Agent, 14 South Broad Street. City and suburban property a specialty. Conveyances always ready to show property. Visitors to city especially invited to call. Information always cheerfully given.

**OSLER FURNITURE DEALER** Sales Room, 85 South Broad street. Headquarters for the $12 Suites of New Furniture. Second-hand Goods of every description bought and sold. Desks, Office Fittings, etc.

**M. H. LUCAS & CO** 22 South Pryor Street (next to Carshed). Real Estate in all parts of city and suburbs. See Journal Ad.

**LOWRY HARDWARE CO.,** 34 Peachtree street. Wholesale and Retail Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Fishing Tackle, Builders' Hardware and Carpenters' Tools.

**ATLANTA RUBBER CO.** 16 Decatur Street, Rubber and Leather Belting, Packing Hose, etc.

**EUGENE JACOBS'** Prescription Pharmacy, 58 Marietta street, Old Capitol building.

**LESSONS IN OIL** and China Painting at Lycett's Art Rooms, 93½ Whitehall street. Reduced rates for the summer months, especial training for ladies desirous of teaching; twenty years' experience; art materials for sale; write for lists and information.

**D. O. STEWART** Real Estate, No. 4 N. Broad street, Telephone 1084, Atlanta, Ga.

**M. HAVERTY** Furniture Dealer. Office and salesrooms, 97 S. Broad; entrance 89 and 91 Whitehall street.

**PAUL & GULLAT M'F'G CO.** Manufacturers and jobbers of Plumbers, Steam Gas Fitters' and Mill Supplies. Wrought Iron Pipe, Fittings and Brass Goods of every description. 22 and 24 N. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

**WILLINGHAM & CO.** Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Blinds, etc., 64 Elliott street, Atlanta, Ga.

**ATLANTA WIRE AND IRON WORKS** Wire Railings, Wire Window Guards and Wire Elevator Enclosures for banks, stores, offices and public buildings. 30 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

**A. L. CUESTA** Importer and Manufacturer of Havana Cigars. 2 Edgewood Avenue.

**THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,** Leaders in Sewing Machines. Standard Paper Patterns. Fashion Gazettes free. 63 Peachtree street.

**ATWATER CARRIAGE COMPANY,** Landaus, Carriages, Pheatons, Buggies and Wagons. The best vehicles at the lowest prices.

**W. W. SWANSON** Upholsterer, Tents and Awnings, Carpet Laying, Furniture Repaired and Polished, No. 76 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

**OPIUM AND WHISKY** Habits Cured without physical or mental injury, treatment identical with that of Dr. Keeley, at Dwight, Ill. For particulars, address the Keeley Institute, Edgewood avenue and Ivy street, Atlanta, Ga.

**STANDARD** ROTARY SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE—A high-grade machine of the very best material, case hardened steel at wearing points; runs 50 per cent lighter; 50 per cent faster; 200 per cent more noiseless than the vibrating shuttle machines. We challenge comparison with any machine on the market. Standard Sewing Machine Co., 121 Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

**D. MORRISON** Real Estate Agent, No. 47 E. Hunter street. Makes a specialty of small homes in the city and suburbs, and is now offering some splendid bargains to home-seekers in three, four and five-room houses on easy payments.

## BOARD FOR 250 LADIES.

*WHERE WILL THOSE IN THE BALLET BE ACCOMMODATED?*

**Rambling Talks About the Exposition, Public Comfort, Exhibits, Etc.—All Should Advertise the Exposition.**

THE CONSTITUTION reporter dropped in yesterday morning upon Secretary Arnold and had a pleasant chat about exhibition privileges and the outlook for the great fair.

"So far as exhibits are concerned," said Mr. Arnold, "we are at least 33 per cent ahead of the past two years, and I believe the exhibits will be far ahead in every particular of any exposition that has been held in Atlanta with the exception of the great cotton exposition.

"The privilege people have realized how grand a show we propose to have and they are flooding us with applications. We could sell two spaces for every one application, if we were so disposed. I believe the amount realized for privileges will more than double that of last year. The outlook for the exposition is excellent."

Secretary Arnold is a very conservative man, and therefore such talk from him speaks well for the exposition.

**Where Will Our Girls Board?**

A letter was received this morning from Mr. Kiralfy requesting that the price of board be ascertained and accommodations be secured for the ladies who would participate in the ballet; as he desires to have them all provided for before reaching Atlanta. Consequently any parties who can accommodate five, ten or more of these ladies will greatly oblige by sending their names to the exposition office.

**Public Comfort.**

While on this subject it is again urged that every citizen of Atlanta will consult with the head of his or her family and find out how many people they can accommodate. It is the duty of every citizen of Atlanta to make as much spare room in his house as possible.

Now that so much money has been expended we must advertise to the country at large, and we will do it, because so many people have already given their names that we are assured their example will be followed by every citizen of Atlanta, and there will be plenty of accommodation provided for the 50,000 people who will come daily.

Every preparation is being made in every department of the exposition and the business is becoming so urgent that already the force at the office has been doubled, and before the 1st of September a great many people will have to be put to work in the advertising department of this great show.

**Must Know It.**

After having been so lavish and judicious in the expenditure of so large a sum of money, the directors are determined to show to the country what they propose to have, and every medium of advertising will be employed to let the people throughout the length and breadth of the land know.

One attraction alone which will be presented at the exposition is sufficient to draw every man, woman and child in Georgia to Atlanta; but with this fact before them, the directors have decided to get everything new and novel to attract and amuse the people.

A great number of merchants yesterday called and secured folders to enclose in envelopes to send throughout the country to advertise the exposition. No envelope leaving the city going to any portion of the south, should be without one of these folders. They will be sent to any business house on application by the exposition officers.

### MR. HARTRIDGE'S LECTURE.

**"Woman's Rights and Woman's Wrongs" at the Opera House Tuesday.**

Hon. Gazaway Hartridge will deliver a lecture under the auspices of the Young Men's Library, at DeGive's opera house next Tuesday night at 8 o'clock.

His subject will be "Woman's Rights and Woman's Wrongs."

It is a new lecture and is thought to be the brightest production of this original and versatile genius, and it is needless to say Mr. Hartridge will have a good audience. The entertainment committee of the Young Men's Library has charge of the matter, and the library is largely interested.

Major J. B. Pond, Stanley's manager, is the most famous lecture bureau manager in America. When he was here with Stanley he remarked to a director of the library that Mr. Hartridge was one of the most original lecturers before the country. Everybody remembers Mr. Hartridge's inimitable speech during the senatorial campaign last fall. It was the raciest piece of humor that has fallen from the lips of any man, north or south, this year, and even in cold type convulsed the state with laughter. That speech is worthy of a place beside Dickens's inimitable piece, "Sargent Buz Fuz."

Mr. Hartridge's subject gives a fine opportunity for the play of his peculiar faculty and this lecture will, without doubt, be a rare intellectual treat.

It is not to be supposed because Mr. Hartridge is a wit that his lectures are all froth and sparkle. For his age, he is one of the most cultured men in Georgia, and this mosaic of wit and humor will be found studded with literary gems of the first water, and withal, seasoned with Attic salt.

Mr. Hartridge has always been known as a bright man. At college he was distinguished before he completed his junior year, and ever since that time he has attracted attention wherever he has been.

The committee in charge of the lecture has fixed the popular price of 50 cents and tickets will be on sale at all the usual places and at the library.

### A SHORT SESSION.

**The Railroad Investigating Committee Holds a Short Session.**

The special joint committee of the house and senate, known as the railroad investigating committee, met yesterday afternoon, but was in session only a few minutes.

There was no business before the committee to be transacted, as all the leases, contracts and other documents which had been submitted were read at the meeting Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. Huff moved that Senator Callaway and Representative Berner be appointed as a committee of two to procure from the library such documents as were wanted by the committee. The motion was carried.

Mr. Berner stated that they could secure the papers today and have them before the committee Friday afternoon.

The committee then adjourned to meet Friday afternoon.

**Children Enjoy**

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative and if the father or mother be costive or bilious the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

**The Richmond and Danville Railroad**

Company, which has so rapidly arisen in importance as to take high mark among the few leading systems of the country, now operates a mileage of more than 5,000 miles of railway. Associated as it has been with the birth and growth of the new south, it has attained its maturity at the same time that that famed section has begun to arrest the attention of the world by its marvelous resources and fast increasing wealth.

The Washington and Southwestern vestibuled limited train, that marvel of speed and beauty, combining with solid comfort and enjoyment the highest attainment of human skill and artistic development as applied to railway travel, is a daily and hourly evidence of the enterprise of the management and the liberality of the company, which puts within the reach of the traveling patronage such refinements of travel at such reasonable cost.

Not less than three through trains daily speed between the national capitol and the southern cities over this grand highway, but the "Limited" is, par excellence, the train for the southern traveler, a fit suggestion of the comforts and luxuries which wealth can afford and which liberal patronage so abundantly justifies.—Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, August 8, 1891.

## GRAPES AND FLOWERS

*CONSUME THE TIME OF THE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.*

**An Interesting Session Which Was Largely Attended—A Bean Feast—The Proceedings of the Day.**

The regular meeting of the Fulton County Horticultural and Pomological Society took place yesterday morning in the agricultural department of the capitol.

The attendance was unusually large, many prominent agriculturists being present. There was a fair sprinkling of legislators on hand.

There was a fine display of peaches, grapes and flowers. The collection of wild flowers, made by Mrs. Underwood, was large and varied, and elicited the praise of all present. One of the members exhibited a quantity of raspberries which ripen in August. It is believed that these may be raised with profit around Atlanta, for they command fancy prices.

Short talks were made by Colonel Toon, Mrs. Carpenter, Mr. Gould and others, and several interesting papers were read.

The society decided to hold a special meeting next Saturday morning at 10 o'clock in the agricultural hall to give grape growers an opportunity to exhibit the various kinds of grapes raised in Fulton and the adjoining counties. All who are engaged in the vine culture are cordially invited to be present and are urged to make as full an exhibit as they can.

The following committees were appointed:

Reception—Dr. H. Gould, Mrs. J. G. McMillan, Mrs. A. W. Underwood.

Arrangement—J. J. Toon, Mrs. L. D. Carpenter, Mrs. E. L. Connally.

Awards—G. H. Hynds, H. M. Sessions, Charles Deckner.

Nomenclature—Dr. E. L. Connally, Dr. S. Hape, J. J. Toon.

The society unanimously adopted the following:

Resolved, That we heartily approve the suggestion that a road congress for the southern states be held in Atlanta on October 29th, and will co-operate with the Piedmont exposition, the Chamber of Commerce, the city of Atlanta and the general assembly in making the meeting a success.

Miss Huff's recipe for making unfermented wine was read for the benefit of the members:

"To each quart of the grape juice fresh from the press add one pound of crushed sugar. Let it stand twelve hours. Strain into glass jars, then screw the lid on tightly."

Mr. T. A. Jackson exhibited five specimens of Jackson's wonder bean, explaining the truly wonderful qualities of it.

D. H. Gould presented C. T. Furlow's new raspberry now ripening.

Mrs. Dr. L. D. Carpenter exhibited thirty-six varieties of begonias, six varieties of cannas and hybiscus roses and justitia almost without number.

Mrs. J. C. McMillan's exhibit of lilies and greenhouse roses attracted attention, as did Mrs. A. W. Underwood's collection of wild flowers.

D. H. Gould brought in several new varieties of tuberous begonias, while J. J. Toon presented the old favorite peaches, McEwen's Clinger and Old Mixafree, both from trees twenty years old. Specimens of the second crop of the McEwen were shown.

The brown turkey fig had for its companions the Catherine Mermot rose and several beautiful geraniums.

Mrs. Cora V. Hampton, of Decatur, contributed several bunches of grapes for name, and a magnificent bouquet. The grapes proved to be the Catawba and the Niagara. The bouquet was sent with the compliments of the society to the speaker of the house.

At 1 o'clock the members of the society and a few invited guests repaired to Folsom's restaurant to test the quality of the beans called the "Jackson Wonder." These were cooked in half a dozen different styles and were served with appropriate concomitants. The unique feast was enjoyed heartily by all present, and the unanimous verdict was that Jackson's beans beat the world.

It is expected that next Saturday's meeting of the society will be largely attended, and it is certain the display of grapes will be well worth seeing.

**What to Eat and Where to Get It.**

No breakfast is complete without a cup of our famous Rijamo coffee. The Rijamo is growing in popularity every day. It is a combination coffee, so blended as to give the best results, both in strength and flavor. Why use poor coffee, weak coffee, mixed coffee, when you can always get our Ryamo? For four years it has possessed the same high quality, rich color and fine flavor that still characterizes it. We keep it only in the bean, fresh parched, but grind it, when desired. Now, a word as to bread. Our Regal patent flour always gives the most perfect results, whether used in pastry, bread or rolls. Do you want rolls pure, light and as white as snow? You can always have them by using our Regal patent flour. The Regal possesses all the nutritious qualities of the wheat, yet is as white as snow, and is ground so perfectly that it never fails to rise. We always buy it direct from the same mill, and it never varies. Don't be misled and let them tell you that and such flour is as good as the Regal. Get the best at once, and the problem of good bread will be solved.

Another necessity in a good breakfast is good butter. Now, we believe that it is known by every one that they can always get good butter at our store. Not only good butter, but the best pure genuine Jersey. Our butter, too, is kept scrupulously clean and nice. It is put up in one-pound packages, wrapped in linen paper and kept in a refrigerator. It is now delivered at your house sof and mushy, with brown paper sticking to it, b each one of our drivers has an ice chest, and the butter is delivered firm and clean. As to meats, for breakfast you can take your choice of spring chickens, of which we always keep a good stock, or of fine English breakfast bacon, or of the Ferris or Gold Bond hams, or our dried beef, broiled, makes a nice, wholesome dish. For dinner, our head rice is always good. Our Saratoga chips are fresh and crisp. Our deviled crabs, with the shells, makes an appetizing dish. In relishes, we have everything you can wish, such as L. and P. sauce, tomato catsup, Young's Hotspur relish, pepper sauce, mushroom and walnut catsup, etc.

A large, luscious, red-meat watermelon, such as you can always get from us, will nicely end a good dinner, with the exception of a glass of iced Talo tea. However, our Talo tea is good for breakfast, dinner and supper. It is delicate in flavor, pleasing the most fastidious, being of the highest grade and quality. It is fit for a queen. In conclusion, come and try us. You will always get the freshest, finest and very best quality of everything. Besides, we have everything you want.

W. R. HOYT,
july 12—7 or 5 p nrm. 90 Whitehall street.

**The Old Homestead**

Thegreat southern magazine, devoted to science art, music, the home and farm, two pieces of new music in each number; only 10 cents per copy, or 1 a year. For sale by John M. Miller, 31 Marietta treet.


USE HICKEY'S MAGIC HAIRALINE

For the prevention of BALDNESS removing DANDRUFF and all other diseases of the scalp. Contains no oil, and is a perfect dressing for the hair. Treatise on scalp diseases free. For sale by all druggists and E. J. HICKEY, manufacturer, Nos. 212 & 214 Eighth st., Augusta, Ga.

BROMO-SELTZER 10¢
CURES HEADACHE,
NEURALGIA & NERVOUSNESS
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
EMERSON DRUG CO. BALTO., MD.


AGREEABLY to an order of the court of ordinary of Fulton county, will be sold at auction at the courthouse door of said county, on the first Tuesday in September next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to wit: Two houses and lot on the northeast corner of Reed and Glenn streets, lot fronting on Glenn street fifty (50) feet and running back one hundred (100) feet; sold as the property of Henry C. D. Voight, late of said county, deceased. Terms cash.

MARY M. HOOPER,
July 20, 1891. Administratrix.
July 22-4t-th


STILSON,
JEWELER.
58 WHITEHALL ST.
Reliable Goods.
Fair Dealing.
Bottom Prices.

GET YOUR PRINTING
BLANK BOOKS, LEDGERS
Journals, Cash Books,
Binding, Electrotyping, etc., etc.,
JAS. P. HARRISON & CO.,
(THE FRANKLIN PUBLISHING HOUSE.)
State Printers, Atlanta, Ga.
Consult them before placing your orders.



DON'T MISS
YOUR LAST AND BEST
CHANCE OF THE SEASON.
We just finished taking stock and find many broken lots in Men's, Boy's and Children's Suits, which will be closed
Regardless of Cost
Some good things in Furnishings and Hats go the same way.
Eiseman & Weil,
One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers,
3 WHITEHALL ST.

H. P. ASHLEY,
MACHINIST AND FOUNDER IN
IRON AND BRASS
REPAIRS ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.
All Kinds of Gears Cut in Iron, Steel and Brass.
—MANUFACTURER OF—
SPRING BED MACHINERY.
Send in your old steam or gas engines. Pumps and injectors to be repaired will guarantee to be good as new. Models and tools made to order. Grind paper and planer knives in the most improved manner. 47 South Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga dec 24 dly.


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Attorney at Law.
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Office fourth floor Chamberlin & Boynton building corner Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take elevator.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Room, 3½ Whitehall street.
july 11-3mos. Atlanta, Ga.

ERNEST C. KONTZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Room 43 Gate City Bank Building,
Atlanta, Ga.

W. A. HAYGOOD
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office 17½ Peachtree st. ATLANTA, GA.

DR. J. M. GLASS,
OFFICE 30½ MARIETTA STREET,
(Fitten Building.)
Residence, 18 Wheat Street.
Office telephone, 1410. Residence telephone, 1032.
apr 21-3mos

G. L. NORRMAN,
Architect,
Old Capitol Building,
Atlanta, Ga. 1y

MRS. ROSA FREUDENTHAL MONNISH, M. D. Private sanitarium and dispensary for the cure of diseases of women. Ladies accommodated during pregnancy and confinement. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Offices juncture Peachtree, North Forsyth and Church streets, Atlanta, Ga.

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The only manufacturers of Ink in the South. Universal satisfaction given to all our customers, among which are the leading publishers and printers in the South.
may 31-d3m


HOW MANY DIFFERENT WORDS IN THE LETTERS OF THE WORD "CONSTITUTION."

# A Free Education,

(FIRST CHOICE.)

Consisting of one year's course in any American Seminary or College, including all expenses, tuition and board, to be paid by the publishers of THE CONSTITUTION (not to exceed $250.)

# An American Trip.

(SECOND CHOICE.)

This prize consists of a *trip to any City in the United States or to Cuba*, all expenses to be paid by the publishers of THE CONSTITUTION, (not to exceed $250.)

## A HANDSOME HORSE, BUGGY AND HARNESS,

(THIRD CHOICE.)

(Value $250), making altogether one of the most stylish and elegant "turnouts" imaginable.

### THE PRIZES:

To the person sending us the largest list of English Words of not less than four letters constructed from letters contained in the word "CONSTITUTION" will be given their choice by the publishers of THE CONSTITUTION, of either "A FREE EDUCATION," the "AMERICAN TRIP," or the "HORSE, BUGGY AND HARNESS." A committe consisting of Teachers from the Universities and Public Schools of Georgia will be invited to be present and assist the Judges in the final award.

ADDITIONAL PRIZES TO BE AWARDED IN ORDER OF MERIT.—China Dinner Sets, Ladies' Gold Watches, French Music Boxes, Silk Dress Patterns, French Mantle Clocks, Portiere Curtains, Elegant Toilet Cases, Manicure Cases, Odor Cases, Ladies' Solid Gold Jewelry, Imported Fans, Elegant Japanese Novelties for Household Decorations, and many other useful, handsome and valuable articles.

### RULES:

1. Lists are to contain English and Anglicised words *only*, of not less than four letters each.
2. No letter can be used in the contruction of any word more times than it appears in the word "*CONSTITUTION.*"
3. Words having more than one meaning but spelled the same can be used but once.
4. Names of places and persons are barred.
5. Words will be allowed either in singular or plural but not in both numbers and in one tense only.
6. Prefixes and suffixes are not allowed by themselves but can be used in the construction of a complete word.
7. The main part only of Worcester's or Webster's Dictionaries may be used as the governing authority.

Each list must contain Name of person sending same (sign Mrs., Miss or Mr.) with full Post Office address *and number of words contained therein*, and be accompanied by $1.00 for a year's subscription to THE CONSTITUTION.

The subscription price must accompany list of words. *Do not send in separate enclosure.*

If two or more tie on the largest list, the one *which bears the earliest postmark* will take the First Grand Prize.

The *complete list* of words intended for the Competition must be forwarded *at one time*. If any alterations or additions to the list are made after it has been sent, it will be necessary to enclose $1 additional for another year's subscription to THE CONSTITUTION, to be forwarded to any address desired, together with such alterations or additions. On account of the extra work involved in these competitions, it is impossible for the publishers of THE CONSTITUTION to enter into any personal correspondence concerning the Competition or Rules thereof.

Remember that every subscription sent means THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION FOR ONE YEAR, which is in itself the best and cheapest investment that can be made for the money. Circulation 156,000. WE WANT 200,000.

*THIS CONTEST TO CLOSE SEPTEMBER 1, 1891,*
ON WHICH DAY THE AWARDS WILL BE MADE.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS, AND ENCLOSE $1.00 FOR SUBSCRIPTION, TO
THE CONSTITUTION. - Atlanta, Ga.


CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

NEW GOODS!

IN CARPETS AND FURNITURE

We have now and are receiving every day our new goods for fall trade. We will be able to show one of the largest as well as the most varied stock ever opened in the south. Our determination is to handle nothing that is not good; nothing that is not new; nothing that is not stylish, and nothing that we can't guarantee.

We will be able at all times to sell for cottages as well as palaces, to give time to small as well as large contracts, in making estimates. We furnish from attic to cellar everything in Carpets, Furniture, Draperies, Shades, Beddings, etc.

DON'T FORGET

That you can get choice now, and if you need Carpets or Furniture later that it will pay you to see and select. We will place goods when it it suits you.

MR. JOHNSON IS IN NEW YORK, buying Dress Goods. We will, as usual, lead the van in this department, making a specialty of furnishing Tro us seaus and Parti Costumes ready for use.

NOTHING IS NEW THAT IS NOT NEW. Don't forget that, and remember that our goods are new weaves, new and exclusive designs, new shadings and the acme of perfection in styles for the coming season, which promises so much in new changes.

We are still closing out everything in short lengths, etc., at what they will bring. Black Silk Remnants and short lengths must be sold. See them this week.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO


Special train to Manchester. Until further notice, the A. & W. P. R. R. will run a special train to Manchester on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, leaving union depot at 10 a. m., and returning at 1 p. m. Round trip 25 cents. Let all go and see an ideal home place.


FOR MEN ONLY!
VIGOR OF STRENGTH
For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD, General and NERVOUS DEBILITY, Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

MONON ROUTE
LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RY. CO.
Are you going to Chicago, or any point in the northwest via Chicago? If so, ask your ticket agent for tickets via Louisville. Or via Cincinnati and Indianapolis. Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and Monon positively the only line running Pullman vestibuled trains, electric lighted, steam heated, with magnificent dining cars and compartment sleeping cars.
W. H. McDOEL, General Manager. JAMES BARKER, Gen. Pass. Agent


GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—To the superior court of said county: The petition of J. F. Dickinson, Walter H. Rhett and W. H. Inman, for themselves and their associates, respectfully shows:

1. That petitioners desire to be incorporated and made a body corporate and politic under the laws of Georgia, under the corporate name and style of

"EDISON ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING COMPANY, OF ATLANTA."

2. The object of said corporation is pecuniary gain to its stockholders by means of engaging in the business of generating electricity and furnishing it for all the purposes to which it may be applied.

3. The particular business of said corporation will be to manufacture, buy, sell, lease and use machinery, articles, apparatus and devices of every kind appertaining to the use or application of electricity for the purposes of light, heat, power, transportation, and such other uses as the same may be employed in or applied to. To purchase, sell and lease letters patent, licenses and rights thereunder, and inventions and processes in connection with the business of the company. To supply from central stations or otherwise electricity or electrical parts for same, and to distribute the same by underground or other conductors to customers for the purpose of illumination, heat, power, transportation, or other purposes. To buy, lease or rent such lands and buildings as may be necessary for such purposes.

4. Petitioners desire to be incorporated for the term of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal as often as the same can be done under the laws. They desire the corporation to have the power of suing and being sued, to have and use a corporate seal and to make such by-laws as it wishes, not inconsistent with the law, to have power to receive, rent, lease, purchase and operate all such real and personal property as may be necessary for its legitimate purposes or for securing debts thereof, to dispose of such property or any part thereof at pleasure; that it may have the power to borrow money, issue bonds, secure same by mortgages, deed of trust, or both, as it may desire; that it have the power to do all such other acts as may be necessary and legal for the legitimate execution of its powers and in accomplishing its purposes.

5. The stock of said corporation shall be ten thousand dollars ($10,000), divided into shares of one hundred dollars each, and that said corporation may increase the capital stock, as it may be necessary, to any sum not exceeding one million dollars.

6. Petitioners desire that said corporation shall have the power to begin business when ten thousand dollars of the capital stock has been subscribed, and ten per centum has been paid up. Petitioners desire that the stockholders shall be individually liable for the debts of the said corporation only to the extent of their unpaid subscriptions.

7. Petitioners desire that the principal office and place of business of said corporation shall be in Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, and that it shall have the power to establish and operate branches in other parts of this state as it may see fit.

8. Petitioners pray that they may be made a body corporate under the name aforesaid, and with all the powers and the privileges as aforesaid, and with such others as will be consistent with the laws of Georgia, and that this petition may be recorded by the clerk of this court, and the same may be published in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, a public gazette of said county, once a week, for one month, and that afterwards this court will pass an order declaring said application granted; and petitioners will ever pray, etc.

WALTER H. RHETT,
Attorney for Petitioners.

Filed in office July 15, 1891.

G. H. TANNER, C. S. C.

Georgia, Fulton county.—The above is a true copy of the original petition for the charter of "Edison Electric Illuminating Company, of Atlanta," as appears of record in this office.

This July 15, 1891. Clerk [illegible] Court,
J'y 16,23,30,& 6,13 aug Fulton, Georgia.

### Sale of Unclaimed Freight.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R. CO.,
(Atlanta and Charlotte Division),
ATLANTA, Ga., July 28, 1891.

WILL BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, to pay freight and storage charges, on Thursday, August 27th, prox, at the Decatur street depot of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, Atlanta, Ga., the following freight, which has been on hand unclaimed for six months and over:

Consignees' articles.
Beerman & Co., 1 case glass signs.
I. S. Reid, 1 show case.
Cora Binns, 2 washboards, 1 basket, 1 kettle, 1 pot.
D. R. Hollis, 1 barrel whisky, 1 sign, (boxed).
Gibbs Drug Company, 1 box medicine.
J. M. Bentley, 1 planing machine, 1 box, 1 shaft and pulley.
J. M. Bentley, 1 set shingle machines.
James Woodword, 5 boxes tobacco.
Alvin Robinson, 1 box hair.
Hester Avery, 1 box groceries.
Bill Williams, 1 box household goods, 1 table and 1 chair.
Morris Ewing & Co., 1 box cheese.
July30-4t-thurs P. M. HARDIN, Agent.

### The Hibernia Insurance Company

—OF—

NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

Having ceased to do business in the state of Georgia, and having satisfied all losses and claims on its policy holders, hereby gives notice of its intention to withdraw its bonds deposited with the state authorities. J. J. FITZPATRICK,
jun 11—d 2m thurs Secretary.

FOR MOSQUITO BITES, SUN-BURN, SORE FEET, LAMENESS from OVER-EXERTION.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

FOR PILES, CHAFING, To Bathe FACE and HANDS when heated etc.

DON'T FORGET when starting on vacation to take with you. You are sure to need it; perhaps VERY MUCH indeed.



REFUSE SUBSTITUTES probably worthless. Accept POND'S EXTRACT only.

Ponds Extract Co., New York and London.

PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES

TRADE MARK.

Quality First and Always.



We have unequaled facilities for the manufacture of Spectacles and Eye-Glasses. We grind all kinds of Lenses, plain or compound.

FAULKNER, KELLAM & MOORE, Scientific Opticians, 58 Marietta Street, Old Capitol Building.

THE DRESDEN

OUR REMOVAL SALE A GREAT SUCCESS!

This Week We Want to Sell PITCHERS! PITCHERS!

Everybody needs a Pitcher. We have them in China, in Art Goods, in Ironstone ware, in Pressed Glass, in Cut Glass and other materials. We have a great many more than we want to move, and

We Have Marked Them Low Down

Only three more weeks, and we will start moving our retail stock. Therefore avail yourself of this opportunity to buy goods cheap. If you need a nice

Library Lamp or Hall Lamp or Chandelier,

we can serve you at low figures. We swing your Lamps without extra charge. In standing Lamps, our assortment is also big and prices very low.

HOTEL GOODS.

We want to sell our Hotel and Restaurant Goods, and will make special offerings this week.

MUELLER & KOEMPEL, 2 SOUTH PRYOR, Opposite Kimball House.

This space is reserved for ALEX. GROTTE & CO., TAILORS and DRAPERS; will be opened by 1st of September.

ag9—3m

FOR SALE.

A new 6-room cottage at East End near the school house. On easy terms. Apply to Aaron Haas, 36 Alabama street. aug11—3t

W. A. OSBORN. G. S. BREWSTER. M. C. STONER

W. A. Osborn & Co.

12 S. Pryor Street.

Always have some choice pieces of property to offer you in central, suburban and acreage. We know we can offer unheard of bargains.

# THE SCALE ORDINANCE.

*IT WILL BE AMENDED AT THE NEXT MEETING OF THE COUNCIL.*

**The Ordinance Is Being Printed—The Coal Men Want to Employ a Sworn Weigher—Other News.**

The scales ordinance, as adopted by the city council, is being printed. Two hundred copies have been ordered printed for distribution. The scales are in readiness and all that is needed is the appointment and confirmation of two weighers, which will be done Monday.

At the meeting of the council Monday next an amendment will be offered to the original ordinance which makes a very great change in its operation. Under the ordinance, as it now stands, any person can require a coal dealer or other dealers under the provision of the ordinance, to have their loads carried to the public scales and weighed. Under the proposed amendment only policemen or buyers can require this. Coal dealers raised a great protest at the original ordinance, saying that they would be subjected to endless worry by having discharged drivers, or others who have a petty spite against them, demand that they drive their wagons to the public scales.

It is also rumored that an ordinance which does away with the public scales entirely will be introduced Monday afternoon. The ordinance will provide for the employment by each dealer, affected by the ordinance, of a sworn weigher. This ordinance is favored by the coal dealers, but whether it will be introduced or not could not be ascertained.

**No Bids Yet.**

Although the bids for the Forsyth street bridge are to be opened at the council meeting next Monday afternoon, none have yet been received.

As advertised, the bids will be received by City Clerk Woodward.

"You may say," said Mr. Turner, chairman of the bridge committee, yesterday, "that one of the bids which will be opened Monday afternoon will be acceptable. The bidders know now about what figures will be acceptable to the council and they will make their bids accordingly."

**Off for Tybee.**

Park Woodward, the clever city clerk, accompanied by Dr. Rose and Mr. Gaines Chisholm, will leave Saturday for Tybee island. They go for a ten days' fishing trip and will come back with a fund of fish stories which they will defy the world to beat.

City Tax Collector Maddox has been quite sick for three or four days, but is much better.

The draughtsmen in City Engineer Clayton's office have begun making plats for South Atlanta to be used by Mr. Bosche in renumbering the streets.

All streets running east and west will be drawn first.

Protect yourself—as you can easily do—from chills and fever with Bile Beans, which purify and regulate the system.

There would be no indigestion in the world if Angostura Bitters were used by all. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, manufacturers.

LEMON ELIXIR.

**Pleasant, Elegant, Reliable.**

For biliousness and constipation, take Lemon Elixir.

For fevers, chills and malaria, take Lemon Elixir.

For sleeplessness, nervousness and palpitation of the heart, take Lemon Elixir.

For indigestion and foul stomach, take Lemon Elixir.

For sick and nervous headaches, take Lemon Elixir.

Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir will not fail you in any of the above named diseases, all of which arise from a torpid or diseased liver, stomach, kidneys or bowels.

Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

50 cents and $1.00 per bottle at druggists.

LEMON HOT DROPS

Cure all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage and all throat and lung diseases. Elegant, reliable.

25 cents at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga. sun—thur

**RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD,**

**Georgia Pacific Division.**

Beginning today, August 13th, Nos. 60 and 61, between Atlanta and Lithia Springs, will be discontinued, and 58 and 59, between Atlanta and Lithia Springs, will run on Sundays only until further advised. S. H. HARDWICK,
W. B. RYDER, Supt. Gen. Pas. Agent.

**Special Train for Manchester.**

A special train will leave the Union Depo this morning at 10 o'clock for the new surb urb, Manchester, and will return at 1 o'clock. A large crowd of capitalists and business men are going out to inspect the place. Special rates for everybody.

**The Old Homestead.**

The great southern magazine, devoted to science art, music, the home and farm; two pieces of new music in each number; only 10 cents per copy, or $1 a year. For sale by John M. Miller, 31 Marietta treet.

**THE KEELEY CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS.**

**Editorially Endorsed by The New York Sun and Chicago Tribune.**

EDITOR CONSTITUTION—I notice with pleasure that this wonderful discovery has attracted the attention of that gifted and thoughtful writer who edits the magazine page of THE CONSTITUTION. For several years The New York Sun and The Chicago Tribune have given this cure strong editorial endorsement, and often give column articles recommending its use. Any patent medicine nostrum can secure advertising space in the newspapers, but how often do you see a remedy editorially endorsed as the Double Chloride of Gold Treatment has been by the papers above mentioned.

The liquor and opium cure referred to is identically the same that is now being so successfully used at the Keeley Institute in this city. Men who are treated here for drunkenness or opium habit loose all desire for stimulants or narcotics, and are restored to the happy state of health they enjoyed before they became addicted to these habits. Many wonderful cures have already been made, and ex-patients take great pleasure in inducing friends or acquaintances to seek the same method of relief that restored them to lives of sobriety, usefulness and happiness.

As Mr. A. R. Chamberlain, of The New York Sun, says: "The experiment has met with such apparent success in the treatment of 5,000 cases that some secular papers have demanded the adoption of the remedy by public institutions which admit inebriates." And we predict that the time will soon come when this treatment will be adopted instead of consigning inebriates to prisons and lunatic asylums, where all hope is lost.

The pleasant feature of the Bichloride of Gold Club, composed of "graduates" of the Keeley institute, will be inaugurated in this city during the coming winter, and will prove to be one of the strongest temperance organizations in existence.

A GRADUATE.

SAM'L W. GOODE. ALBERT L. BECK.

**Sam'l W. Goode & Co.**

**NO CASH. ALL TIME.**

TO THOSE WHO BUILD AT

**ORMEWOOD,**

Just outside city limits, beyond Grant park; on dummy line to Soldiers' Home.

CASH PRICES ON LONG TIME.

Call for plats. Large lots.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

$12,500 for a tract at West End that is assessed at $18,000; is surrounded by streets, and covered with beautiful oak grove; a big thing in this to the one who buys now and subdivides it.

$10,500 for new, central renting and resident property, near Peachtree street, for which $1,200 a year rent has been refused; two new houses, all modern improvements; corner lot.

$350 buys high, level, shady lot, 50x120 feet, to alley; inside city limits; right at Capitol avenue, and in first-class neighborhood; a bargain.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

# HARMLESS.

**TO ASSIST NATURE** IN REMOVING Poisons from the body is the great mission of SWIFT'S SPECIFIC. Microbi cannot exist in the blood when S.S.S. is properly taken, as it promptly forces them out, and cures the patient. It has relieved thousands in a few days who had suffered for years.

MR. F. Z. NELSON, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Fremont, Nebraska, suffered for years with SCROFULA, and it continued to grow worse in spite of all treatment. Finally, *Four Bottles* of S.S.S. cured him. He writes: "Words are inadequate to express my gratitude and favorable opinion of

*SWIFT'S SPECIFIC.*

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3. Atlanta, Ga.

Every Month

many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstruation; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advice. Don't confide in anybody but try

Bradfield's Female Regulator

a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION.

Book to "WOMAN" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by all Druggists.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.

500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

CURES { Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation
A.A. { Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever.
B.B.—Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C.C.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges.
D.D.—Bots or Grubs, Worms.
E.E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia.
F.F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache.
G.G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
H.H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
I.I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
J.K.—Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.

Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - 1.00

Sold by Druggists; or Sent Prepaid anywhere and in any quantity on Receipt of Price.

HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO., Corner William and John Sts., New York.



HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for

Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness,

and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO., Cor. William and John Sts., N. Y.

MINARD'S LINIMENT

CURES Coughs, Colds, Colic, Cramps and Croup.

MINARD'S LINIMENT

CURES Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Headache and Toothache.

MINARD'S LINIMENT

HEALS Scalds, Burns, and Bruises, Cuts, Cracks, Scratches and Swellings.

MINARD'S LINIMENT

Is sold by all dealers. 25 cents a bottle. sun tues thur NRM

Special train to Manchester. Until further notice, the A. & W. P. R. R. will run a special train to Manchester on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, leaving union depot at 10 a. m., and returning at 1 p. m. Round trip 25 cents. Let all go and see an ideal home place.

*INSTRUCTION.*

**FAUQUIER INSTITUTE**

**For Young Ladies, Warrenton, Va.**

Thirty-first session opens on the 17th Sept., 1891 Situation in Piedmont Region of Va., on the Rich and Danville R. R., 54 miles from Washington, D C. A very successful school, with superior buildings and strong faculty, and delightful location. For particulars address GEO. G. BUTLER, A.M., Principal. july12—39t su tu thur

**Virginia Female Institute**

STAUNTON, VA., MRS. GEN. J. E. B. STUART, Principal. The fall session opens Sept. 17, 1891. Best advantages in every department, with every home comfort and admirable care. For full particulars as to terms, etc., apply to the Principal. aug2-6w-sun tues thurs.

**UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.**

ELECTION OF PROFESSORS.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED FOR THE Chairs of Agriculture, History and Elocution, to be filled August 13, 1891.

A. L. HULL, Secretary, aug4-2w tu thur Athens, Ga.

**NASHVILLE COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES**

3 Buildings; 30 Officers; 413 Pupils; Vanderbilt privileges; Music, Art, Literature, Kindergarten, Complete Gymnasium. Health unsurpassed. Send for catalogue to the President, Rev. Geo. W. F. PRICE, D.D., NASHVILLE TENN.

uly11—d18t sat tues thur wky8te w

**LAW SCHOOL**

WASHINGTON & LEE UNIV., LEXINGTON, VA. C. A. Graves, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law. J. Randolph Tucker, Prof. Equity and Const'l Law, etc. Opens Sept. 10. For Catalogue, address G. W. C. LEE, President. july11-d20t sat tues thur

**WASHINGTON SEMINARY,**

46 WALTON STREET,

Opens September 9, 1891.

Write for Catalogue, or call on the principals at the seminary. aug11-3t tues thur sat

**LUTHERVILLE SEMINARY,**

(Near Baltimore) for young ladies. $225 per year. 39th year. Modern conveniences, large campus, full faculty, thorough training, home comforts. Send for catalogue.

Rev. J. H. TURNER, A.M., Principal, july25-d34t sat tues thur Lutherville, Md.

*INSTRUCTION.*

**SHORTHAND**

**Southern School of—18 E. Hunter Street, Atlanta, Ga.—Telephone 526.**

We have 500 graduates in positions, some receiving $1,800 per year, others making $3,000 a year. Good shorthand writers are in demand. Schools advertising to graduate their pupils in three months and guaranteeing positions are frauds. The average time required is from four to six months. The prominent and responsible positions the managers of this school have held in railroad circles and elsewhere are influences conducive to the great demand made upon us for shorthand writers. We average four applications a week for writers. We have 250 graduate shorthand positions in this city. We have three shorthand teachers and an expert typewriter teacher. Our school is open from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m., daily. Lessons given by mail also. Catalogue free.

A. C. BRISCOE, Manager.
L. W. ARNOLD, Ass't Man'g'r.
MISS ALICE TULLER, Typist.

CRICHTON'S SCHOOL —OF— **SHORTHAND**

Occupies the entire second floor at

**49 Whitehall St., Atlanta.**

We teach the simplest as well as the most legible system of Shorthand ever written, in fact, the system is so simple that it can be taught successfully

BY MAIL,

and we make a specialty of giving lessons in this way to persons who cannot come to Atlanta.

Mr. W. B. Kennedy says: "I am well pleased with the progress I have made through your splendid method of mail instruction. I think the system taught by you is so simple that any one can readily understand it."

Mr. H. E. Cook says: "I am very much pleased with your method of teaching by mail, as well as the system taught."

Regarding the system taught by us, The New York Times says: "This is the latest and in most respects by far the best book on phonography that has yet been published."

The New York Tribune: "It will doubtless take the precedence of all previous manuals on the subject."

The New York World: "An attempt, and we think a successful one, to remove many of the incongruities of the system as it has been written."

From The Nation, New York: "By far the best book on phonography that exists."

From The Brooklyn Times: "It is the most easily read of all the styles."

Illustrated catalogue, also "a little book" giving much valuable information concerning shorthand, its uses, etc., will be mailed free by

**Crichton's School**

NEW YORK MILITARY ACADEMY. COL. C. J. WRIGHT, B.S., A.M., Cornwall, N. Y. july1-d90t.

**The Gordon School FOR BOYS.**

W. E. MEAGLEY, HEAD MASTER

Edgewood Avenue and Ivy Street,

Opens September 7th. Send name for catalogue. Office hours, 3 to 5 p. m. aug2d1m



DAVIS SCHOOL. A military institute for Boys & Young Men. Full College Course of Study. Complete Preparatory Course. Thorough course in Civil Engineering. Full commercial course. Resident Surgeons. No charge for medical attention. Cadet Cornet Band. Instruction in Music and Art. Practical course in Telegraphy. Very low rates. For Register, with terms and particulars, address Col. A. C. Davis, Supt., Winston, N. C.

Location famous for Beauty and Health.



Southern Female University

FLORENCE, ALABAMA.

Full university curriculum. Five distinct courses, three of which lead to degrees. Twenty teachers and officers. Special attention to music and art. Handsomest and most complete school edifice in the south. Accommodations for 400 boarders. Snead's improved system of steam heat and ventilation. Lighted with gas and electricity. Hot and cold water throughout. Pure drinking water on every floor. Abundance of bathrooms and closets. Cash cost of building, $80,000. Eight acres of campus. Board, lights, fuel, etc., 5 mos., $64.50. Tuition, $20 to $30. Send for catalogues to L. D. Bass, D. D., president, or R. E. Binford, M.A., chancellor.

MISS EMMA HAHR, the distinguished pianist, of this city, has accepted the directorship of music in the above university. july19-d2m

**EAST END GRAMMAR SCHOOL**

Will open Monday, September 7, 1891. The course of study and books used will be those of the first six grades of the public schools of Atlanta. Tuition free to all white children of proper age whose parents reside on any lands bought of the Atlanta Suburban Land Company, whether as owners or tenants of owners. Other children will be taught at a moderate cost. Apply to Aaron Haas, president, or William A. Haygood, chairman school committee. aug 11 to sep 1

**Atlanta Classical School**

**68½ PEACHTREE ST.**

B. T. Hunter, A.M... English, Drawing, Science
DeWitt C. Ingle, A. M. Latin, Greek, Mathematics
S. R. Webster (Moore's Business College).....
.....Penmanship

Announcement now ready. Send name. july19d2m

WASHINGTON & LEE

UNIVERSITY, LEXINGTON, VA.

Academic; Law; Engineering. For Catalogue address G. W. C. LEE, President. tues thur sat

VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY.

*Over 50 Professors and 680 Students.*

Seven Distinct Departments: Academic, Engineering, Pharmaceutical, Biblical, Law, Medical, Dental. For catalogues, address Wm. Williams, NASHVILLE, TENN. aug 1-12-sat wed-4t-eow

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE.

Macon, Ga. Annual session begins Sept. 23, 1891. Largest patronage in State. Apply for catalogue to W. C. BASS, D.D., Pres. july11—d2m sat tues thur wky

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE

near FRANKFORT, KY.

OPEN THROUGHOUT THE YEAR.

The second term of this academic year begins first Monday in July and closes third Wednesday in December next.

COL. D. F. BOYD, Supt. Post-Office, FARMDALE, KY. june4—d4m tues thur sat wky4m

**A Select School for Girls.**

MRS. G. H. DEJARNETTE, PRINCIPAL, 431 Peachtree street. School opens Wednesday, September 2d. Best advantages in English, French and German. Music department under management of Miss Emma Hahr. Apply for circular.

PANTOPS ACADEMY

NEAR CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

For Boys and Young Men. Send for catalogue. JOHN R. SAMPSON, A.M., Prin.

*REAL ESTATE SALES.*

SAM'L W. GOODE. ALBERT L. BECK.

**Sam'l W. Goode & Co.,**

AGENTS.

**A BIG BARGAIN!**

9 Beautiful, level lots, 200 feet from Marietta street, near Van Winkle's; 4 are 50x150 feet each, and 5 are 50x200 feet each. All covered with grove. Come and inspect and we will make the price and terms.

**Special Peachtree Offer for a Few Days Only.**

Large, level, shady lot, adjoining the beautiful home of Mr. Jack J. Spalding and immediately in front of Colonel Pat Calhoun's. Low price and very liberal terms. No prettier lot on the street. Must be sold in a few days or will be withdrawn from the market.

$350 for high, level and shady lot, just a few yards from Capitol avenue, in first-class neighborhood; covered with beautiful grove. Is 50x120 feet to alley. Inside city limits. Easy terms.

$1,000 each for a number of very attractive South Boulevard lots at Grant Park, 55x190 feet each to alley. Unusually liberal terms to those who will build.

Bleckley avenue lots, between Peachtree and Piedmont avenue.

Peachtree lots and Peachtree homes in good variety.

Wilson avenue and Center street lots.

Bowden street lots.

South Boulevard lots on and near dummy.

30 acres on E. T., V. & G. railroad, 5-r dwelling, fruit, vineyard, new barn and stables, plank fences, land high and level, pretty grove, three miles from Kimball house, $500 per acre.

46 acres, three miles from union depot, on E. T., V. & G. railroad, with about 300 feet on that and the A. & Fla. railroad, water, grove, etc. $200 per acre.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO. Corner Marietta and Peachtree Sts.

**Edward Parsons,**

Real Estate Broker,

**Mineral, Timber, County and City Lands For Sale.**

**Jellico Coal. Wholesale or in Carload Lots.**

Also headquarters for Copenhill property, 60 lots for sale, a plat of which is in my office on exhibition. Come and make your choice.

I have entered on my books for sale upwards of $900,000 of mineral, timber, country and city lands to select from. Any gentleman wishing to purchase or sell lands I shall be pleased to do my best to suit him.

No. 102—7-room new house, No. 25 Currier st., with all modern improvements, including gas; lot 71x180, near Calhoun street school, lays high; price $7,000, or will exchange for 4 to 6 acres on any street with car line between West Peachtree and Georgia railroad, within 3 miles of center of city, the lot suitable for a residence with good shade trees, or will purchase such a lot for cash.

No. 104—3,600 acres coal land in north Georgia; this coal and coke has been analyzed, showing a high grade, suitable for blast furnace coke second to none in the south; price $35 per acre, or will sell within next 30 days one-half interest in above property for $60,000. A plat of this property to be seen in my office.

No. 15—1 house, 7 rooms, and 2-room cottage, lot 70x210, No. 46 Houston st.; gas, water, with every convenience; one-third cash, balance 1 and 2 years, with 8 per cent interest; price $8,250.

EDWARD PARSONS, 24 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

**G. W. ADAIR,**

Real Estate,

No. 5 Wall St, Kimball House

At Gilmore, Cobb county, on the W. & A. R. R., I have

**A Large Distillery for Sale,**

with 22 acres of good land. This is very desirable property and I am offering it at a bargain.

At Smyrna, fronting 450 feet on the W. & A. R. R., I have

**A 5-Room Dwelling,**

with nearly 8 acres, beautifully situated and in three minutes walk of the depot. This is a pretty country home and can be bought on reasonable terms.

G. W. ADAIR, NO. 5 KIMBALL HOUSE. july 17 con 8p

**ANSLEY BROS.**

REAL ESTATE,

$2,100—For a 5-room house and lot at Decatur, Ga., near the Georgia R. R. depot and dummy. Lot is more than an acre. Place worth $2,500, and price reduced to make quick sale.
$2,000—Nice Crew street cottage 5 rooms; cheap.
$3,750—8-room house on corner lot on Pulliam st., lot 66x140; cheap.
$2,300—Nice 5-room cottage on Borne st., near dummy line; nice lot, payments easy.
$10,500—Buys a beautiful Peachtree lot, 80 feet front.
$1,000—Beautiful lots, 50x190 in square of Boulevard. These lots are cheap and desirable.
$5,500—West Peachtree, lot 50x200, at head of Hunnicutt ave., one of the best on the street.
$14,000—Buys a beautiful Peachtree home.
$6,000—9-room house and corner lot on Spring st.
$3,500—Beautiful Inman Park lot on Edgewood ave.
$2,500—Angier ave. lot 50x256, near Boulevard.
$1,350—Linden ave lot, near Courtland ave, 50x175.
$1,800—Buys a nice 6-room house and lot, Connally street, close to E. Fair. Must go.
$5,000—Whitehall street 10-room house, nice location.
$3,500—For a cottage and 3 acres of land, just this side of Decatur, Ga., fronting Georgia R. R.
$3,800—Calhoun st. house, 7 rooms near Gilmer.
$2,900—Gilmer st. 5-room cottage, near Courtland.
$5,500—7-room house and lot 50x150, on Trinity ave., formerly E. Peters st., near Washington; cheap. Office 10 E. Alabama street, telephone 363.

**T. C. & J. W. Mayson**

3 MARIETTA ST,

HOMES—Anything from a cabin to a mansion, acreage property and lots in all parts of the city at strictly summer prices.

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Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only *non-poisonous* remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. *The Universal American Cure.* Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

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*REAL ESTATE SALES.*

**GOLDSMITH,**

30 S. BROAD STREET.

$12,000—Large three (3) story house, on large lot, on electric line; central property; rents and pays good interest. Space for other houses and will pay handsomely to improve. Terms easy.

$4,000—Ivy street, 8-r house, nice home, near Worth $5,000.

$4,000—6-r house two blocks from capitol, on street.

$7,500—Lovely W. Peachtree lot, shady and in

$5,600—New two-story building. We will for you to good party at $65 per month. Splendid investment.

$15 front foot—Beautiful lots near electric car in West End. Only 10 minutes ride. If want a lot these will please you.

Cheapest lot in Inman Park if sold in next days. A bargain and on easy terms.

$2,000—6-r house on Alexander street.

Boulevard lot that is the best bargain offered. Shady and nice. Party anxious sell.

Jackson street—Lot cheapest on the street. increase rapidly in value.

$5,000—Beautiful central vacant lot unsurpassed and a bargain for improving or holding. enhance in value.

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**SCOTT & LIEBMAN**

No. 28 (Formerly 20) Peachtree S

RARE CHANCES.

The man who picks up the bargains in like this is the man who will double his money same by next year.

$2,300 buys excellent 5-room house, all outbuildings, fruits, etc.; lot 50x140, on Borne st.; third cash, balance 1 and 2 years.

$5,250 buys 8-room house, two 4-room and 2-room house, lot 55x195 on Plum, running through state street. Rented now at $43.50 per month. One-third cash, balance easy.

$2,500 buys 6-room house, lot 80x230, to alley, Kalb street, convenient to dummy line; half cash, balance $25 per month.

$1,350 buys 6-room house, lot 50x142, on Kelly very near dummy line.

$7,500 buys 11-room house, all modern improvements, lot 75x118, on Forrest avenue, very near electric line. One of the most complete homes in the city. One-third cash, balance easy.

$6,500 buys elegant 10-room house, lot 82x187, alley, on Cooper, very near Whitehall st. third cash, balance 1 and 2 years. Owner paid this for it two years ago, but is going to move away from city, and must sell. A bargain in this.

$2,650 buys 5-room house, lot 50x150, on Hood $1,000 cash, balance 1 and 2 years.

$3,000 buys 200x90, corner Boulevard and Fair st.

$3,000 buys an acre of ground fronting Marietta road and railroad, bargain; 12-room house, 120x71, corner Rhodes and Elliott sts. Alabama street, when opened, which is assured, will strike this property. This can be bought cheap. Go look at it. We have some gilt-edge property in Thomasville, Ga., the noted winter resort, which we will exchange on a fair basis for Atlanta or suburban property. See about this at once.

$1,550 buys new 4-room, corner lot on Simpson st., also, 4-room house for $1,450, easy terms.

J. C. HENDRIX. LAWRENCE HARRISON.

**J. C. HENDRIX & CO.**

Lovely home on Ponce de Leon avenue; large lot with nice grove.

Forest avenue lot very cheap.

80x208 Jackson street, near Forest avenue.

Shaded Peachtree lot, never will be cheaper.

Nice Shady lot between Peachtree and Cullen streets, on extension Piedmont avenue at $30 per foot.

We have the cheapest lot for sale on the Boulevard.

Nice home on Courtland avenue.

The finest lot on Rawson street.

Several 3-room houses, Fraser street, $1,350 each.

Large lot on Richardson street.

Good home on Windsor street; also one on Stonewall and Nelson streets.

Cheapest lot in Atlanta, corner Nelson and Elliott. If you wish to trade, call to see

**J. C. HENDRIX & CO**

**Real Estate Exchange,**

5 South Pryor Street Kimball House.

Sells avenue (West End) new 5-room house and lot, 56x235, near street car; price, $2,000. ¼ cash, balance easy terms.

Forest avenue, 7-room house, lot 64x125, $5,000. 25 acres near Peachtree road and Belt Line railway, streets on three sides, fine spring and good orchard, $450 per acre.

2 acres (West End) corner Holderness and Greenwich streets, close to street cars, which will be changed to electric shortly. Natural grove, with several fine building sites, $3,000.

3½ acres at old city limits, surrounded by streets, large frontage on Ashby and Greens Ferry avenue, $3,000.

Piedmont avenue, good shade, 50x197, $2,250.

Piedmont avenue, east front, 60x197, $2,700.

Farm, 600 acres in middle Georgia, only ½ mile from railway station and 55 miles from Atlanta. Eight-room frame house, etc. Fine grove, 75 acres rich bottom land, sulphur and iron springs; price $4,000. $1,500 cash, balance in four annual payments, with 8 per cent interest.

ATLANTA REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, 5 S. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

ROBERT MILLER, Manager.

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**WARE & OWENS.**

90x156, Highland avenue, splendid 9-r residence; water, gas, belgian blocks, etc. Call for price.
$5,600—Double store, corner lot, with long lease at $65 a month. Where can you beat this?
$500 cash and $25 per month for good 5-r h, East Atlanta; lot 80x220 to alley.
$150 cash and $15 per month will buy good 4-r h, near above, lot 56x115.
$3,500—6-r h, cozy and neat, on Irwin street; lot 50x200.
$2,650—East Cain street, 3 4-r houses, renting regularly for $30 per month.
Jackson st.; a beauty, 50x200, only $3,000.
5-r h, Gilmer st., lot 65x190, only $2,300.
Inman park, lovely corner, 100x190.
6-r h, Walnut st., 50x156, $1,800.
4-r h, Florence, near car line, 40x100, $900.
50x172, Linden ave., near Jackson; 50 per cent profit here, only $800.
W. Mitchell st. lots, $300 each on installments; new car line will soon run by these lots.
$2,000 W. Simpson st. 4-r h, gas, etc., 50x100.
$850 Walnut st. lot, 50x140.
5 acres in Bellwood, fronting Bellwood avenue; lies level and high; can sell Monday for $1,200 per acre. This property can be subdivided and sold for $2,500 per acre before Christmas. Come to see us if you want stuff cheap.

41 South Broad, corner Alabama sts.